

The EGI – a sustainable European grid infrastructure

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EU Ministers

 "The Council emphasises the essential role of e-infrastructures as an integrating mechanism between Member States, regions as well as different scientific disciplines, also contributing to overcoming digital divides."

Competitiveness Council, 29/30 May 2008, Brussels





A UK Vision ...

 for a universal e-Infrastructure for research⁽¹⁾

"An environment where research resources (H/W, S/W & content) can be readily shared and accessed wherever this is necessary to promote better and more effective research"

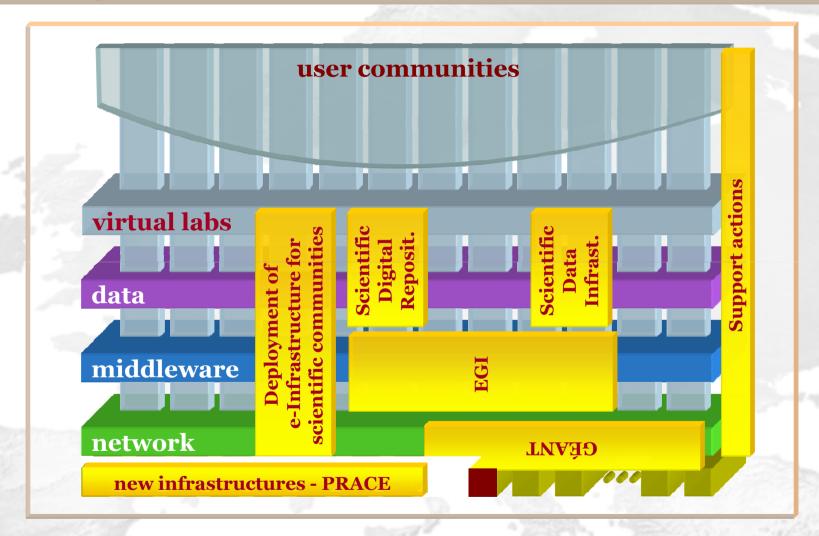
(1) Malcolm Read (Ed.) http://www.e-irg.org/meetings/2005- UK/A European vision for a Universal e-Infrastructure for Research.pdf



Business Case for EGI

- To enable the ICT of international research projects to interoperate
- Avoid each project or discipline establishing its own collaborative technologies
- Cost saving at national level, not at project or facility level
- Audience for argument National Funding Body, EiroForum lab. Council member

Integration of the e-Infrastructure





European Grid Initiative

Goal:

Long-term sustainability of grid infrastructures in Europe

Approach:

 Establishment of a new federated model bringing together National Grid Initiatives to build the EGI Organisation

EGI Organisation:

- Coordination and operation of a common multi-national, multi-disciplinary Grid infrastructure
 - To enable and support international Grid-based collaboration
 - To provide support to NGIs
 - To liaise with corresponding infrastructures outside Europe

EGI Objectives:

- Ensure the long-term sustainability of the European e-infrastructure
- Coordinate the integration and interaction between National Grid Infrastructures
- Operate the European level of the production Grid infrastructure for a wide range of scientific disciplines to link National Grid Infrastructures

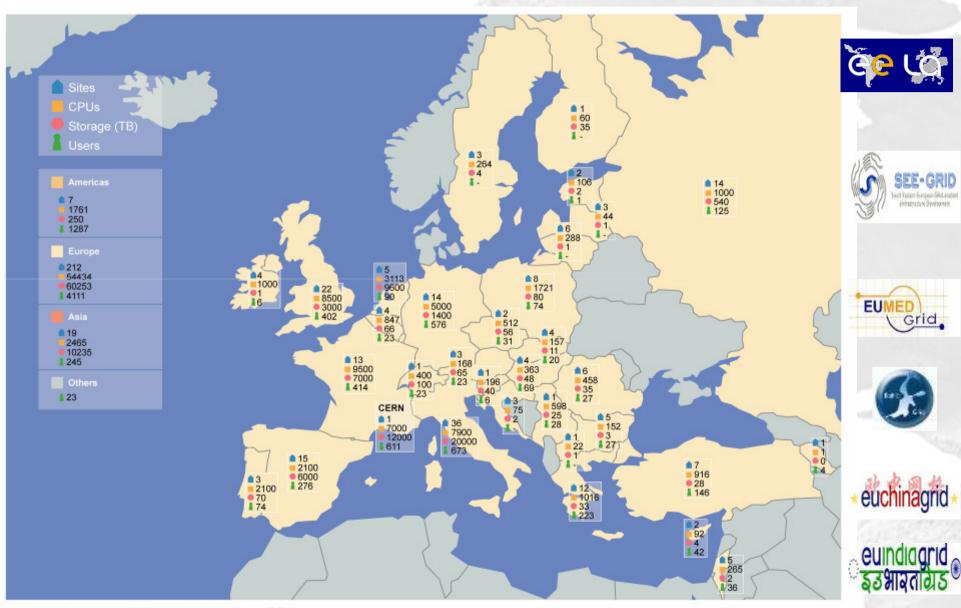
EGI Vision:

Researchers collaborating in international projects can interoperate resources:

- processing (capacity, HPC, commodity),
- data,
- facilities (EiroForum, ERF, ESFRI)



EGEE – existing collaboration

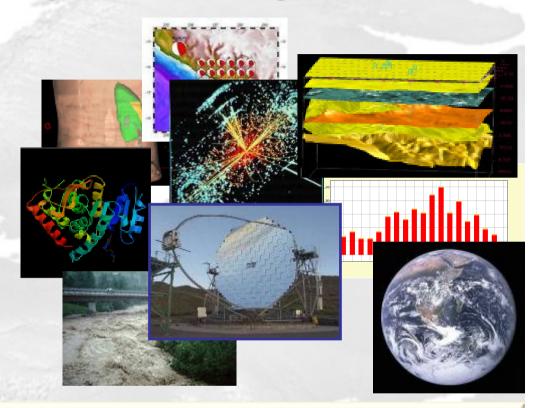


Jones – EGI Workshop - 30

EGEE-III - Wide range of disciplines egl



- >200 VOs from several scientific domains
 - Astronomy & Astrophysics
 - Civil Protection
 - Computational Chemistry
 - Comp. Fluid Dynamics
 - Computer Science/Tools
 - Condensed Matter Physics
 - Earth Sciences
 - Fusion
 - High Energy Physics
 - Life Sciences
- 40% non-HEP





Applications have moved from testing to routine and daily usage

~80-90% efficiency



Sustainable organisational scheme

- Central organisation EGI.org
- Co-ordinating NGI for international collaboration
- Different from EGEE
 - EGI.org will not collaborate with resource providers directly
 - No 2 year project funding cycle



Characteristics of NGIs

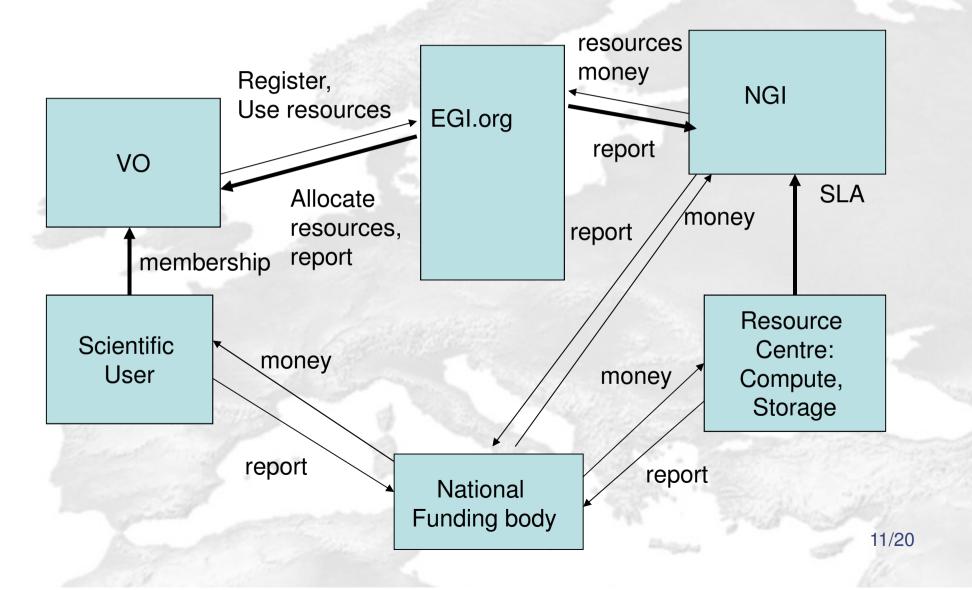
Each NGI

- ... should be a recognized national body with a single point-of-contact
- ... should mobilise national funding and resources
- ... should operate the national e-Infrastructure
- ... should supports user communities (application independent, and open to new user communities and resource providers)
- ... should contribute and adhere to international standards and policies

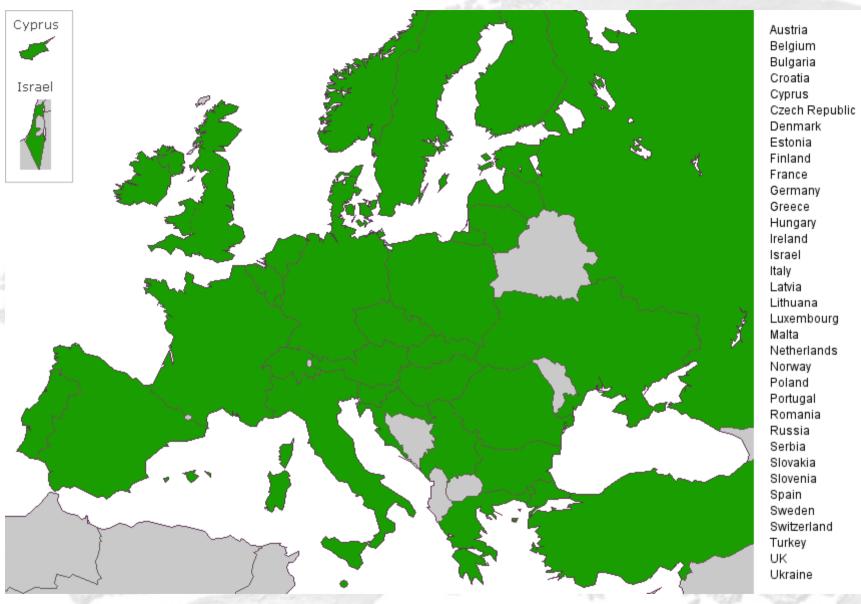
Responsibilities between NGIs and EGI are split to be federated and complementary



EGI Funding & Reporting Cycle



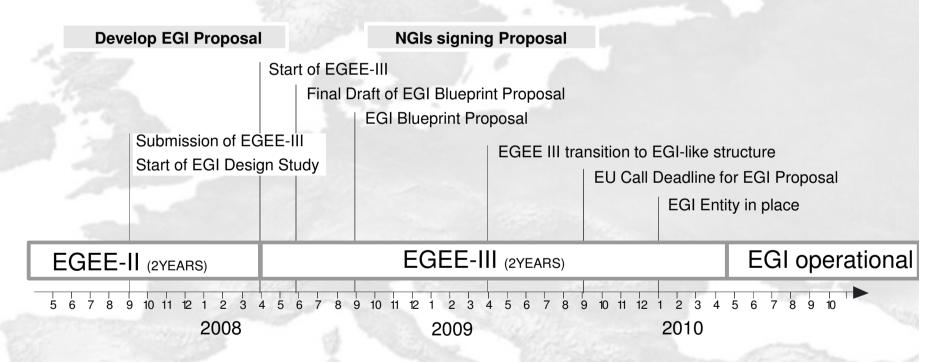






EGI_DS Schedule

27 months:



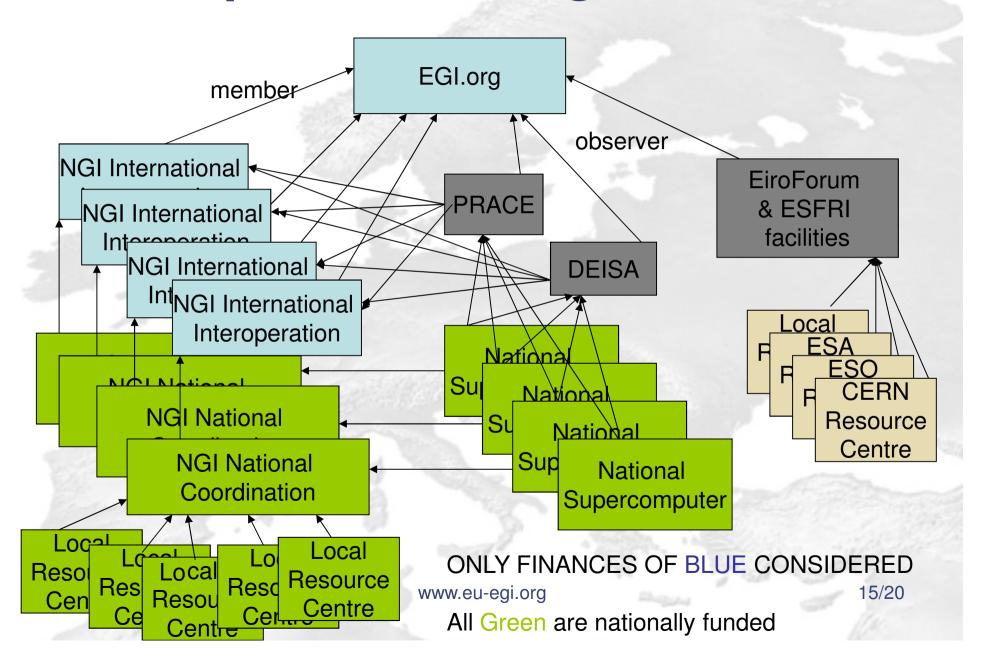




www.eu-egi.org contact@eu-egi.org

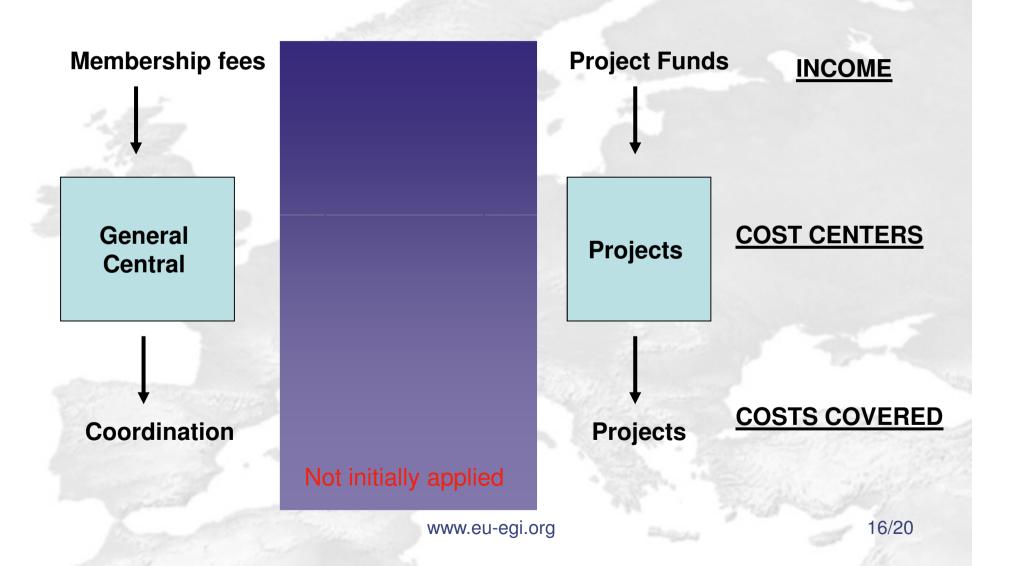


Proposed EGI Organisation





EGI Funding Model



Principles behind EGI resource management

- Encourage:
 - Small countries to join
 - New scientific disciplines to join
 - New users to join
 - New resource providers to join
- Charging reflects usage
- Minimise accounting and billing costs



EGI Resource Allocation

- Resource Centres provide resources to NGI
- NGI allocate resources to VO
- NGI inform EGI
- EGI monitor resource usage and report



Long Term Vision

- The EGI will be financially self sustaining for operations
- Innovation and NGI expansion will be funded by projects – EU and others



Main players in European HPC Ecosystem

- PRACE Petaflop computing centers
- EU-supported infrastructure projects, such as EGEE, DEISA, GEANT2 and OMII-Europe
- European Grid Initiative, EGI
- Policy groups, such as ESFRI and e-IRG
- Regional activities, such as NDGF
- National Infrastructures
- International centers, such as CERN, EBI and ECMWF
- Potential facilities on ESFRI Roadmap
- User communities with HPC requirements, such as fusion or climate