# Federated States of Micronesia <br> Education Sector 

# FSM NATIONAL JEMCO 20 EDUCATION INDICATORS REPORT 

July 2011


National Department of Education
P.O. Box PS 87

Palikir Station
Pohnpei, FM 96941
Phone: (691) 320-2609
Fax: (691) 320-5500
Email related to this report: mailto:bdanis@fsmed.fm

## FSM JEMCO Education Indicators

Indicators of Educational Progress (as revised in July, 2011)

```
Number of schools by grade level (i.e., elementary and secondary schools)
Number of schools by size (i.e., enrollment under 50, 51-100, 101-200, 201-300, 301-500, 501-1000, and over 1000)
Number of schools operating half-day sessions
Average teacher attendance rate by grade level (elementary and secondary)
Number & percent of staff by education level (i.e., high school diploma, AA/AS, BA/BS, etc.)
Number of teachers/staff by grade level
Student-to-teacher ratio (private and public)
Base populations by school age groups (i.e., total no. of 4-5 yr. olds, 6-13 yr. olds, 14-18, 19-22 yr olds)
Percent of base school-age population in school by age groups (% of 4-5 yr. olds, 6-13 yr. olds, 14-18 yr. olds actually enrolled)
Student enrollment by grade level and gender
Average daily student attendance rate by grade level and gender
Drop-out rate by grade level and gender (use beginning and ending enrollment)
Number and percent of students achieving "Proficiency" level & above, at selected grade levels for standardized tests (e.g., SAT ) or criterion-
referenced tests (e.g., locally developed tests)
Completion/graduation rate for 8 8}\mathrm{ th and 12 th grades (private and public)
Number and percent of grade completers going to high school and high school graduates going to higher education
Number of student textbooks by subject areas and grade level
Per pupil expenditure (annual or entire budget operating k-12 budget divided by enrolled student count)
Number of parent involvement activities per year by school and average number of parents participating
Student enrollment in local institutions of higher education (IHE)
Number of IHE graduates by each diploma/degree level
Scholarships
```

- Must be reported by July 31 each year


## A. Introduction

The National Department of Education continues to be hampered by several key factors which led to the delay in submitting its Annual JEMCO 20 Education Indicators Report for 2011, as required by the provisions of the Compact of Free Association, although significant parts are self-inflict attributes created by the department itself. This report covers usual and routine data on enrollment, attendance, test assessment and simple evolving trends in these areas. Obviously, this $6^{\text {th }}$ submission indicates areas still needing improvements and modification with our data collection efforts at all levels and improvements toward improving students' and teachers' performance.

Based on collected data thus far, all general indications especially in students' and teacher's performances are still far from the expectations, as stipulated on the 2006 National Curriculum Standards and Benchmarks, and notably the data on enrollments still shows yet a slight increase while the number of teachers continues to decline, but increase in meeting the minimum requirements on teachers' credentials.

With the current issues experienced during the SY 2010-2011 in the reporting processes, the NDOE is planning to increase on-site monitoring and evaluations of the reporting units or offices at the service delivery levels. In addition, the NDOE needs to explore other options of assessing both the students and teachers in the vastly spread school sites in the nation. NDOE is planning to continue to work cooperatively and collaborate with its neighboring allied agencies (ie: PREL, McREL, UOG and etc) to seek possible options in assessment.

During this year's reporting, the NDOE focused on the key areas that often hinder our efforts and the following areas were notably documented:

1. Reporting Issues

Data accuracy, consistency, credibility and timely submission still required critical improvements by the states' data specialists, including the leaderships and ways to improve communication means and transportation.
2. Different Data Management Application

The four (4) states' Departments of Education still showing difficulties in using the PEDMS and FSMEIMS data collection and conversion methods concurrently, despite some efforts and TA provided to their data specialists. Accordingly, the technological aspect in the data collection, requiring computer technology and application still pose as problematic area in the reporting systems. Although the IT Technician has returned from training at PREL after a year, his assistance and support to the Specialist on Data Management are greatly hampered by the changing of priority assignments, most of them not related directly to data collection, issued by the department's administration.
3. Consistency and timely submission of data

These recommendations were again made in last year's report as possible remedies to our setbacks in the reporting of the JEMCO 20 Indicators:
a. Incorporate grant conditions into the states' Education Sector grant which may lead to the withholding of state's sector grant allotment should the practices of late submission continues;
b. Replacement of data specialists at the states;
c. Take the issue up to the states higher up leadership; and,
d. Recommend to the Congress to mandate stricter sanctions for defiant state.
e. Other measures may be considered on a case to case basis.

JEMCO needs to grant the NDOE administration its full authority over all education sector grant and SEG in order to issue sanctions and penalties wherever needed when required reports are late in submissions.
4. Accuracy and cleanliness of data

The NDOE means of ensuring the accuracies and cleanliness of data still needs more improvements
5. Training for Data Managers

NDOE requires to conduct need assessment of all the data specialists in order to determine the exact types and modes of training needed to improve the data collection system in the nation.

## B. Executive Summary

The overall performance and preparation on this year's Annual Education 20 Indicators Report clearly indicate a slight decline in the quality, volume and timeliness of the states' submissions toward the said report, thus hindering the nation's submission to the Office of Insular Affairs. Based on the states' report, there is a slight increase in student enrollment this school year compared with last year's data, although the credibility of such increase in the states' reports may still required further verifications to authenticate such reports. There is however a slowly and steady decline of the numbers or population of the teaching workforce.

Accordingly, there is fairly significant data on testing results, however based on what has been submitted, students and teachers performance skills in the content areas have not improved. The two (2) Micronesia Teachers Education Conferences (MTEC) in 2011 have addressed the critical content areas to improve both the teachers and students performance skills, however, according to reports of both MTEC, the outcomes of attendants were not adequate to address the needs. This 2011 JEMCO 20 Education Indicators has been revised to reflect Indicator \#21, as provided by the postsecondary education and scholarship unit within the department. This is a new segment of this report that focuses on postsecondary education and especially the financial investment in the scholarships.

1. Number of School by elementary and secondary level, including ECE/SPED centers

| State | ECE | Elementary Secondary | Other | Total No. of Schools |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chuuk | 48 | 84 | 21 |  | 153 |
| Kosrae | 1 | 7 | 1 |  | 9 |
| Pohnpei |  | 31 | 3 |  | 34 |
| Yap | 26 | 29 | 3 | 2 | 60 |
| FSM | 75 | 151 | 28 | 2 | $\mathbf{2 5 6}$ |
| Percentage | $\mathbf{2 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{5 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of schools by state continues to remain the same number.
2. Number of schools by size

| State | Up to 50 | $\mathbf{5 1 - 1 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 1 - 2 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 - 3 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 1 - 5 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 1 - 1 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 1 +}$ | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chuuk | 58 | 46 | 34 | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 | $\mathbf{1 5 2}$ |
| Kosrae | 1 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 9 |
| Pohnpei | 3 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 1 | 34 |
| Yap | 41 | 6 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 56 |
| FSM | 103 | 60 | 50 | 16 | 14 | 7 | 1 | $\mathbf{2 5 1}$ |
| Percentage | $\mathbf{4 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 4 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 \%}$ | $\mathbf{3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Note: Chuuk has a total of 153 schools but no enrollment data received for 1 school which is not included in the above table.
: Yap has a total of 60 schools but no enrollment data for 4 schools.
3. Number of schools operating half day/double session by elementary and secondary not applicable

|  | Elementary |  |  | Secondary |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Male | Female | Rate | Male | Female | Rate |
| Chuuk | 86\% |  | 86\% | 89\% |  | 87\% |
| Kosrae | n/a |  |  | 98\% |  | 98\% |
| Pohnpei | 98\% | 98\% | 98\% | 82\% | 86\% | 84\% |
| Yap | n/a |  |  |  |  |  |
| FSM | 85\% |  |  | 90\% |  |  |

5. Number and percentage of Teacher by education level

|  | No Degree |  | AA/AS |  | BA/BS |  | MA/MS |  | Phd |  | Total |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |  |
| Chuuk | 118 | 95 | 171 | 203 | 27 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 316 | 321 | 637 |
| Kosrae | 5 | 1 | 71 | 62 | 12 | 12 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 88 | 77 | *165 |
| Pohnpei | 6 | 19 | 201 | 191 | 71 | 35 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 278 | 246 | 524 |
| Yap | 65 | 61 | 89 | 62 | 15 | 9 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 170 | 132 | 302 |
| FSM | 194 | 176 | 532 | 518 | 125 | 79 | 1 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 852 | 776 | 1628 |
| Percentage | 22.73\% |  | 64.50\% |  | 12.53\% |  | 0.25\% |  | 0.00\% |  |  |  | 100\% |

${ }^{*}$ no data for education credential available for 21 teaching staff in Kosrae which would make it 186 total teachers in Kosrae and nation-wide would be 1649 teaching staff.

In 2009, Chuuk reported a total of 901 teachers and in 2010, they reported 808 teachers. This year their data shows a $29 \%$ decrease in the number of teachers compared to 2009.

6. Number of Teacher and staff by elementary and secondary level

|  | Elementary |  | Secondary |  | Total |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Teacher | Staff | Teacher | Staff | Teacher | Staff |
| Chuuk | 486 | 6 | 151 | 156 | 637 | 162 |
| Kosrae | 143 | 6 | 43 | 3 | 186 | 9 |
| Pohnpei | 403 | 51 | 121 | 61 | 524 | 112 |
| Yap | 243 | 81 | 59 | 27 | 302 | 108 |
| FSM | 1275 | 144 | 374 | 247 | 1649 | 391 |

In indicator 5, 21 teachers are not included due to missing educational credential data so in this table the 21 teachers are included which makes it 187 teaching staff
7. Student to Teacher ratio by elementary and secondary level

|  | Elementary Students |  | Elementary Teachers |  | Elementary Ratio |  | Secondary Students |  | Secondary Teachers |  | Secondary Ratio |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Private | Public | Private | Public | Private | Public | Private | Public | Private | Public | Private | Public |
| Chuuk | 785 | 10504 | n/a | 486 | n/a | 22 | 758 | 2348 | n/a | 151 | n/a | 16 |
| Kosrae | 54 | 1481 | n/a | 144 | n/a | 10 | n/a | 629 | n/a | 43 | n/a | 15 |
| Pohnnei | n/a | 7966 | n/a | 403 | n/a | 20 | n/a | 2633 | n/a | 121 | n/a | 22 |
| Yap | n/a | 2135 | n/a | 243 | n/a | 9 | n/a | 939 | n/a | 59 | n/a | 16 |
| FSM | 839 | 22086 | 0 | 1276 |  |  | 758 | 6549 | 0 | 374 |  | 18 |

Pohnpei and Yap did not submit any data on private schools except for Chuuk and Kosrae.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | 4-5 | 6-13 | 14-18 | Total |
| Chuuk |  |  |  |  |
| *Census | 2,357 | 9,507 | 6,004 | 17,868 |
| Actual | 763 | 8970 | 4212 | 13945 |
| Kosrae |  |  |  |  |
| *Census | 307 | 1,294 | 798 | 2399 |
| Actual | 57 | 1159 | 706 | 1922 |
| Pohnpei |  |  |  |  |
| *Census | 1,748 | 6,852 | 4,322 | 12,922 |
| Actual | 609 | 7357 | 2633 | 10599 |
| Yap |  |  |  |  |
| *Census | 449 | 2,036 | 1,241 | 3726 |
| Actual | 267 | 1374 | 735 | 2376 |
|  | 0.594655 | 0.674853 | 0.592264 | 0.637681 |

*Source: 2010 Census, preliminary results
Chuuk: Total enrollment for Chuuk is 14395 and only 13945 students fall within the age criteria range
Kosrae: Total enrollment for Kosrae is 2224 and only 1922 student fall within the age criteria range
Yap: Total enrollment for Yap is 3074 and only 2376 students fall within the age criteria range

## 9. Percent of base school-age population enrolled in school

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | $4-5$ | $6-13$ | $14-18$ | Total |
| Chuuk | $32.37 \%$ | $94.35 \%$ | $70.15 \%$ | $78.04 \%$ |
| Kosrae | $18.57 \%$ | $89.57 \%$ | $88.47 \%$ | $80.12 \%$ |
| Pohnpei | $34.84 \%$ | $107.37 \%$ | $60.92 \%$ | $82.02 \%$ |
| Yap | $59.47 \%$ | $67.49 \%$ | $59.23 \%$ | $63.77 \%$ |
| FSM | $\mathbf{3 4 . 8 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{9 5 . 7 9 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 7 . 0 1 \%}$ | $\mathbf{7 8 . 1 3 \%}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Above table shows that around $78 \%$ of base population enrolled in school. About $4.79 \%$ or 1450 of students enrolled are not accounted for in the above table due to missing data on DOB and also students with age above 18.
10. Student enrollment by elementary and secondary level and gender

|  | Elementary |  | Secondary |  | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Male | Female | Male | Female |  |
| Chuuk | 5759 | 5530 | 1506 | 1600 | 14395 |
| Kosrae | 768 | 761 | 374 | 299 | 2202 |
| Pohnpei | 4096 | 3870 | 1259 | 1374 | 10599 |
| Yap | 1124 | 1011 | 506 | 433 | 3074 |
| FSM | $\mathbf{1 1 7 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 1 7 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 6 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 7 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{3 0 2 7 0}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

Total enrollment for Kosrae is 2224 students but 22 students are enrolled SpEd program and are not classified by grade level. With the $\mathbf{2 2}$ counted in this table, nation-wide enrollment would be 30292.

|  | Elementary |  |  | Secondary |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State | Male | Female | ERate | Male | Female | ERate |
| Chuuk |  | 93\% |  |  | 96\% |  |
| Kosrae |  | n/a |  | 98\% | 98\% | 98\% |
| Pohnpei | 94\% | 95\% | 95\% | 96\% | 96\% | 96\% |
| Yap | 99\% | 99\% | 99\% | 97\% | 98\% | 98\% |
| FSM |  |  | 96\% |  |  | 97\% |

Note: Data for Chuuk is calculated based on only 80 schools or 9032 students in elementary. Data for other schools were not complete prior to submission of report. For Secondary in Chuuk only14 schools or 2204 students data on attendance was use to calculate their average daily attentance rate
12. Drop-Out rate by grade level and gender

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FSM | Drop-Out |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grade Level | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |  |  |
| ECE | 22 | 19 | 1239 | 1194 | $1.78 \%$ | $1.59 \%$ | $1.69 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 1364 | 1297 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 1 | 0 | 1321 | 1258 | $0.08 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 0 | 0 | 1321 | 1171 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 1 | 0 | 1333 | 1262 | $0.08 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 4 | 0 | 1449 | 1303 | $0.28 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.15 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 0 | 0 | 129 | 1223 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 1 | 0 | 1291 | 1312 | $0.08 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.04 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 0 | 0 | 1135 | 1152 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 13 | 11 | 1112 | 1048 | $1.17 \%$ | $1.05 \%$ | $1.11 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 20 | 16 | 1029 | 962 | $1.94 \%$ | $1.66 \%$ | $1.81 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 11 | 16 | 766 | 916 | $1.44 \%$ | $1.75 \%$ | $1.61 \%$ |  |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 11 | $\mathbf{7}$ | 738 | 780 | $1.49 \%$ | $0.90 \%$ | $1.19 \%$ |  |

Note: 22 students are not included under enrollment due to incomplete data on grade level.
Indicator 12 and other indicators clearly shows some of the set-backs in meeting reporting deadline due to inconsistency and untimely reporting from state counterparts to the National Department of Education.

| Chuuk <br> Grade Level | Drop-Out |  | Enrollment |  | Rate |  | te |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Verall Rate |
| ECE |  |  | 625 | 621 |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  | 681 | 670 |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  | 640 | 573 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  | 645 | 597 |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  | 660 | 642 |  |  |  |
| 5 | 3 |  | 698 | 627 | 0.43\% |  | 0.23\% |
| 6 |  |  | 615 | 564 |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  | 625 | 648 |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  | 570 | 588 |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  | 469 | 433 |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  | 407 | 442 |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  | 333 | 402 |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  | 297 | 323 |  |  |  |
|  | 3 |  | 7265 | 7130 | 0.04\% |  | 0.02\% |

Chuuk did not submit a complete data on Drop-out this year except for the 3 male indicated above which is clearly not a accurate figure.

| Kosrae | Drop-Out |  | Enrollment |  | Rate |  | verall Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade Level | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Overall Rate |
| ECE |  |  | 89 | 89 |  |  |  |
| 1 |  |  | 85 | 81 |  |  |  |
| 2 |  |  | 94 | 83 |  |  |  |
| 3 |  |  | 99 | 72 |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  | 78 | 86 |  |  |  |
| 5 |  |  | 98 | 103 |  |  |  |
| 6 |  |  | 75 | 85 |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  | 81 | 92 |  |  |  |
| 8 |  |  | 69 | 70 |  |  |  |
| 9 |  |  | 75 | 76 |  |  |  |
| 10 |  |  | 174 | 87 |  |  |  |
| 11 |  |  | 74 | 82 |  |  |  |
| 12 |  |  | 51 | 54 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1142 | 1060 |  |  |  |

Note: 22 under the SpEd program was not classified by grade level but by age so it was not included in the above table. Total enrollment for Kosrae is 2224 students.

Kosrae also did not submit any data on drop-out and only enrollment data can be accounted for in the above table.

| Pohnpei | Drop-Out |  | Enrollment |  | Rate |  | Overall Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade Level | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |  |
| ECE | 0 | 0 | 323 | 286 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 480 | 448 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 0 | 0 | 478 | 487 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 0 | 0 | 467 | 398 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 0 | 0 | 495 | 440 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 0 | 0 | 540 | 466 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 0 | 0 | 475 | 479 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 0 | 0 | 459 | 458 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 0 | 0 | 379 | 408 | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ | $0.00 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 8 | 419 | 413 | $2.15 \%$ | $1.94 \%$ | $2.04 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 18 | 14 | 315 | 336 | $5.71 \%$ | $4.17 \%$ | $4.92 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 1}$ | 10 | 15 | 262 | 323 | $3.82 \%$ | $4.64 \%$ | $4.27 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 10 | 6 | 263 | 302 | $3.80 \%$ | $1.99 \%$ | $2.83 \%$ |

Pohnpei is the only state that submit a complete data for this indicator this year

| Yap | Drop-Out |  | Enrollment |  | Rate |  | Overall Rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grade Level | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |  |
| ECE | 22 | 19 | 202 | 198 | 10.89\% | 9.60\% | 10.25\% |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 118 | 98 | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| 2 | 1 | 0 | 109 | 115 | 0.92\% | 0.00\% | 0.45\% |
| 3 | 0 | 0 | 110 | 104 | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| 4 | 1 | 0 | 100 | 94 | 1.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.52\% |
| 5 | 1 | 0 | 113 | 107 | 0.88\% | 0.00\% | 0.45\% |
| 6 | 0 | 0 | 129 | 95 | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| 7 | 1 | 0 | 126 | 114 | 0.79\% | 0.00\% | 0.42\% |
| 8 | 0 | 0 | 117 | 86 | 0.00\% | 0.00\% | 0.00\% |
| 9 | 4 | 3 | 149 | 126 | 2.68\% | 2.38\% | 2.55\% |
| 10 | 2 | 2 | 133 | 97 | 1.50\% | 2.06\% | 1.74\% |
| 11 | 1 | 1 | 97 | 109 | 1.03\% | 0.92\% | 0.97\% |
| 12 | 1 | 1 | 127 | 101 | 0.79\% | 0.99\% | 0.88\% |
|  | 34 | 26 | 1630 | 1444 | 2.09\% | 1.80\% | 1.95\% |

Note: no clarification received from Yap on the 41 drop-outs from ECE prior to submission of report

[^0]
# National Minimum Competency Test 2011 

## JEMCO Report

Mathematics $4^{\text {th }}$ : National
Generally, percent scores by benchmarks are determined by the total number of responses for each benchmark divided by the total number of responses for the whole assessment. In almost all tables throughout the report, a similar picture is revealed due to low performance for all grades in all two subjects tested across the nation. Normally, majority of responses fall in below grade performance expectation, while a small number fall at and above grade level performance expectation.



|  | 185 | 411 | 406 | 30 | 50 | 796 | 483 | 351 | 706 | 74 | 515 | 499 | 654 | 655 | 778 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 332 | 40 | 366 | 344 | 288 | 17 | 335 | 366 | 234 | 224 | 313 | 27 | 258 | 266 |  |
|  | 40 | 160 | 217 | 231 | 198 | 4 | 167 | 288 | 79 | 52 | 156 | 178 | 102 | 80 |  |
|  | 114 | 42 | 44 | 88 | 37 | 16 | 48 | 88 | 14 | 10 | 19 | 59 | 19 | 32 |  |
|  | 1033 | 103 | 1033 |  |  | 133 |  |  |  |  |  | 103 |  |  |  |

The table above shows how each benchmark performance by percent with total number of responses for each indicator. Clearly, the common denominator is 14462 , the total number of responses for all benchmarks measured for $4^{\text {th }}$ grade, nationally. Percent by benchmarks are determined by total responses for each performance level divided by total responses, which shown in the graph below for $4^{\text {th }}$ grade students in mathematics across the nation. For instance, as a nation, a total of 7278 responses fall in well below competency performance level, over 14462 total responses for the test, equals to $50 \%$ falls in the well below competency of benchmarks performance.


Nationally, a total of 14,910 responses for the $6^{\text {th }}$ grade mathematics, with only 744 total responses fall in the competence level, which equals to $5 \%$ of the benchmark performance in the Whole Assessment, as shown in the graph below. Clearly, a general evaluation can be made by looking at the number of responses for each benchmark used in the similar tables throughout the report as given above.


Mathematics 8th: National
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

| Well Below | 222 | 336 | 494 | 428 | 381 | 173 | 588 | 511 | 628 | 468 | 403 | 703 | 341 | 313 | 431 | 420 | 428 | 570 | 7838 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below Mini | 240 | 290 | 318 | 312 | 372 | 458 | 224 | 246 | 191 | 283 | 353 | 181 | 299 | 307 | 279 | 278 | 317 | 230 | 5178 |
| Minimum ( | 333 | 222 | 119 | 183 | 157 | 277 | 106 | 160 | 105 | 162 | 169 | 57 | 240 | 264 | 174 | 208 | 172 | 104 | 3212 |
| Competent | 149 | 96 | 13 | 21 | 34 | 36 | 26 | 27 | 20 | 31 | 19 | 3 | 64 | 60 | 60 | 38 | 27 | 40 | 764 |
| Total | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 944 | 16992 |

Nationally, out of the total of 16992 shown in the table above for $8^{\text {th }}$ grade mathematics, 7838 responses fall in well below expectation, 5178 approaching/below, 3212 minimum competency, and 768 competencies, which equals to the general benchmark performance shown in the graph below, which equals to $4 \%$ competency level of benchmark performance, $19 \%$ minimum competency, and the rest fall below grade level.

Federated States of Micronesia NST Minimum Competency Math Grade 8 All Students: All Schools, All Islands


Mathematics $10^{\text {th }}$ : National
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators
M.10.1.1.1 M.10.1.2.1 M.10.1.3.1 M.10.1.4.1 M.10.2.1.1 M.10.2.2.1 M.10.2.3.1 M.10.2.4.1 M.10.3.1.1 M.10.3.2.1 M.10.3.3.1 M.10.3.4.1 M.10.3.5.1 M.10.4.1.1 M.10.4.2.1 M.10.4.3.1 M.10.4.4.1 Total

| Well Below | 50 | 95 | 54 | 97 | 133 | 188 | 224 | 135 | 155 | 77 | 222 | 157 | 274 | 169 | 228 | 258 | 182 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2698 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Below Mini | 71 | 82 | 87 | 124 | 113 | 124 | 100 | 115 | 125 | 84 | 113 | 133 | 84 | 123 | 107 | 91 | 133 |
| Minimum ( | 242 | 119 | 126 | 138 | 97 | 66 | 42 | 77 | 76 | 138 | 44 | 76 | 18 | 76 | 38 | 27 | 55 |
| 1455 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Competent | 16 | 83 | 112 | 20 | 36 | 1 | 13 | 52 | 23 | 80 | 0 | 13 | 3 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 9 |
| Total | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 |
| To4 | 6443 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Nationally, there are 6443 total responses for the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade mathematics, and out of the total responses, the least number falls in the competency level, with 0 responses for benchmark 10.3.3.1 as shown in the table above. Clearly, majority of the responses fall in the well below competency performance level. A total of 481 responses over 6443 equals to $7 \%$ of benchmark scores, as shown in the graph below.


Reading $6^{\text {th }}$ : National

Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | R.6.2.1.1 | R.6.6.1.2 | R.6.6.1.3 | R.6.2.2.0 | R.6.6.3.0 | R.6.2.4.0 | R.6.2.5.1 | R.6.6.5.2 | R.6.6.1.0 | R.6.6.2.0. | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 711 | 1185 | 852 | 806 | 849 | 676 | 583 | 810 | 981 | 780 | 8233 |
| Below Mini | 488 | 306 | 440 | 447 | 535 | 377 | 443 | 399 | 412 | 465 | 4312 |
| Minimum ( | 312 | 171 | 269 | 293 | 280 | 384 | 587 | 286 | 273 | 302 | 3157 |
| Competent | 243 | 92 | 193 | 208 | 90 | 317 | 141 | 259 | 88 | 207 | 1838 |
| Total | 1754 | 1754 | 1754 | 1754 | 1754 | 1754 | 1754 | 1754 | 1754 | 1754 | 17540 |

Nationally, $6^{\text {th }}$ grade reading, there are 17,540 total responses, with majority fall in the well below performance level with 8233 total responses, which equals to $47 \%$ of benchmarks performance as the shown graph below. Out of the 17,540 reponses, 4312 falls in the approaching competency performance level, which equals to $18 \%$ of benchmark performance across the nation.


Reading $8^{\text {th }}$ : National
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | R.8.2.1.0 | R.8.8.2.0 | R.8.2.2.2 | R.8.8.3.3 | R.8.8.4.1.0 | R.8.4.2.0 | R.8.4.2.2 | R.8.4.3.0 | R.8.8.3.3.2 | R.8.4.5.0 | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 619 | 547 | 585 | 773 | 906 | 717 | 414 | 695 | 664 | 749 | 6669 |
| Below Mini | 506 | 445 | 399 | 416 | 375 | 446 | 307 | 460 | 423 | 446 | 4223 |
| Minimum ( | 329 | 446 | 384 | 298 | 217 | 316 | 582 | 328 | 310 | 297 | 3507 |
| Competent | 152 | 168 | 238 | 119 | 108 | 127 | 303 | 123 | 209 | 114 | 1661 |
| Total | 1606 | 1606 | 1606 | 1606 | 1606 | 1606 | 1606 | 1606 | 1606 | 1606 | 16060 |

Nationally, $8^{\text {th }}$ graders are performing below expectation in reading with very small number of responses fall in the competency level. Out of 16,060 total responses, only 1661 responses fall in the competence performance level which equals to $10 \%$ of benchmark performance. There are 4223 responses for the approaching competency performance level which equals to $26 \%$ of benchmark performance as shown in the graph below.


Reading $10^{\text {th }}$ : National
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

| Well Belon | 204 | 312 | 361 | 363 | 437 | 253 | 380 | 410 | 370 | 399 | 3489 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below Min | 270 | 338 | 222 | 229 | 188 | 377 | 192 | 412 | 263 | 247 | 2738 |
| Minimum ( | 240 | 163 | 158 | 217 | 156 | 177 | 187 | 31 | 171 | 132 | 1632 |
| Competent | 140 | 41 | 113 | 45 | 73 | 47 | 95 | 1 | 50 | 76 | 681 |
| Total | 854 | 854 | 854 | 854 | 854 | 854 | 854 | 854 | 854 | 854 | 8540 |

Nationally, $10^{\text {th }}$ graders are performing below grade level performance expectation. Generally, 8540 is the total responses with the 10 benchmarks measured. Out of the total of 8540 responses, only 681 fall in the competence performance level, which equals to $8 \%$ of benchmark performance for the test as whole.

## Federated States of Micronesia NST Minumum Competency Reading Grade 10 All Students: All Schools, All Islands





By assessing the national standing, a similar interpretation can be made to the available data supplied for by state performance, as shown for Pohnpei State in the table above. An interpretatin can be drawn toward especially the competency level confirming that a very low number of responses fall in the competence level, which in turn creates a very low benchmark performamnce as shown in the graph below with only $10 \%$ of their benchmark scores fall in the competence level, while majority falls below grade level.


There a drop for Pohnpei $6^{\text {th }}$ graders performance in reading from 2010 with $33 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level expectation to $28 \%$ in 2011.

| Reading $8^{\text {th }}$ : Pohnpei |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| R.8.2.1.0 |  | R.8.2.2.0 | R.8.2.2.2 | R.8.2.3.0 | R.8.4.1.0 | R.8.4.2.0 | R.8.4.2.2 | R.8.4.3.0 | R.8.4.3.2 | R.8.4.5.0 | Total |
| Well Below | 243 | 130 | 163 | 263 | 342 | 217 | 84 | 268 | 202 | 317 | 2229 |
| Below Min | 204 | 195 | 189 | 173 | 143 | 181 | 120 | 209 | 181 | 168 | 1763 |
| Minimum ( | 130 | 229 | 200 | 141 | 92 | 192 | 306 | 144 | 151 | 101 | 3992 |
| Competent | 61 | 84 | 86 | 61 | 61 | 48 | 128 | 17 | 104 | 52 | 702 |
| Total | 638 | 638 | 638 | 638 | 638 | 638 | 638 | 638 | 638 | 638 | 6380 |

Out of the total population of Pohnpei $8^{\text {th }}$ graders who took the reading test in 2011, 6380 responses were given to the $8^{\text {th }}$ grade reading test and only 702 responses fall in the competence level, with 3992 fall in the minimum competency level, while the rest of the responses fall below grade level performance expectation which equals to $11 \%$ of benchmarks performance level fall in the competence level and $26 \%$ in the minimum competency, while the rest of the percents fall below grade level performance expectation, as shown in the graph below.


Pohnpei $8^{\text {th }}$ graders perform least, as compared to 2010 performance for the same grade, with $37 \%$ of their scores fall within competency and minimum competency combined as compared to $41 \%$ for 2010.

Reading $10^{\text {th }}$ : Pohnpei
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators R.10.2.1.1 R.10.2.1.2 R.10.2.10.1R.10.2.2.1 R.10.2.4.1 R.10.2.4.2 R.10.2.5.1 R.10.2.5.2 R.10.2.6.1 R.10.2.6.2 Total

| Well Below | 27 | 36 | 26 | 19 | 31 | 21 | 9 | 45 | 33 | 48 | 295 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Below Mini | 26 | 46 | 31 | 37 | 31 | 44 | 32 | 62 | 40 | 26 | 375 |
| Minimum ( | 39 | 23 | 32 | 47 | 35 | 34 | 41 | 3 | 31 | 21 | 306 |
| Competent | 18 | 5 | 21 | 7 | 13 | 11 | 28 | 0 | 6 | 15 | 124 |
| Total | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 1100 |

A similar picture is shown in the table above for the Pohnpei $10^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading, with majority of the responses fall in the well below performance level and approaching minimum/below minimum competency level. Out of the total of 1100 responses for the $10^{\text {th }}$ grade reading test of Pohnpei students, only 124 responses fall in the competency level, which equals to $11 \%$ of benchmark scores.


Pohnpei $10^{\text {th }}$ graders performance on the reading test dropped with $8 \%$ from $47 \%$ in 2010 to $39 \%$ in 2011. Alarmingly, almost in all grades tested in reading for Pohnpei state, there is a slight decreased by a margin.

| Pohnpei | Math |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4th Grade | 6th Grade | 8th Grade | 10th Grade |
| Competency | $4 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $6 \%$ |
| Minumm Competency | $14 \%$ | $13 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $22 \%$ |
| Approaching | $28 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $29 \%$ |
| Well below competency | $54 \%$ | $54 \%$ | $48 \%$ | $43 \%$ |

Mathematics $4^{\text {th }}$ : Pohnpei
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | M.4.1.1.1 | M.4.1.2.1 | M.4.4.3.1 M.4.4.4.1 | M.4.1.5.1 | M.4.4.1.6.1 M.4.2.1.1 | M.4.2.2.1 | M.4.2.3.1 | M.4.4.4.1 | M.4.4.5.1 | M.4.3.1.1 | M.4.4.4.1.1 M.4.4.2.1 | Total |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 156 | 325 | 299 | 294 | 355 | 552 | 373 | 272 | 481 | 500 | 383 | 360 | 460 | 435 | 5245 |
| Below Min | 218 | 243 | 244 | 225 | 198 | 113 | 224 | 192 | 156 | 146 | 209 | 182 | 165 | 182 | 2697 |
| Minimum ( | 246 | 94 | 125 | 137 | 118 | 22 | 82 | 159 | 49 | 38 | 86 | 115 | 54 | 55 | 1380 |
| Competent | 71 | 29 | 23 | 35 | 20 | 4 | 12 | 68 | 5 | 7 | 13 | 34 | 12 | 19 | 352 |
| Total | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 691 | 9674 |

Although 2011 is its first administration, the mathematics test reveals a similar picture as compare to the reading, with majority of responses fall below grade level performance. For instance, Out of the total of 9674 responses for the Pohnpei $4^{\text {th }}$ graders in mathematics, only 352 responses fall in the competent level, which equals to $4 \%$ benchmarks scores and $1380=14 \%$ benchmarks scores as shown in the minimum competency performance level, while the rest fall below grade level, which evidently shown in the graph below.


Mathmatics $6^{\text {th }}$ : Pohnpei
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators
M.6.1.1.1 M.6.1.2.1 M.6.1.3.1 M.6.1.4.1 M.6.2.1.1 M.6.2.2.1 M.6.2.3.1 M.6.2.4.1 M.6.3.1.1 M.6.3.2.2.1 M.6.3.3.1 M.6.3.4.1 M.6.4.1.1 M.6.4.2.1 M.6.4.3.1 Total

| Well Below | 252 | 173 | 289 | 500 | 363 | 403 | 267 | 399 | 408 | 337 | 440 | 341 | 457 | 353 | 420 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 5402 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Below Min | 246 | 277 | 217 | 127 | 203 | 176 | 245 | 166 | 179 | 199 | 161 | 172 | 155 | 201 | 175 |
| Minimum ( | 135 | 177 | 119 | 28 | 83 | 74 | 118 | 79 | 63 | 113 | 56 | 99 | 42 | 92 | 57 |
| Competent | 28 | 34 | 36 | 6 | 12 | 8 | 31 | 17 | 11 | 12 | 4 | 49 | 7 | 15 | 9 |
| Total | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 | 661 |

Pohnpei $6^{\text {th }}$ graders show a poor performance in the mathmatics test with only 297 responses fall in the competence performance level out of the total of 9915 responses for the $6^{\text {th }}$ grade mathmatics test. A similar depiction is revealed as compared to the other previuos tables with low benchmark performance of only $3 \%$ of benchmark scores fall in the competence level and $13 \%$ in minimum competency.


Graph for $6^{\text {th }}$ grade mathematics for Pohnpei State continue to show poor performance with only $16 \%$ of their scores fall within competency and minimum competency combined; leaving majority falls below grade level.

Mathematics $8^{\text {th }}$ : Pohnpei
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators


| Welleoun | 139 | 198 | 338 | 295 | 258 | 126 | 393 | 355 | 44 | 303 | 280 | 49 | 241 | 234 | 271 | 302 | 316 | 385 | 5357 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beow M Min | 159 | 184 | 20. | 194 | 240 | 298 | 137 | 162 | 104 | 182 | 27 | 117 | 191 | 216 | 178 | 183 | 192 | 1.48 | 3309 |
| Ninmm( | 216 | 161 | 68 | 112 | 99 | 167 | 12 | 89 | 55 | 108 | 100 | 17 | 146 | 131 | 121 | 109 | 91 | 67 | 199 |
| Competerf | 100 | 71 | 6 | 13 | 17 | 13 | 12 | 8 | 11 | 2. | 1 | 1 | 36 | 33 | 4 | 20 | 15 | 19 | 457 |
| Total | 614 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 614 | 614 | 614 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 614 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 614 | 6.4 | 614 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 614 | 6.4 | 1.152 |

Pohnpei $8^{\text {th }}$ graders perform poorly in the $8^{\text {th }}$ grade mathmatics test with only 457 responses out of the total of 11,052 responses fall in the competency performance level and 1927 responses fall in the minimum competency level, which equals to $4 \%$ and $17 \%$ benchmark scores, respectively.
Generally, very liitle difference can be identified through the whole report, with a common understanding that majority of responses fall below grade level performance expectation, therefore creating a very low benchmark performances, as shown on all graphs throughout the report.


Although $8^{\text {th }}$ graders for Pohnpei State perform better than $6^{\text {th }}$ graders in mathematics, a percent of scores fall within competency and minimum competency is below $50 \%$, with majority of their scores fall within below competency.

Mathematics $10^{\text {th }}$ : Pohnpei
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators
M.10.1.1.1 M.10.12.11 M.10.1.3.1 M.10.1.4.1 M.10.2.1.1 M.10.2.2.11.10.2.2.1.1 M.10.2.4.1 M.10.3.1.1 M.10.3.2.1. M.10.3.3.1 M.10.3.4.1 M.10.3.5.1 M.10.4.1.1 M.10.4.2.1 M.10.4.3.1 M.10.4.4.1 Total

| Well Below | 6 | 16 | 12 | 24 | 38 | 60 | 69 | 49 | 39 | 14 | 60 | 47 | 67 | 31 | 61 | 52 | 50 | 695 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Below Mini | 14 | 20 | 21 | 40 | 29 | 25 | 22 | 29 | 37 | 27 | 25 | 34 | 23 | 35 | 26 | 34 | 34 | 475 |
| Minimum | 76 | 36 | 36 | 28 | 17 | 11 | 5 | 13 | 19 | 40 | 11 | 13 | 4 | 23 | 8 | 9 | 12 | 361 |
| Competent | 0 | 24 | 27 | 4 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 15 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 101 |
| Total | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 1632 |

Pohnpei th graders perform poorly on the mathematics test with only 101 responses fall in the competency level, which equals to $6 \%$ of the benchmarks scores.


Reading $6^{\text {th }}$ : Kosrae
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

| R.6.2.1.1 | R.6.2.1.2 | R.6.2.1.3 | R.6.2.2.0 | R.6.2.3.0 | R.6.2.4.0 | R.6.2.5.1 | R.6.2.5.2 | R.6.4.1.0 | R.6.4.2.0 Total |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 41 | 59 | 38 | 46 | 50 | 19 | 26 | 24 | 71 | 60 | 434 |
|  | 37 | 17 | 39 | 44 | 47 | 20 | 37 | 33 | 44 | 41 | 359 |
| nt | 37 | 63 | 36 | 50 | 38 | 45 | 78 | 35 | 24 | 27 | 433 |
|  | 35 | 11 | 37 | 10 | 15 | 66 | 9 | 58 | 11 | 22 | 274 |
|  | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 1500 |

Although Kosrae $6^{\text {th }}$ graders do a little better than the rest of the $8^{\text {th }}$ graders across the nation with at least 707 responses fall above and at grade level performance, the majority of responses fall below grade level expectation, which equals to $47 \%$ of benchmark scores fall at and above and $53 \%$ fall below grade level, respectively.


Obviously, there is neither an increase, nor a decrease for Kosrae $6^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading with a constant performance of $47 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level for consecutive years from 2010 to 2011.

Reading $8^{\text {th }}$ : Kosrae
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | R.8.2.1.0 | R.8.2.2.0 | R.8.2.2.2 | R.8.2.3.0 | R.8.4.1.0 | R.8.4.2.0 | R.8.4.2.2 | R.8.4.3.0 | R.8.4.3.2 | R.8.4.5.0 | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 24 | 23 | 20 | 27 | 70 | 35 | 8 | 31 | 26 | 36 | 300 |
| Below Mini | 59 | 51 | 40 | 41 | 35 | 41 | 23 | 48 | 38 | 43 | 419 |
| Minimum ( | 39 | 53 | 47 | 45 | 23 | 45 | 80 | 51 | 40 | 38 | 719 |
| Competent | 18 | 13 | 33 | 27 | 12 | 19 | 29 | 10 | 36 | 23 | 220 |
| Total | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 1400 |



Kosrae $8^{\text {th }}$ graders do well in reading for 2011 as compared to 2010, with an average of $44 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level expectation in 2010 as compared to $49 \%$ in 2011, with an enormous increase of $5 \%$.

Reading $10^{\text {th }}$ : Kosrae
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators
R.10.2.1.1 R.10.2.1.2 R.10.2.10.1R.10.2.2.1 R.10.2.4.1 R.10.2.4.2 R.10.2.5.1 R.10.2.5.2 R.10.2.6.1 R.10.2.6.2 Total

| Well Belou | 12 | 30 | 33 | 19 | 31 | 18 | 24 | 44 | 39 | 46 | 296 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Below Min | 22 | 59 | 27 | 53 | 36 | 65 | 44 | 100 | 45 | 43 | 494 |
| Minimum ( | 56 | 46 | 46 | 60 | 59 | 53 | 60 | 7 | 44 | 40 | 790 |
| Competent | 61 | 16 | 45 | 19 | 25 | 15 | 23 | 0 | 23 | 22 | 249 |
| Total | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 1510 |



Kosrae $10^{\text {th }}$ graders also do better on reading in 2011 as compared to 2010, with an average of $45 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level in 2010, as compared to $47 \%$ in 2011, with an increase of $2 \%$. Evidently, $2 \%$ increased is a significant advancement for Kosrae, as compared to the other states.

| Kosrae | Math |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4th Grade | 6th Grade | 8th Grade | 10th Grade |
| Competency | $7 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| Minumm Competency | $20 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $29 \%$ | $29 \%$ |
| Approaching | $32 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $33 \%$ | $27 \%$ |
| Well below competency | $41 \%$ | $26 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $34 \%$ |

Kosrae $4^{\text {th }}$ mathematics
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators
M.4.1.1.1 M.4.1.2.1 M.4.1.3.1 M.4.1.4.1 M.4.1.5.1 M.4.1.6.1 M.4.2.1.1 M.4.2.2.1 M.4.2.3.1 M.4.2.4.1 M.4.2.5.1 M.4.3.1.1 M.4.4.1.1 M.4..2.1 Total

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Well Beow Minimum Competency | 7 | 22 | 41 | 26 | 60 | 92 | 20 | 26 | 138 | 129 | 41 | 79 | 88 | 118 | 887 |
| Below Minimum Competency | 39 | 83 | 58 | 52 | 46 | 39 | 50 | 59 | 18 | 26 | 76 | 59 | 55 | 34 | 694 |
| MinimumCompetency | 73 | 39 | 47 | 39 | 37 | 14 | 53 | 71 | 0 | 1 | 38 | 17 | 13 | 4 | 446 |
| Compdetent | 37 | 12 | 10 | 39 | 13 | 11 | 33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 157 |
| Total | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 156 | 2.84 |



Kosraean $4^{\text {th }}$ graders, an average of $27 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level expectation, while $73 \%$ falls below grade level expectation. Although the population tested for Kosrae $4^{\text {th }}$ graders are less than Pohnpei $4^{\text {th }}$ graders, the achievement level for both states are comparable. Out of the 156 Kosraean $4^{\text {th }}$ graders who took the test, an average of $73 \%$ of their scores fall below $4^{\text {th }}$ grade level performance expectation
$6^{\text {th }}$ Mathematics: Kosrae

|  | M.6.1.1.1 M.6.1.2.1 M.6.1.3.1 M.6.1.4.1 M.6.2.1.1 M.6.2.2.1 M.6.2.3.1 M.6.2.4.1 M.6.3.1.1 M.6.3.2.1 | M.6.3.3.1 | M.6.3.4.1 | M.6.4.1.1 | M.6.4.2.1 | M.6.4.3.1 | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 37 | 8 | 31 | 85 | 45 | 51 | 9 | 34 | 68 | 23 | 45 | 16 | 38 | 23 | 83 | 596 |
| Below Mini | 50 | 29 | 39 | 39 | 53 | 51 | 28 | 48 | 60 | 43 | 63 | 27 | 61 | 42 | 42 | 675 |
| Minimum ( | 43 | 67 | 37 | 21 | 47 | 40 | 62 | 43 | 19 | 65 | 43 | 59 | 52 | 53 | 20 | 671 |
| Competent | 21 | 47 | 44 | 6 | 6 | 9 | 52 | 26 | 4 | 20 | 0 | 49 | 0 | 33 | 6 | 323 |
| Total | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 2265 |



Although Kosraean $6^{\text {th }}$ graders perform below grade level expectation, a better result is evident as compared to the other grades tested, with $44 \%$ of their scores fall within competency and minimum competency combined, nearly reach the grade level performance expectation with only $55 \%$ of their scores fall below grade level expectation.
$8^{\text {th }}$ Mathematics: Kosrae
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators
M.8.1.1.1 M.8.1.2.1 M.8.1.3.1 M.8.1.4.1 M.8.2.1.1 M..8.2.2.1 M.8.2.3.1 M.8.8.4.1. M.8.8.2.5.1 M.8.2.6.1 M.8.3.1.1 M.8.3.2.1 M.8.3.3.1 M.8.8.4.1 M.8.4.1.1 M.8.4.2.1 M.8.4.3.1 M.8.4.4.1 Total

| Well Below | 17 | 47 | 52 | 34 | 28 | 15 | 58 | 42 | 71 | 50 | 36 | 75 | 22 | 25 | 41 | 40 | 40 | 62 | 755 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Below Mini | 39 | 49 | 59 | 55 | 69 | 57 | 47 | 34 | 39 | 52 | 53 | 35 | 45 | 41 | 44 | 41 | 43 | 37 | 839 |
| Minimum( | 59 | 28 | 27 | 45 | 33 | 57 | 21 | 53 | 24 | 32 | 42 | 28 | 58 | 56 | 40 | 47 | 48 | 24 | 722 |
| Competent | 25 | 16 | 2 | 6 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 11 | 6 | 6 | 9 | 2 | 15 | 18 | 15 | 12 | 9 | 17 | 204 |
| Total | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 140 | 2520 |



Kosraean $8^{\text {th }}$ graders do not do well as compared to $6^{\text {th }}$ graders in mathematics; an average of $37 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level performance expectation, leaving majority of their scores fall below grade level.
$10^{\text {th }}$ Mathematics: Kosrae
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators
M.10.1.1.1 M.10.1.2.1 M.10.1.1.1 M.10.1.4.1 M.10.2.1.1 M.10.2.2.1 M.10.2.3.1 M.10.2.4.1 M.10.3.1.1 M.10.3.2.1 M.10.3.3.1 M.10.3.4.1 M.10.3.5.1 M.10.4.1.1 M.10.4.2.1 M.10.4.3.1 M.10.4.4.1 Total

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 8 | 16 | 10 | 20 | 40 | 42 | 62 | 47 | 52 | 19 | 73 | 58 | 103 | 57 | 84 | 117 | 63 |
| 871 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Below Mini | 15 | 35 | 23 | 39 | 39 | 66 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 28 | 52 | 47 | 37 | 46 | 47 | 25 | 59 |
| Minimum ( | 115 | 52 | 47 | 80 | 54 | 44 | 31 | 36 | 38 | 65 | 27 | 42 | 11 | 45 | 18 | 9 | 27 |
| 741 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Competent | 14 | 49 | 72 | 13 | 19 | 0 | 11 | 22 | 16 | 40 | 0 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 3 |
| 273 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 152 |
| 25254 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| Reading |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6th Grade | 8th Grade | 10th Grade |

Competency
Minumm Competency
Approaching
Well below competency

8\%
13\%
24
55\%

7\%
13\%
24\%
56\%

3\%
11\%
32\%
55\%
$6^{\text {th }}$ Reading: Chuuk
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | R.6.2.1.1 | R.6.2.1.2 | R.6.2.1.3 | R.6.2.2.0 | R.6.2.3.0 | R.6.2.4.0 | R.6.2.5.1 | R.6.2.5.2 | R.6.4.1.0 | R.6.4.2.0 | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 286 | 471 | 423 | 375 | 378 | 375 | 305 | 347 | 349 | 347 | 3656 |
| Below Mini | 193 | 107 | 134 | 106 | 175 | 159 | 176 | 189 | 161 | 178 | 1578 |
| Minimum ( | 103 | 57 | 55 | 65 | 93 | 85 | 129 | 87 | 124 | 86 | 884 |
| Competent | 84 | 31 | 54 | 120 | 20 | 47 | 56 | 43 | 32 | 55 | 542 |
| Total | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 6660 |

There are 6660 total responses for Chuuk $6^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading and out of that number, only 542 responses fall in the competency level. Again, majority of responses fall below grade level performance which equals to more than $70 \%$ of their benchmark scores fall below grade level performance expectation, as shown in the graph below.


For Chuuk $6^{\text {th }}$ graders, an average of $21 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level expectation, with a large margin of $79 \%$ falls below grade level expectation. Comparing 2010, there is an increase of $4 \%$ from $17 \%$ in 2010 to $21 \%$ in 2011. Although achievement level for Chuuk $6^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading continues to fall below grade level, there is a significant improvement
$8^{\text {th }}$ Reading: Chuuk
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | R.6.2.1.1 | R.6.2.1.2 | R.6.2.1.3 | R.6.2.2.0 | R.6.2.3.0 | R.6.2.4.0 | R.6.2.5.1 | R.6.2.5.2 | R.6.4.1.0 | R.6.4.2.0 | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 286 | 471 | 423 | 375 | 378 | 375 | 305 | 347 | 349 | 347 | 3656 |
| Below Mini | 193 | 107 | 134 | 106 | 175 | 159 | 176 | 189 | 161 | 178 | 1578 |
| Minimum ( | 103 | 57 | 55 | 65 | 93 | 85 | 129 | 87 | 124 | 86 | 884 |
| Competent | 84 | 31 | 54 | 120 | 20 | 47 | 56 | 43 | 32 | 55 | 542 |
| Total | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 666 | 6660 |

Out of 6660 total reponses for the Chuuk $8^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading, only 542 responses fall in the competency level, which equals to $7 \%$ of the benchmark scores and the rest of the benchmark scores can be calculated by reviewing the totatl responses for each performance level in the table above.


With similar results, Chuuk $8^{\text {th }}$ graders achieved lesser in 2011, as compared to 2010 with an average of $26 \%$ of their scores falls at and above grade level and $20 \%$ in 2011, leaving majority of the percent of their scores fall below grade level.
$10^{\text {th }}$ Reading: Chuuk
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | R.10.2.1.1 | R.10.2.1.2 | R.10.2.10.1R.10.2.2.1 | R.10.2.4.1 | R.10.2.4.2 | R.10.2.5.1 | R.10.2.5.2 | R.10.2.6.1 | R.10.2.6.2 | Total |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Belou | 153 | 208 | 262 | 306 | 337 | 185 | 320 | 269 | 255 | 259 | 2554 |
| Below Min | 197 | 187 | 131 | 100 | 99 | 202 | 94 | 177 | 136 | 135 | 1458 |
| Minimum ( | 89 | 61 | 45 | 50 | 18 | 65 | 36 | 15 | 63 | 44 | 486 |
| Competent | 23 | 6 | 24 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 1 | 8 | 24 | 122 |
| Total | 462 | 462 | 462 | 462 | 462 | 462 | 462 | 462 | 462 | 462 | 4620 |



There is an enormous drop for the performance of Chuuk $10^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading from $25 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level in 2010 to $14 \%$ in 2011, with a huge margin of $11 \%$.


Graph above shows that there is a major improvement for Yap $6^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading from 2010 to 2011 with an increase of 6\% margin from 34\% of their scores falling at and above grade level expectation to 40\% in 2011.
$8^{\text {th }}$ Reading: Yap
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | R.8.2.1.0 | R.8.2.2.0 | R.8.2.2.2 | R.8.2.3.0 | R.8.4.1.0 | R.8.4.2.0 | R.8.4.2.2 | R.8.4.3.0 | R.8.4.3.2 | R.8.4.5.0 | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Belou | 30 | 31 | 25 | 39 | 54 | 35 | 17 | 64 | 57 | 85 | 437 |
| Below Min | 46 | 47 | 45 | 47 | 37 | 46 | 20 | 48 | 34 | 45 | 415 |
| Minimum ( | 48 | 62 | 51 | 54 | 40 | 32 | 88 | 34 | 31 | 24 | 464 |
| Competent | 34 | 18 | 37 | 18 | 27 | 45 | 33 | 12 | 36 | 4 | 264 |
| Total | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 1580 |

Out of 1580 total reponses for Ypa $8^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading, only 264 fall in the competency level, which is equal to $17 \%$ of benchmark scores, as shown in the graph below.


Yap 8 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ graders do well on reading 2011 as compared to 2010, with a significant increase of $8 \%$ from $38 \%$ in 2010 to $46 \%$ in 2011 at and above grade level expectation, respectively.
$10^{\text {th }}$ Reading: Yap
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | R.10.2.1.1 | R.10.2.1.2 | R.10.2.10.1R.10.2.2.1 | R.10.2.4.1 | R.10.2.4.2 | R.10.2.5.1 | R.10.2.5.2 | R.10.2.6.1 | R.10.2.6.2 Total |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 12 | 38 | 40 | 19 | 38 | 29 | 27 | 52 | 43 | 46 | 344 |
| Below Mini | 25 | 46 | 33 | 39 | 22 | 66 | 22 | 73 | 42 | 43 | 411 |
| Minimum ( | 56 | 33 | 35 | 60 | 44 | 25 | 50 | 6 | 33 | 27 | 369 |
| Competent | 38 | 14 | 23 | 13 | 27 | 11 | 32 | 0 | 13 | 15 | 186 |
| Total | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 131 | 1310 |



Although population tested is quite low, a slight dropped is obvious for Yap $10^{\text {th }}$ graders in reading from 2010 to 2011. The achievement level is rather disappointing with only $42 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level expectation.

| Yap | Math |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 4th Grade | 6th Grade | 8th Grade | 10th Grade |
| Competency | $5 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $3 \%$ | $7 \%$ |
| Minumm Competency | $21 \%$ | $19 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $23 \%$ |
| Approaching | $31 \%$ | $32 \%$ | $30 \%$ | $28 \%$ |
| Well below competency | $43 \%$ | $44 \%$ | $50 \%$ | $42 \%$ |

$4^{\text {th }}$ Mathematics: Yap
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | M.4.1.1.1 | M.4.1.2.1 | M.4.1.3.1 | M.4.1.4.1 | M.4.1.5.1 | M.4.1.6.1 | M.4.2.1.1 | M.4.2.2.1 | M.4.2.3.1 | M.4.2.4.1 | M.4.2.5.1 | M.4.3.1.1 | M.4.4.1.1 | M.4.4.2.1 | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 20 | 52 | 56 | 40 | 75 | 139 | 81 | 46 | 77 | 105 | 78 | 50 | 92 | 88 | 999 |
| Below Mini | 64 | 88 | 55 | 61 | 51 | 22 | 55 | 46 | 55 | 46 | 52 | 50 | 35 | 45 | 725 |
| Minimum ( | 79 | 26 | 45 | 53 | 37 | 5 | 28 | 55 | 28 | 13 | 32 | 44 | 33 | 21 | 499 |
| Competent | 4 | 1 | 11 | 13 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 20 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 23 | 7 | 13 | 115 |
| Total | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 167 | 2338 |



Graph below shows that Yap $6^{\text {th }}$ graders struggle in mathematics, as compared to other $6^{\text {th }}$ graders across the nation, with an average of $24 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level performance expectation. Clearly, majority falls below grade level, with $76 \%$.
$6^{\text {th }}$ Mathematics : Yap
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators

|  | M.6.1.1.1 | M.6.1.2.1 | M.6.1.3.1 | M.6.1.4.1 | M.6.2.1.1 | M.6.2.2.1 | M.6.2.3.1 | M.6.2.4.1 | M.6.3.1.1 | M.6.3.2.1 | M.6.3.3.1 | M.6.3.4.1 | M.6.4.1.1 | M.6.4.2.1 | M.6.4.3.1 | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Below | 33 | 61 | 60 | 119 | 89 | 67 | 74 | 86 | 123 | 53 | 84 | 58 | 92 | 74 | 121 | 1194 |
| Below Mini | 67 | 57 | 67 | 49 | 68 | 83 | 75 | 57 | 41 | 57 | 73 | 39 | 58 | 49 | 36 | 876 |
| Minimum ( | 60 | 54 | 41 | 11 | 25 | 28 | 30 | 26 | 16 | 60 | 24 | 47 | 28 | 49 | 19 | 518 |
| Competent | 22 | 10 | 14 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 13 | 2 | 12 | 1 | 38 | 4 | 10 | 6 | 142 |
| Total | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 182 | 2730 |



Yap $8^{\text {th }}$ graders achieved least in mathematics, as compared to the other $8^{\text {th }}$ graders across the nation, with only $19 \%$ of their scores fall at and above grade level, with an alarming $80 \%$ falls below grade level.
$8^{\text {th }}$ Mathematics: Yap
Number of All Students for Each Rubric Level of Indicators
M.8.1.1.1 M.8.8.1.2.1 M.8.1.3.1 M.8.1.4.1 M.8.2.1.1 M.8.2.2.1 M.8.8.3.1.1 M.8.2.4.1 M..8.2.5.1 M.8.8.2.6.1 M.8.3.1.1 M.8.8.3.1 M.8.3.3.1 M.8.3.4.1 M.8.8.1.1.1 M.8.4.2.1 M.8.4.3.1 M.8.4.4.1 Total

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Well Belon | 66 | 91 | 104 | 99 | 95 | 32 | 137 | 114 | 113 | 115 | 87 | 149 | 78 | 54 | 119 | 78 | 72 | 123 |
| Below Min | 42 | 57 | 57 | 63 | 63 | 103 | 40 | 50 | 48 | 49 | 73 | 29 | 63 | 50 | 57 | 54 | 82 | 50 |
| M | 1030 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum ( | 58 | 33 | 24 | 26 | 25 | 53 | 13 | 18 | 26 | 22 | 27 | 12 | 36 | 77 | 13 | 52 | 33 | 13 |
| Competent | 24 | 9 | 5 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 0 | 8 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 0 | 13 | 9 | 1 | 6 | 3 | 4 |
| Total | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 | 190 |
| Ton | 3420 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



| $10^{\text {th }}$ Mathematics: Yap |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| M.10.1.1.1 M.10.1.2.1 M.10.1.3.1 M.10.1.4.1 M.10.2.1.1 M.10.2.2.1 M.10.2.3.1 M.10.2.4.1 M.10.3.1.1 M.10.3.2.1 M.10.3.3.1 M.10.3.4.1 M.10.3.5.1 M.10.4.1.1 M.10.4.2.1 M.10.4.3.1 M.10.4.4.1 Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Well Below | 50 | 95 | 54 | 97 | 133 | 188 | 224 | 135 | 155 | 77 | 222 | 157 | 274 | 169 | 228 | 258 | 182 | 2698 |
| Below Min | 71 | 82 | 87 | 124 | 113 | 124 | 100 | 115 | 125 | 84 | 113 | 133 | 84 | 123 | 107 | 91 | 133 | 1809 |
| Minimum ( | 242 | 119 | 126 | 138 | 97 | 66 | 42 | 77 | 76 | 138 | 44 | 76 | 18 | 76 | 38 | 27 | 55 | 1455 |
| Competent | 16 | 83 | 112 | 20 | 36 | 1 | 13 | 52 | 23 | 80 | 0 | 13 | 3 | 11 | 6 | 3 | 9 | 481 |
| Total | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 379 | 6443 |

Yap $10^{\text {th }}$ graders also perform poorly on the mathematics test with only 481 responses fall in the competency performance level out of the total of 6443 total responses for the particular test, as indicated in the table above, which equals to $7 \%$ of benchmark scores shown in the graph below. Generally, majority of Yap $8^{\text {th }}$ graders responses on the mathematics test fall below grade level performance expectation.

14. Completion/graduation ratefor 8th and 12th grades(Private/Public)

| State | Type | 8th Grade Enrolled | 8th Grade Graduated | Rate | 12th grade enrolled | 12th grade graduated | Rate |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chuuk | Public | 803 | 662 | $82 \%$ | 462 |  |  |
|  | Private | 76 | 68 | $89 \%$ | 158 |  |  |
| Kosrae | Public | 138 | 137 | $99 \%$ | 105 | 105 |  |
|  | Private | 6 | 5 | $83 \%$ | No private secondary in Kosrae |  |  |
|  | Public | 787 | 742 | $94 \%$ | 565 | 545 | $96 \%$ |
|  | Private | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
| Yap | Public | 203 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | 228 | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |
|  | Private | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ | $\mathrm{n} / \mathrm{a}$ |

Yap state did not report any data for this indicator prior to submission of report.

## 15. Number and percent of grade 8 completers going to high school and high school graduates going to higher education

| State | Completed 8 grade | Going to HS | Percent | Completed 12 grade | Going to Hed | Percent |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chuuk |  |  | Incomplete Data |  |  |  |
| Kosrae | 137 | 137 | $100 \%$ | 105 | 105 | $100 \%$ |
| Pohnpei | 742 | 637 | $86 \%$ | 547 | 487 | $89 \%$ |
| Yap |  | No data submitted from Yap DOE for this indicator |  |  |  |  |

16. Number of student textbooks by subject area and elementary and secondary

\left.|  | Chuuk |  | Kosrae |  | Pohnpei |  | Yap |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TextBook | Elmentary | Secondary | Elmentary | Secondary | Elmentary | Secondary | Elmentary | Secondary |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |$\right)$

17. Per pupil expenditure (annual operating $k$-12 budget dvided by enrolled student count)

| State |  | ESG |  | SEG | Enrollment | PPE |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chuuk | \$ | 9,953,420.00 | \$ | 4,480,707.00 | 14395 | \$ | 1,002.72 |
| Kosrae | \$ | 2,468,964.00 | \$ | 1,377,762.00 | 2224 | \$ | 1,729.64 |
| Pohnpei | \$ | 7,488,013.00 | \$ | 2,984,265.00 | 10599 | \$ | 988.04 |
| Yap | \$ | 4,063,036.00 | \$ | 1,769,879.00 | 3074 | \$ | 1,897.50 |
| FSM | \$ | 23,973,433.00 | \$ | 10,612,613.00 | 30292 | \$ | 1,141.76 |

Indicator 17 shows the per pupil expenditure and compared to last year, PPE dropped in all 4 state
18. Number of parent involment activities per year by state and average number of participants

| State | Total No. of Activities | Total No. of Participants | Average |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chuuk |  |  |  |
| Kosrae | 38 | 5893 | 155 |
| Pohnpei | 136 | 42396 | 312 |
| Yap |  |  | $\mathbf{4 8 2 8 9}$ |
| FSM | $\mathbf{1 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 8}$ |  |

Only 2 states submitted data for the above indicator.
19. Student enrollment in local insitutions of higher education (IHE) by gender

| State | Fall2010 |  | Fall 2010 | Spring 2011 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Spring } 2011 \\ \text { Total } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Grand Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female |  |  |
| Chuuk | 190 | 289 | 479 | 165 | 267 | 432 | 911 |
| Kosrae | 115 | 103 | 218 | 113 | 106 | 219 | 437 |
| National | 460 | 591 | 1051 | 434 | 553 | 987 | 2038 |
| Pohnpei | 393 | 349 | 742 | 307 | 252 | 559 | 1301 |
| Yap | 91 | 118 | 209 | 92 | 111 | 203 | 412 |
| FSM | 1249 | 1450 | 2699 | 1111 | 1289 | 2400 | 5099 |

Compared to last year, enrollment dropped from 5293 from last year to 5099 this year a difference of $3.72 \%$
20. Number of local IHE graduates by each diploma/degree level and gender (2010-2011)

|  |  |  | Fall 2010 |  | 2011 | Spring | Grand |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Male | Female | Total | Male | Female | 2011 | Total |
| Accounting | 2 |  | 2 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Agriculture |  | 2 | 2 |  |  | 0 | 2 |
| Agriculture and Food Technology | 6 | 1 | 7 | 1 |  | 1 | 8 |
| Building Maintenance and Repair | 4 |  | 4 | 2 |  | 2 | 6 |
| Building Technology | 5 |  | 5 | 5 |  | 5 | 10 |
| Business Administration | 1 | 10 | 11 | 3 | 14 | 17 | 28 |
| Career Education: Motor Vehicle Mechanic |  |  | 0 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |
| Computer Information Systems | 7 | 3 | 10 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 19 |
| Electronic Engineering Technology |  |  | 0 | 4 |  | 4 | 4 |
| Electronics Technology | 2 |  | 2 | 4 |  | 4 | 6 |
| General Business | 3 | 1 | 4 |  |  | 0 | 4 |
| General Studies | 1 | 5 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 14 |
| Health Assistant Training Program |  |  | 0 | 3 | 2 | 5 | 5 |
| Health Career Opportunities Program | 1 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 9 | 11 | 16 |
| Hospitality Management |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Liberal Arts | 8 | 14 | 22 | 17 | 11 | 28 | 50 |
| Marine Science | 5 | 1 | 6 | 4 |  | 4 | 10 |
| Micronesian Studies | 5 | 5 | 10 | 9 | 6 | 15 | 25 |
| Public Health |  |  | 0 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| Teacher Education - Elementary | 12 | 12 | 24 | 8 | 17 | 25 | 49 |
| Teacher Preparation | 5 | 3 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 16 |
| Teacher Preparation - Elementary | 4 | 3 | 7 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 18 |
| Telecommunication Technology |  |  | 0 | 2 |  | 2 | 2 |
| Trial Counselor | 6 | 1 | 7 |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | 77 | 66 | 143 | 85 | 86 | 171 | 314 |

21. Total Numbers of Scholarship and Financial Assistance Recipients during FY 2011

| Entities | Undergraduates |  |  | Graduates |  |  | Postgraduates |  |  | Others |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Scholarship | Financial Assistance | \# Graduated | Scholarship | Financial Assistance | \# Graduated | Scholarship | Financial Assistanc | \# Graduated | Cerrificates | $\begin{gathered} \# \\ \text { Completed } \end{gathered}$ |
| a) Chuuk | 389 | - | 51 | 20 | - | 6 | 4 | - | - | - | - |
| b) Yap | 197 | - | 22 | 6 | - | - | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| c) Pohnpei | 322 | - | - | 4 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| d) Kosrae | 101 | - | 11 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | - |
| e) NDOE | 144 | - | 15 | 23 | - | 10 | 7 | - | 1 | - | - |


|  | Freshman | Sophomore | Junior | Senior |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chuuk | 192 | 110 | 56 | 32 |
| Yap | 70 | 77 | 25 | 25 |
| Pohnpei | 136 | 80 | 65 | 41 |
| Kosrae | 42 | 32 | 11 | 15 |
| NDOE | 35 | 35 | 35 | 39 |

Note: The first table shows the number of recipients and graduates from all states and national scholarship.
Only Pohnpei fail to submit any number of graduates for this school year. It further indicates that under the 15 postgraduate recipients, one just graduate this year and under the graduate section there are 53 recipients this year and 16 graduated. For the undergraduate section the number of recipients is further broken down into the $2^{\text {nd }}$ table showing number by freshmen, sophomore, juniors and seniors in college. In undergraduate studies usually sophomores and seniors are the one who graduate therefore; freshmen and juniors in college should not be counted in the number graduated from undergraduate section. There are 51 undergraduate students graduated from Chuuk this school year and the possible number that could graduate this year in Chuuk is 142 which include sophomores and seniors. With this, one could conclude that $36 \%$ of undergraduate recipients in Chuuk did graduate this year. The same principles apply to the other states as well as the national government scholarship program. Also note that not all sophomores and seniors in college do graduate because some started during spring semester instead of fall semester.

This is the first time such data is reported and better data will be collected and reported the next year to really identify how many sophomores and Senior actually graduated so we actually see the percent of graduate at each level of the college and university years.


[^0]:    * Indicator 12 may show a decrease in drop-out compared to previous 2 years but with the inconsistency in data such trend of progress may not be accurate until complete data is provided by all 4 state DOE's.

