



Tanoa Waterfront Hotel, Lautoka, Fiji Islands

1st – 2nd June, 2016

PSSC-12 Agenda Item 3.2 + 3.3

Meeting Paper Title: TYPSS Monitoring and Evaluation

1. Purpose of Paper

- to provide the meeting with an update on the development of the Monitoring and Evaluation Framework
- to present the TYPSS Performance Report format and content to date

2. Introduction/Background

- 2.1. The TYPSS monitoring and evaluation (M&E) function is located within the Coordination Unit. The Unit is tasked with reporting annually to PSSC on progress towards Phase II Objectives.
- 2.2. Current reporting is informed primarily by regular activity reports from TYPSS Partner Organisations but also draws on other sources of information available.
- 2.3. The Monitoring and Evaluation Framework provides a structured approach to collecting and presenting information, which will inform PSSC strategic discussion and decision making.

3. Key Issues

- 3.1. The PSSC-11 meeting tasked the coordination unit to
 - strengthen the M&E Framework
 - prepare an assessment of progress report
- 3.2. The Monitoring Framework presented in Annex I has now been strengthened by creating a structured approach linking the Activities currently being undertaken, to the five Objectives and the overall Goal TYPSS seeks to achieve. It includes a high-level Results Diagram, a Results Matrix (including baselines, progress results and proposed targets). A detailed Indicator Specifications doc (Annex III) supports the Results Matrix.
- 3.3. The performance report presented in Annex II presents information gathered to date through the monitoring framework. It is important that readers of the progress report familiarise themselves with the framework to ensure their interpretation of the report is appropriately contextualised. Data collection is currently being sourced directly from National Statistics Offices, therefore this report presents data in hand at the time of submission. The report will be updated as and when data becomes available. We expect a complete set of information to be presented at PSSC-13.

4. Key Recommendations

- 4.1. PSSC endorse the current M&E framework (including the continued development thereof)
- 4.2. PSSC endorse the formalisation of the Results Matrix subcommittee to a TWG focussed on TYPSS Results

5. Annexes

Annex I: TYPSS Phase II Monitoring Framework (16 Pages)

Annex II: TYPSS Phase II Performance Report (36 Pages - including one pagers for each country)

Annex III: Indicator Specifications (60 pages – for technical information relating to each indicator)

Ten Year Pacific Statistics Strategy: Phase II

Monitoring Framework

- Results Diagram
- Results Matrix

01 June 2016

TYPSS Coordination Unit



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INTRODUCTION

Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide an approach to monitoring progress towards five objectives established for the Ten Year Pacific Statistics Strategy (TYPSS) Phase II. The approach is necessarily high level and is aimed at monitoring national and regional progress in order to stimulate strategic discussion and direction setting by the TYPSS Pacific Statistics Steering Committee (PSSC).

There are two components to this document:

1. a high level Results Diagram that brings structure to elements underpinning the TYPSS.
2. a Results Matrix that lists the goal, objectives indicators, results, targets and information sources

Development of the framework

This monitoring framework builds upon work previously completed by the Coordination Unit to construct a regular monitoring mechanism for TYPSS Phase II. It should not therefore be seen as a stand-alone document and should be read in the context of the following key documents. These documents can be made available via the TYPSS Coordination Unit at your request.

- Strengthening Statistical Services through Regional Approaches: A Benchmark Study and Way Forward, 2009 - Philip Turnbull, Gosta Guteland, and Iete Rouatu
- A Pacific Island Region Plan for the Implementation of Initiatives for Strengthening Statistical Services through Regional Approaches 2010–2020, 2010 - Len Cook and Masasso Paunga
- Mid-term independent evaluation report: Pacific Statistics Strategy Action Plan, Phase 1 2011–2014, 2013 - Ross McLeod and Thomas Africa
- TYPSS Phase II Design Document, 2014 - Dr Linda Kelly and Ms Maya Cordeiro together with Mr Len Cook and Dr Masasso Paunga

This monitoring framework captures the range of activities undertaken to achieve the TYPSS objectives and the expected outcomes from these activities. Suitable indicators have been selected to regularly monitor progress. Provisional targets have been included with a view to a 2020 preferred state.

The framework includes high level indicators set against the TYPSS Goal – Strengthened National and Regional Statistics Capacity. Progress against four of the five objectives is measured primarily by identifying the number Pacific Island Countries and Territories (PICTs) who meet the expectations of each objective. The fifth objective, associated with effective Governance, is measured utilising indicators with a regional focus, such as perceptions of regional coordination and advocacy.

TYPSS performance report

An annual TYPSS Performance Report is generated from data captured through the framework. As the monitoring framework is populated with data for each of the indicators, the information can be transcribed into the Performance Report template. This report should be tabled for discussion as a standing item at the first PSSC meeting of each year. A working document, in the form of a spreadsheet, supports the collection and ongoing management of the framework data so that the TYPSS Performance Report can be generated with reasonable ease and efficiency by the Coordination Unit.

Key indicator of progress

We have used the World Bank's Statistical Capacity Indicator¹ (SCI) as the key indicator informing achievement against the TYPSS Goal statement. The World Bank describes the SCI as 'a composite score assessing the capacity of a country's statistical system. It is based on a diagnostic framework assessing the following areas: methodology; data sources; and periodicity and timeliness. Countries are scored against 25 criteria in these areas, using publicly available information and/or country input. The overall Statistical Capacity score is then being calculated as simple average of all three area scores on a scale of 0-100'.

Considering the regional approach of the Ten Year Pacific Statistics Strategy and the overall intention to lift statistics capacity, we have elected to set a benchmark which all PICTS under TYPSS should aspire to achieve rather than utilising a regional average to determine progress. The benchmark has been set at 50 points on the SCI – for each component of the SCI. The measure of progress made is not merely how highly PICTs score on the SCI, but rather the extent to which PICTS under TYPSS achieve the benchmark. We have proposed an aspirational target of all 15 PICTs reaching an overall total score of 50 points by 2020. The TYPSS performance report provides a country breakdown of the SCI for each component. As strategic discussion develops it is entirely appropriate for each PICT to determine their target based on the particular context within which that PICT operates.

Links to Sustainable Development Goals

This monitoring framework purposefully relates only to statistical capacity of PICTS as per the TYPSS. It also however provides an opportunity to consider and align international development agendas.

More specifically, Goal 17 of the SGDs – '*Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development*' describes the following two targets and their respective indicators related to statistical capacity:

Target 17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts.	17.18.1 - Proportion of sustainable development indicators produced at the national level with full disaggregation when relevant to the target, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics
	17.18.2 - Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics
	17.18.3 - Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding
Target 17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries.	17.19.1 - Dollar value of all resources made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries
	17.19.2 Proportion of countries that (a) have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years; and (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration

Clearly these two targets should be considered for inclusion within this monitoring framework. This will be discussed at PSSC-12 in June 2016. Following the outcome of that discussion this monitoring framework may be amended to incorporate them.

In general Sustainable Development Goals indicators should be disaggregated, where relevant, by income, sex, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability and geographic location, or other characteristics, in accordance with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics²

¹ [click here for more information on the statistical capacity indicator](#)

² General Assembly resolution 68/261

Improving the framework through qualitative work

The current framework provides a stable monitoring platform. Currently most indicators within the framework utilise quantitative measures of progress. In some areas evidence gathered through qualitative mechanisms would enhance the framework considerably. Objective 4, related to 'statistics stakeholder' use of information, is an area where much richer data can be gathered through more qualitative approaches. Development of a statistics stakeholder survey is recommended, but this should not replace more detailed case studies or evaluation work to determine the fundamental reasons why (and how) stakeholders engage with statistics information.

Current limitations of the framework

This framework monitors progress against the TYPSS at a regional and national level. It is not designed to, nor does it seek to, understand individual country contexts and the rationale why countries may be progressing (or not). There are a number of external factors that may influence progress made, for example changes in key human resources, political and legislative developments, natural environmental disasters, etc. PSSC should therefore consider information provided through the framework in the context of each individual country circumstance.

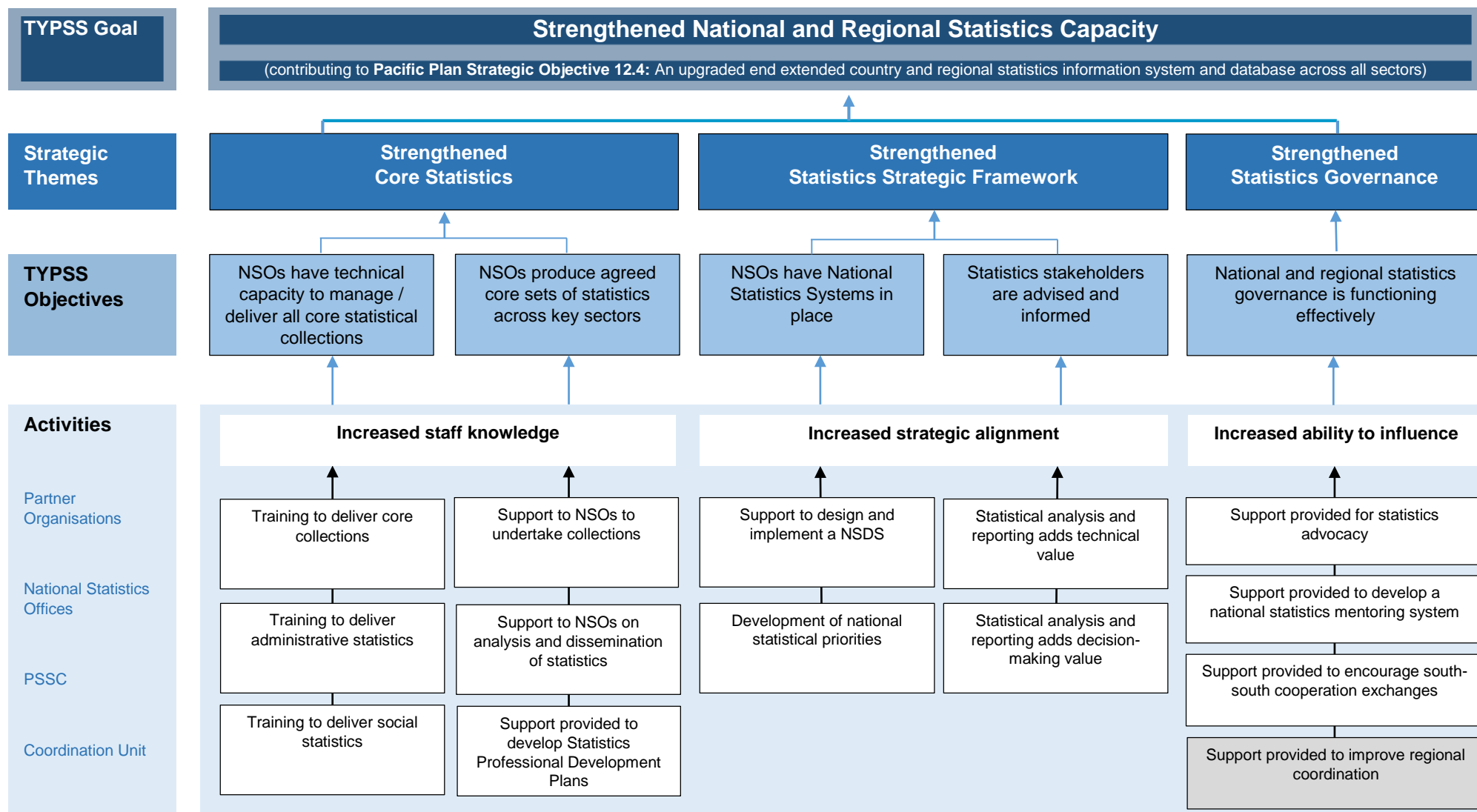
Nevertheless, the framework does provide a strong model whereby a combination of successful capacity development activity, strong strategic frameworks and effective regional governance activities are bound to impact (with strong attribution) on the ability of PICTs to undertake statistical activities, disseminate information in an appropriate and timely fashion, and influence policy making by engaging closely with planning and policy development cycles.

Acknowledgments

The TYPSS Coordination Unit acknowledges the input and support of all those who contributed to the development of this framework, in particular members of the Results Matrix Subcommittee, colleagues from TYPSS Partner Organisations such as SPC SDD, PFTAC, ABS, DFAT, MFAT, USP and the Pacific Forum who made their time available to discuss matters pertaining to this framework.

Also, we wish to extend our appreciation to the National Statistics Offices of Nauru, Tonga, Samoa and Fiji for offering their time and sharing their thoughts and experience during in-country visits. We thank all PICT and TYPSS Partner Organisation representatives who participated in conversations via numerous teleconferences as we discussed development of the framework.

RESULTS DIAGRAM



RESULTS MATRIX

Overall Goal: Strengthened National and Regional Statistics Capacity

	What results we are setting out to achieve? (goals, objectives and associated activities)	How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
Goal	Strengthened national and regional statistical capacity. Broad intention: An upgraded and extended country and regional statistics information system and database across all sectors 11 PICTs are included. 10 countries have data available as from 2005. The countries are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fiji • Kiribati • Marshall Islands • FSM • Palau • Papua New Guinea • Samoa • Solomon Islands • Tonga • Tuvalu (assessment scores available as from 2013) • Vanuatu 	The number of TYPSS PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator ' overall total ' scores of 50 points or higher.	2005 = 3 (Fiji, Samoa, Tonga)	2006 = 5 out of 10 2007 = 3 out of 10 2008 = 4 out of 10 2009 = 4 out of 10 2010 = 2 out of 10 2011 = 3 out of 10 2012 = 4 out of 10 2013 = 4 out of 11 2014 = 4 out of 11 2015 = 2 out of 11	2020 = x ³ out of 15 2030 = 15 out of 15	World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator (http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators).
		The number of TYPSS PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator ' periodicity and timeliness ' scores of 50 points or higher.	2005 = 10	2006 = 10 out of 10 2007 = 10 out of 10 2008 = 10 out of 10 2009 = 10 out of 10 2010 = 10 out of 10 2011 = 10 out of 10 2012 = 10 out of 10 2013 = 11 out of 11 2014 = 11 out of 11 2015 = 10 out of 11	2020 = x out of 15 2030 = 15 out of 15	World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator (http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators).
	The countries not currently included are <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cook Islands • Nauru • Tokelau • Niue 	The number of TYPSS PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator ' methodology ' scores of 50 points or higher.	2005 = 2 (PNG, Samoa)	2006 = 2 out of 10 2007 = 3 out of 10 2008 = 3 out of 10 2009 = 4 out of 10 2010 = 3 out of 10 2011 = 5 out of 10 2012 = 5 out of 10 2013 = 5 out of 11 2014 = 4 out of 11 2015 = 2 out of 11	2020 = x out of 15 2030 = 15 out of 15	World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator (http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators).

³ X = to be determined by PSSC in consultation with PICTs.

What results we are setting out to achieve? (goals, objectives and associated activities)		How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
		The number of TYPSS PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator 'source data' scores of 50 points or higher.	2005 = 2 (Samoa, Tonga)	2006 = 2 out of 10 2007 = 2 out of 10 2008 = 3 out of 10 2009 = 4 out of 10 2010 = 3 out of 10 2011 = 3 out of 10 2012 = 3 out of 10 2013 = 2 out of 11 2014 = 1 out of 11 2015 = 2 out of 11	2020 = x out of 15 2030 = 15 out of 15	World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator (http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators).

Strategic Theme 1: Strengthened Core Statistics

	What we are setting out to achieve? (objectives and their associated activities)	How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
Objective 1	NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections Broad intention: Pacific island countries and territories have the technical capacity and capability (either in-house capacity or through timely accessible technical support), to manage and implement all core statistical collections, including key administrative databases, as required by their national development plans, including their national strategy for the development of statistics (NSDS).	The number of NSOs who have the technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections.	In 2010 =	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs meeting their optimal staffing requirements.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs meeting their optimal of staff expertise / educational requirements	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs who have an average staff experience of 10 years or more in a NSO.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
Activity 1.1	Training to deliver core collections⁴ Broad intention: NSO staff from Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise core collections.	The number of NSOs trained in Population Census	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS)	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in DHS,	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Agricultural Surveys	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
Activity 1.2	Training to deliver administrative statistics. Broad Intention: Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.	The number of NSOs trained in National Accounts	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016

⁴ All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.

What we are setting out to achieve? (objectives and their associated activities)		How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
		The number of NSOs trained in Prices	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in External Sector Statistics	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Merchandise Trade Statistics	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Government Finance Statistics	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Economic Data Dissemination	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Strategic Planning for Economic Statistics	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Environmental Economic Accounting	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Classification and Standards	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Tourism Statistics	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016

What we are setting out to achieve? (objectives and their associated activities)		How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
Activity 1.3	Training to deliver and utilise social statistics	The number of NSOs trained in Education statistics,	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
	Broad intention: Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise social statistics.	The number of NSOs trained in Health Statistics,	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in in Climate Change Statistics	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Cultural Statistics,	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Gender statistics	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs trained in Disability Statistics	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016

What we are setting out to achieve? (objectives and their associated activities)		How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
Objective 2	NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	The number of NSOs who are producing their core set of statistics as planned.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
	Broad intention: Pacific island countries and territories are producing the agreed core set of statistics across key, as required by their national plans and agreed-upon regional and international reporting frameworks as indicated by their national development plans. This includes timely analysis and dissemination of results to national users.	The number of NSOs who are reporting their collections within the timeframes as planned.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs with a NSO Budget to Total Country Budget ratio of more than (TBD)%	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016

Activity 2.1	<p>Support provided to NSOs to undertake collections.</p> <p>Broad intention: Pacific island countries and territories are supported via for example mentoring, attachments, South-South cooperation, etc.</p>	<p>The number of NSOs supported to undertake collections.</p>	<p>In 2010 = x</p> <p>2011 =</p> <p>2012 =</p> <p>2013 =</p> <p>2014 =</p> <p>2015 =</p>	<p>By end 2020 = All NSOs</p>	<p>NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016</p>
Activity 2.2	<p>Support provided to NSOs to analyse and disseminate statistics.</p> <p>Broad intention: Pacific island countries and territories are supported through for example the development of common tools, regional and sub-regional training, methodological support, ICT infrastructure and collaboration tools to analyse and disseminate statistics.</p>	<p>The number of NSOs supported to analyse and disseminate statistics</p>	<p>In 2010 = x</p> <p>2011 =</p> <p>2012 =</p> <p>2013 =</p> <p>2014 =</p> <p>2015 =</p>	<p>By end 2020 = All NSOs</p>	<p>NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016</p>
Activity 2.3	<p>Support provided to develop Statistics Professional Development Plans</p> <p>Broad intention: NSOs are supported to develop statistics professional development plans for each permanent staff member, including management and leadership development as appropriate.</p>	<p>The number of NSOs with completed Statistics Professional Development Plans for all their permanent staff.</p>	<p>In 2010 = x</p> <p>2011 =</p> <p>2012 =</p> <p>2013 =</p> <p>2014 =</p> <p>2015 =</p>	<p>By end 2020 = All NSOs.</p>	<p>NSO Annual report to TYPPS</p>

Strategic Theme 2: Strengthened Strategic Framework

What we are setting out to achieve? (objectives and their associated activities)		How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
Objective 3	NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics. Broad intention: All NSOs have in place a current national strategy for the development of statistics strategy which considers national priorities, and aligns with international development strategies.	The number of NSOs who have a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
		The number of NSOs who have aligned the Sustainable Development Goals and their associated indicators to their NSDS	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
Activity 3.1	Support provided to NSOs to design and implement a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics. Broad intention: Pacific island countries and territories are supported to develop a NSDS including for example governance and national legislation development.	The number of NSOs supported to develop a NSDS.	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016
Activity 3.2	Support provided to NSOs to develop national statistical priorities Broad intention: Pacific island countries and territories are supported to develop national statistical priorities as part of the national strategy for the development of statistics.	The number of NSOs supported to develop national statistics priorities.	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016

What we are setting out to achieve? (objectives and their associated activities)		How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
Objective 4	Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed. Broad intention: National level statistics stakeholders are advised on an ongoing basis about emerging statistical tools and systems, processes for effective data analysis, communication and quality assurance. This includes Pacific interaction and proposed responses to international statistical standards. The purpose is to ensure that statistics are utilised in the formulation of new government policies and are also being referenced in major development program progress reports. This could also include ensuring access to data from administrative systems.	The number of NSOs whose national level stakeholders indicate high levels of utilisation of statistics advice and information. ⁵	In 2010 =	In 2016 = x	By end 2020 = all NSOs	Statistics Stakeholder Utilisation Survey
		The number of NSOs with a Dissemination budget higher than (TBD)%, as a proportion of the NSO Statistical Services/Operational Budget.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 = x	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO TYPSS data sheet May 2016

⁵ Could develop a very low, low, moderate, high, very high rubric to describe the extent of utilisation. Data collected via online questionnaire sent out prior to PSSC May meetings. An alternate option is to complete a reflective / evaluative case study to determine how decision making has been influenced by the analysis and availability of statistical outputs]

Activity 4.1	<p>Deliver statistical analysis and reporting that adds technical value⁶</p> <p>Broad intention: Adding value in reporting through analyses of economic and/or social frameworks, comparative studies, trends, increased access to data systems, and increased range of statistics and indicators.</p>	<p>The number of NSOs whose statistics stakeholders are satisfied with the extent to which statistical analyses and reporting add technical value.</p>	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	Sub- component of the Statistics Stakeholder Utilisation Survey
Activity 4.2	<p>Deliver statistical analysis and reporting that adds decision-making value⁷</p> <p>Broad intention: Delivering statistical outputs that add value to effective decision-making, this includes statistical literacy, increased statistical capability in decision-making bodies.</p>	<p>The number of NSOs whose statistics stakeholders are satisfied with the extent to which statistical analyses and reporting adds value to their decision making.</p>	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs	Sub-component of the Statistics Stakeholder Utilisation Survey

⁶ Outputs and Description Notes proposed by Friend of the Chair (Note: no Outputs were included in the Phase II Interim Activity Plan)

⁷ Outputs and Description Notes proposed by Friend of the Chair (Note: no Outputs were included in the Phase II Interim Activity Plan)

Strategic Theme 3: Strengthened Governance

	What we are setting out to achieve? (objectives and their associated activities)	How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
Objective 5	National and regional statistics governance is functioning effectively	The number of NSOs with current Technical Assistance provider workplans that align to their national priorities.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO annual progress report to TYPSS
	Broad intention: TYPSS governance structure enables improved coordination of TA activities, advocates on behalf of the region and creates regional capacity building mechanisms for example South-South cooperation, mentoring programme, etc.	The number of NSOs with Technical Assistance provider workplans through to 2020.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO annual progress report to TYPSS
		The number of NSOs who indicate that cooperation between technical providers is demonstrating increased efficiencies for their NSO.	In 2010 = x	In 2016 =.	By end 2020 = All NSOs	NSO annual progress report to TYPSS
Activity 5.1	Support provided for statistics advocacy Broad intention: The governance structure supports statistics advocacy from the national through to regional level.	The number of NSOs who have received training to support statistics advocacy.	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs.	NSO Annual report to TYPSS
Activity 5.2	Support provided to develop a national statistics mentoring system. Broad intention: Develop a mentoring system to support statistics capacity building at technical and management / leadership levels.	The number of NSOs where a national mentoring system is in place.	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs.	NSO Annual report to TYPSS
Activity 5.3	Support provided to NSOs in the form of South-South cooperation exchanges. Broad intention: Support NSOs by identifying and promoting South-South Cooperation opportunities as a priority over international support provision.	The number of NSOs supported through South-South cooperation exchanges.	In 2010 = x	2011 = 2012 = 2013 = 2014 = 2015 =	By end 2020 = All NSOs.	NSO Annual report to TYPSS
Activity 5.4	Support provided to improve regional coordination. Broad intention: Support provided to improve regional coordination processes as provided by the TYPSS Coordination Unit within the PSSC mandate.	PSSC members are satisfied they receive timely information on TA Scheduling from the TYPSS Coordination Unit.	2010: NA	In 2016:	PSSC members are Very satisfied	PSSC Member survey ⁸
		PSSC members are satisfied with the TYPSS Coordination Unit's support of PSSC (including TWG meetings)	2010: NA	In 2016:	PSSC members are Very satisfied	PSSC Member survey
		NSOs are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit is coordinating the delivery of technical assistance efficiently.	2010: NA	In 2016:	NSOs are Very satisfied	NSO Annual report to TYPSS
		The number of NSOs who indicate their satisfaction that PSSC has made appropriate recommendations to Pacific leaders about statistical priorities for the region with accompanying recommendations around resources and planning implications.	2010: NA	In 2016:	NSOs are Very satisfied	PSSC Member survey

⁸ Short online survey to be developed and distributed prior to PSSC-13.

What we are setting out to achieve? (objectives and their associated activities)		How will we know we are making progress? (indicators)	Where did we start? (baseline)	How are we progressing? (results)	What we strive to achieve? (target)	Where do we find the information? (data source)
		TYPSS TA partner organisations are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit is coordinating the delivery of technical assistance efficiently.	2010: NA	In 2016:	TYPSS Partners are Very satisfied	TA Partner Organisation survey
		PSSC members are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit demonstrates value for money ⁹	2010: NA	In 2016:	PSSC are Very satisfied	PSSC Member survey

⁹ At this time 'value for money' is not yet defined – each PSSC member needs to consider the coordination services provided and determine their overall satisfaction and perception of 'value' in relation to the activities and costs associated with the coordination unit.

Ten Year Pacific Statistics Strategy: Phase II

Performance Report

- Progress against
TYPSS Goal &
Objectives
- Individual
Country Results

01 June 2016

TYPSS Coordination Unit

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INTRODUCTION

This report presents a view of progress against the TYPSS goal and the objectives set for Phase II of this strategy.

A TYPSS Monitoring Framework was developed to support information gathering informing the progress report. This report therefore should not be read as a standalone document, rather it should be viewed in the context of the monitoring framework.

Management documents prepared by the TYPSS Coordination Unit and TYPSS Partner Organisations show the variety of capacity development activities that have taken place, are currently actioned and are being planned. This report shows progress made against the TYPSS goal and objectives resulting from all the activity undertaken – ie are the contributing to the achievement of the objectives? We are not in a position to determine attribution of the different types of activities or modalities, and recommend evaluative work be conducted to provide richness of information in this regard – what really works, how and why?

Progress against the TYPSS Goal

The Statistical Capacity Indicator (SCI)¹⁰ is used to monitor progress against the Goal statement -**Strengthened National and Regional Statistics Capacity**. This indicator, developed and assessed by the World Bank, provides an indication of capacity through an *Overall Total* score, a *Periodicity and Timeliness* score, a *Methodology* score and a *Source Data* score. In 2013 a mid-term independent evaluation, conducted by Ross McLeod and Tomas Africa, utilised the World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator as a measure of progress. We support and continue the use of the indicator. To encourage strategic conversation amongst PSSC we have expanded the use of the indicator to show individual country progress. In this report we present results for each of these SCI components for 11 of the 15 countries the TYPSS is supporting. The other 4 countries do not yet have data available.

Due to the wide ranging capacities of each individual country we have refrained from using a regional average as our key indicator. The average was found to be influenced heavily by a small number of countries who are scoring highly on the SCI, or where large improvements have been made. This potentially provides the false sense that the region is improving when in reality it may only be a small number of countries influencing the average while other countries may not have improved at all. Our solution to this is to set a **benchmark** indicating an expectation of the desired capacity each country should strive to achieve by end 2020. Note that all targets stated within this report are provisional only and are subject to modification following PSSC endorsement of the monitoring framework and further discussion on regional and country level targets by PSSC and NSOs.

We provisionally set the benchmark at **50/100 SCI** points. Our key indicators therefore report on the number of countries achieving the 50 point mark. We have proposed a target set at all 15 countries achieving 50 points on all SCI components by end 2020. This provides a backdrop for PSSC, TA providers and donor agencies to debate and strategically focus their support modalities on those countries who require it the most, while maintaining the capacity in countries who have reached the benchmark.

Progress against TYPSS Phase II Objectives

To measure progress against the achievement of each of the 5 TYPSS Phase II objectives we have selected a few key indicators that articulate whether National Statistics Offices

- have the required technical expertise to undertake core collections
- are producing and reporting appropriately
- are guided by strategy
- connect with their stakeholders
- are satisfactorily supported by TYPSS governance arrangements

¹⁰ Please see the link for more information on the SCI - <http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators>

At this point in time much of this information is being sourced directly from NSOs. In this report we will present information at hand to date of the June 2016 PSSC meeting, however we plan to be in a position to present a full set of information from all 15 countries for the PSSC-13 meeting.

Progress against TYPSS Activities

We present a view of the countries who have been supported in each particular aspect of capacity building through the large variety of modalities. We acknowledge that TA providers plan rigorously, take annual account of their activities, and provide numerous reports to their stakeholders (including PSSC). We do not yet seem to have a suitable mechanism of capturing all the activities taking place across all 15 countries at any point in time by all TA providers - up to 13 TA providers may be engaged in providing capacity building support in its various modalities.

The tables presented in this report bring together this information providing a view of countries who have been supported, over the last five-year period. As more information becomes available we will be in a position to present a view of gaps, over or under subscription of TA provision - from a regional lens. This will inform strategic discussions when determining regional priorities through to 2020, and advocating for particular capacity building modalities to be supported by donor agencies over the next 4-year period.

Also, this will provide a basis for target setting through to 2020 – ie “all 15 NSOs trained in the delivery and utilisation of Gender Statistics”, or ‘all 15 NSOs trained in Statistics Advocacy’, or ‘10 out of 15 NSOs have developed a mentoring system’. We expect there to be a large number of gaps in the information and will aim to present completed tables at the PSSC-13 meeting.

Current limitations

To improve the richness of information in areas where quantitative data is inappropriate to utilise we have suggested the use of qualitative methods. In particular Objective 4 relating to stakeholder utilisation provides an opportunity to discover more about how policy makers and planners utilise, seek out and absorb statistical information. The use of statistical information is a critical component of a successful statistics system. It therefore warrants deeper investigation through for example case study or policy focussed evaluation of how stakeholders find value in statistical products and what reporting formats are best for their requirements. Development of these monitoring tools will need to be addressed and implemented prior to PSSC-13.

This report does not aim to determine the extent to which statistics developed by countries within the TYPSS system are able to report on the Sustainable Development Goals. Our understanding is that a number of NSOs are undertaking (and planning to undertake) an alignment exercise identifying SDG indicators appropriate to their national strategies (or plans). This is an area that future reports may need to take into account.

Countries are required to report against a multitude of international development indicators. National Strategies for the Development of Statistics (NSDS) should consider all stakeholder requirements (including the international community), however we caution against indicators driving strategy development. Indicators do not and should not determine strategy. Strategy success and progress is merely monitored through appropriately selected indicators.

Country level reports

This report presents a country level view of the Statistical Capacity Indicator components. For each country four charts have been developed using data available from 2005. We have used charts to show the data and detect any signal of change. The purpose is not to show a trend line, but rather to determine a signal indicating definitive sustained change. The prominent ‘central line’ shown in each Country level chart is therefore the primary pattern we seek to visualise. If the pattern does not change, there is no signal. As more data becomes available through to 2020 the signals will help determine whether the TYPSS (as an intervention) and the associated activities have indeed made strengthened statistical capacity, the extent of the change within each country.

Feedback

We hope you enjoy reading this report and that it provides you with a better understanding of progress made through the collective efforts of all actors supporting statistics capacity development across the Pacific region. We encourage your input and invite you to submit your views and opinions to the TYPSS Coordination Unit.

PROGRESS IN BRIEF

2	PICTs scored over 50 points for the overall total score – Samoa and Fiji.	At least 5 PICTs have strong potential to reach 50 points ‘overall total’ by 2020 - Solomon Islands, PNG, Tonga, Vanuatu, and Palau
All	PICTs are meeting the benchmark in terms of ‘periodicity and timeliness’	Fantastic results. Consider re-setting the target higher at 60 points
5	Slipping on ‘methodology’, with 5 PICTs scoring below 40 points in 2015.	Fiji, Marshall Islands, Palau, Vanuatu, Kiribati
1	Fiji is doing well with ‘source data’ scores of 80 points – all other PICTs need to improve.	2 PICTs scoring below 30 in 2015 - FSM, Kiribati
3	Countries showing overall improvement	Fiji, Marshall Islands, Solomon Islands - with FSM, Palau and Tuvalu showing early signs of improvement too
3	Countries stable over ten-year period	Samoa, Tonga, Vanuatu
3	Countries most in need of statistics capacity development support	Kiribati, FSM and Palau – with Marshall Islands, PNG and Tuvalu
2	Countries need to identify reasons for decreasing scores over the last three years	Tonga, Vanuatu
4	PICTs not able to be assessed at this time	Cook Islands, Nauru, Tokelau, Niue

SUMMARY PERFORMANCE SHEET

PICT	SCI Overall	SCI P&T	SCI Method	SCI Source	OBJ 1 technical capacity	OBJ 2 producing &, reporting	OBJ 3 strategy (NSDS)	OBJ 4 utilisation	OBJ 5 governance
Fiji	👍 (↑14.6)	👍	👉	👍 (↑30)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Kiribati	👎	👉 (↓8)	👎 (↑12)	👎	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Marshall Islands	👎 (↑8.5)	👍	👎 (↑26)	👉 (↑7.5)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
FSM	👎	👉	👎	👎	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Palau	👎	👍	👎	👎	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
PNG	👉 (↓7.3)	👍	👎 (↓21)	👎	⇄	✖	✓	⇄	TBD
Samoa	👍	👍 (↓5.7)	👍 (↑11)	👎 (↓8)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Solomon Islands	👉 (↑13)	👍	👍 (↑29.4)	👎	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Tonga	👉	👍	👉	👎	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Tuvalu	👎	👍	👉	👎	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Vanuatu	👍	👍	👎	👉 (↑9.7)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Cook Islands	-	-	-	-	⇄	✖	✓	⇄	NS
Nauru	-	-	-	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Niue	-	-	-	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
Tokelau	-	-	-	-	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD

👍 = great work, 👉 = take notice; 👎 = action required;

✓ = met, ⇄ = partially met, ✖ = not met, NS = not satisfied, S = Satisfied

PROGRESS AGAINST STRATEGIC GOAL

Strengthened National and Regional Statistics Capacity

Ten PICTs are included in this table. They are Fiji, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, FSM, Palau, PNG, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tonga and Vanuatu. Tuvalu has three data points from 2013, however to ensure consistency throughout this time period (10 PICTs over the ten-year period 2005-2015) we have opted not to include Tuvalu in this particular table at this time. The Cook Islands, Nauru, Niue and Tokelau do not have SCI data available at this time.

# PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator score of 50 points or higher (out of 100)		Actual	Target	Comment
👉	Overall Total	<p>Currently 2 countries above 50 points</p> <p>2 (in 2015)</p> <p>6 (by 2020)</p> <p>15 (by 2030)</p> <p>In 2010, 2 PICTs scored over 50 on the SCI – Fiji, Tonga.</p> <p>In 2015, 2 PICTs scored over 50 on the SCI - Fiji and Samoa.</p> <p>Solomon Islands is very close to 50 points. PNG, Tonga, Vanuatu, and Palau in the mid-40 range.</p> <p>[Note: regional average = 45.2 points]</p>		
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>Currently 9 countries above 50 points</p> <p>9 (in 2015)</p> <p>10 (by 2020)</p> <p>15 (by 2030)</p> <p>At least 10 PICTs scored over 50 points for ten years up to 2014</p> <p>In 2015, 1 country dropped slightly below the 50 point mark – FSM (46.7).</p> <p>[Note: regional average = 59.7 points]</p>		
	Methodology	<p>Currently 2 countries above 50 points</p> <p>2 (in 2015)</p> <p>6 (by 2020)</p> <p>15 (by 2030)</p> <p>In 2010, 3 PICTs scored over 50 on the SCI – Tonga, Solomon Islands and Samoa.</p> <p>In 2012 and 2013, 5 PICTs scored over 50 on the SCI – Fiji, Marshall Islands Samoa, Tonga and Solomon Islands.</p> <p>In 2015, 2 PICTs scored over 50 on the SCI – Solomon Islands and Samoa.</p> <p>[Note: regional average = 37 points]</p>		
	Source Data	<p>Currently 2 countries above 50 points</p> <p>2 (in 2015)</p> <p>5 (by 2020)</p> <p>15 (by 2030)</p> <p>In 2010, 3 PICTs scored over 50 on the SCI – Fiji, Marshall Islands and Tonga</p> <p>In 2015, 2 PICTs scored over 50 on the SCI – Vanuatu and Fiji</p> <p>[Note: regional average = 39 points]</p>		

👍 = great work, 👉 = take notice; 🚨 = action required; ♦ = PSSC target 2020

[Note: n=10 from 2005-2012, n=11 from 2013-2015 with Tuvalu data included as from 2013]

PROGRESS AGAINST OBJECTIVE 1

NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections		Over the period 2010-2015	2020 target	Fiji	Kiribati	Marshall Islands	FSM	Palau	PNG	Samoa	Solomon Islands	Tonga	Tuvalu	Vanuatu	Cook Islands	Nauru	Niue	Tokelau
OBJ 1a	# of NSOs with sufficient technical capacity – all core collections	TBD	15						✖						✖			
OBJ 1b	# of NSOs with optimal staffing	TBD	15						✖						✖			
OBJ 1c	# of NSOs with optimal staff expertise	TBD	15						✓						✖			
OBJ 1d	# of NSOs with average staff experience of 10 years +	TBD	15												18			
<i>Activity 1.1 Training to deliver core collections</i>																		
1.1.1	# of NSOs trained in Population Census	TBD	15												✓	✓		
1.1.2	# of NSOs trained in CRVS	TBD	15												✓	✓		
1.1.3	# of NSOs trained in DHS	TBD	15															
1.1.4	# of NSOs trained in Agricultural Surveys	TBD	15															
<i>Activity 1.2 Training to deliver administrative statistics</i>																		
1.2.1	# of NSOs trained in National Accounts	TBD	15												✓			
1.2.2	# of NSOs trained in Prices	TBD	15												✓			
1.2.3	# of NSOs trained in External Sector Statistics	TBD	15												✓			
1.2.4	# of NSOs trained in Merchandise Trade Statistics	TBD	15												✓			
1.2.5	# of NSOs trained in Government Finance Statistics	TBD	15												✓			
1.2.6	# of NSOs trained in Economic Data Dissemination	TBD	15															
1.2.7	# of NSOs trained in Strategic Planning for Economic Statistics	TBD	15															
1.2.8	# of NSOs trained in Environmental Economic Accounting	TBD	15															
1.2.9	# of NSOs trained in Classification and Standards	TBD	15															
1.2.10	# of NSOs trained in Tourism Statistics	TBD	15															
<i>Activity 1.3: Training to deliver and utilise social statistics</i>																		
1.3.1	# of NSOs trained in Education Statistics	TBD	15															
1.3.2	# of NSOs trained in Health Statistics	TBD	15															
1.3.3	# of NSOs trained in Climate Change Statistics	TBD	15															
1.3.4	# of NSOs trained in Cultural Statistics	TBD	15															
1.3.5	# of NSOs trained in Gender Statistics	TBD	15												✓	✓		
1.3.6	# of NSOs trained in Disability Statistics	TBD	15															

✓ = yes, ✖ = no, ⇔ = to some extent

PROGRESS AGAINST OBJECTIVE 2

NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.		Over the period 2010-2015	2020 target	Fiji	Kiribati	Marshall Islands	FSM	Palau	PNG	Samoa	Solomon Islands	Tonga	Tuvalu	Vanuatu	Cook Islands	Nauru	Niue	Tokelau
OBJ 2a	# of NSOs producing their core set of statistics	TBD	15						✖						✖			
OBJ 2b	# of NSOs reporting within timeframes	TBD	15						✖						✖			
OBJ 2c	NSO Budget to Total Country Budget ratio	TBD							0.04						0.2	0.08		
<i>Activity 2.1 Support provided to NSOs to undertake collections.</i>																		
2.1.1	# of NSOs supported to undertake collections	TBD	15												✓	✓		
<i>Activity 2.2 Support provided to NSOs to analyse and disseminate statistics.</i>																		
2.2.1	# of NSOs supported to analyse and disseminate statistics	TBD	15												✓	✓		
<i>Activity 2.3 Support provided to develop Statistics Professional Development Plans</i>																		
2.3.1	# of NSOs with PDPs for each staff member	TBD	15												✖			

✓ = yes, ✖ = no, ⇔ = to some extent

PROGRESS AGAINST OBJECTIVE 3

NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.		Over the period 2010-2015	2020 target	Fiji	Kiribati	Marshall Islands	FSM	Palau	PNG	Samoa	Solomon Islands	Tonga	Tuvalu	Vanuatu	Cook Islands	Nauru	Niue	Tokelau
OBJ 3a	# of NSOs who have a current NSDS	TBD	15						✓						✓			
OBJ 3b	# of NSOs who have NSDS / SDG alignment	TBD	15						✓						✓			
<i>Activity 3.1 Support provided to NSOs to design and implement a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.</i>																		
3.1.1	# of NSOs supported to develop a NSDS	TBD	15												✓			
<i>Activity 3.2 Support provided to NSOs to develop national statistical priorities</i>																		
3.2.1	# of NSOs supported to develop national priorities	TBD	15												✓			

✓ = yes, ✖ = no, ⇔ = to some extent

PROGRESS AGAINST OBJECTIVE 4

Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.		Over the period 2010-2015	2020 target	Fiji	Kiribati	Marshall Islands	FSM	Palau	PNG	Samoa	Solomon Islands	Tonga	Tuvalu	Vanuatu	Cook Islands	Nauru	Niue	Tokelau
OBJ 4a	# of NSOs with high levels of stakeholder utilisation	TBD	15						✖						✖			
OBJ 4b	# of NSOs with sufficient dissemination budget	TBD	15						?						0.1			
Activity 4.1 Deliver statistical analysis and reporting that adds technical value																		
4.1.1	Added value - technical	TBD	15												↕			
Activity 4.2 Deliver statistical analysis and reporting that adds decision making value																		
4.2.1	Added value – decision making	TBD	15												↕			

✓ = yes, ✖ = no, ↕ = to some extent

PROGRESS AGAINST OBJECTIVE 5

National and regional statistics governance is functioning effectively		Over the period 2010-2015	2020 target	Fiji	Kiribati	Marshall Islands	FSM	Palau	PNG	Samoa	Solomon Islands	Tonga	Tuvalu	Vanuatu	Cook Islands	Nauru	Niue	Tokelau
OBJ 5a	# of NSOs with TA workplans aligned to national priorities	TBD	15						✓									
OBJ 5b	# of NSOs with TA workplans to 2020	TBD	15						✓									
OBJ 5c	Tech provider cooperation creating efficiencies for NSOs	TBD	15						↕									
Activity 5.1 Support provided for statistics advocacy.																		
5.1.1	# of NSOs trained to support statistics advocacy	TBD	15												✓			
Activity 5.2 Support provided to develop a national statistics mentoring system.																		
5.2.1	# of NSOs with a mentoring system	TBD	15															
Activity 5.3 Support provided to NSOs in the form of South-South cooperation exchanges.																		
5.3.1	# of NSOs supported through South-South cooperation	TBD	10												✓			
Activity 5.4 Support provided to improve regional coordination																		
5.4.1	PSSC member satisfaction with TA scheduling information	TBD	15												✖			
5.4.2	PSSC member satisfaction with support of PSSC	TBD	15												↕			
5.4.3	NSO satisfaction with TA coordination	TBD	15												✖			
5.4.4	NSO satisfaction with PSSC recommendations to Pacific Leaders	TBD	15												✖			
5.4.5	TYPSS TA Partner Organisation satisfaction with Coordination Unit	TBD	15															
5.4.6	TYPSS Coordination Unit value for money	TBD	15															

✓ = yes, ✖ = no, ↕ = to some extent

CRITICAL NSO CAPACITY GAPS

The following paragraphs provide an indication of the most critical capacity gaps as reported (verbatim) by NSOs. NSOs not represented in this section have not yet submitted this information.

Papua New Guinea

- Adequately trained human resources in the Economics Statistics Division
- Finance to conduct relevant statistical surveys and censuses such as the Census of Business Activities, Household Income Expenditure Surveys, Demographic & Health Survey, and the Labour Force Survey among other statistical collections and operations; and
- Funding to support the implementation of the PNG Strategy for the Development of Statistics (PNGSDS)

COUNTRY LEVEL REPORTS

Fiji

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
<div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	Overall Total	<p>↑ Up 14.6 points. Above target.</p>	61.3 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 80 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC 2020 Target Central line at 68.7 points Signal shows improvement of 14.6 points on previous central line
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>No change. Above target.</p>	83.3 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 90 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC 2020 Target Central line at 80 points Signal shows no change <p>Note: short positive run since 2013</p>
	Methodology	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	29.4 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 40 points Signal shows no change <p>Note: short positive run between 2011 to 2014 which was on target at 50 points.</p>
	Source Data	<p>↑ Up 29.4 points. Above target.</p>	70.0 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 90 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 71.4 points Signal shows improvement <p>Note: short positive run between 2011 to 2014 which was at 80 points.</p>

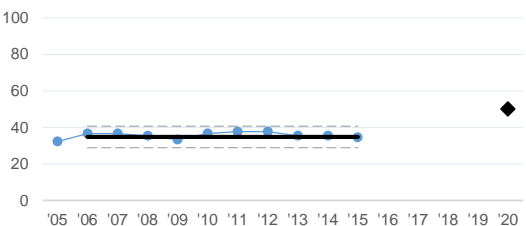
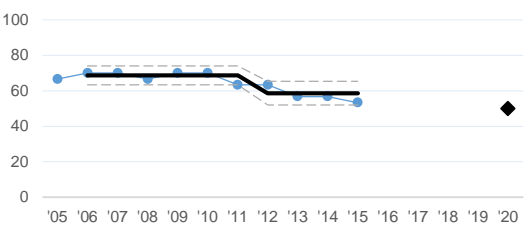
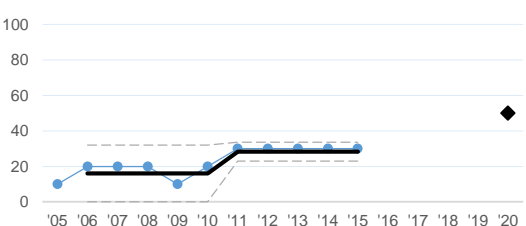

👍 = great work,
 👉 = take notice;
 🔴 = action required;
 ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Kiribati

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
R	Overall Total	<p>No change. Below target.</p> 	34.4 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 34.8 points Signal remains stable at below 40 points – action required.
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>Down 8 points. Above target.</p> 	53.3 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 58.7 points Signal shows deterioration <p>Note: even though the target has been these is a slide starting from 2010.</p>
	Methodology	<p>Up 12.3 points. Below target.</p> 	30.0 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC 2020 target Central line at 33.6 points Signal shows improvement <p>Note: below 40 points – action required.</p>
	Source Data	<p>No change. Below target. No Variation</p> 	20 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 20 points Signal remains stable (no variation since 2005) <p>Note: below 40 points – action required.</p>

👍 = great work, 🙋 = take notice; R = action required; ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Papua New Guinea

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
👉	Overall Total	<p>⬇️ Down 7.3 points. Below target.</p>	45.6 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 41.1 points Signal shows deterioration. <p>Note: last two data points have been close to 50, but just below the target.</p>
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>➡️ No change. Above target.</p>	66.7 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 70 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 65.3 points Signal is stable
	Methodology	<p>⬇️ Down 21 points. Below target.</p>	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 35 points Signal shows deterioration <p>Note: below 40 points – action required.</p>
	Source Data	<p>➡️ No change. Below target.</p>	30 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 24 points Signal remains stable <p>Note: below 40 points – action required.</p>

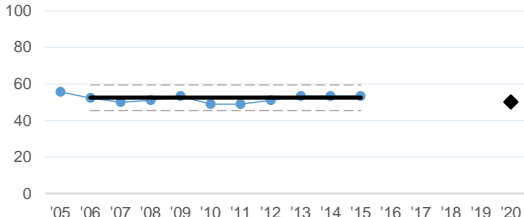
👍 = great work, 👉 = take notice; 🛠️ = action required; ◆ = PSSC target 2020


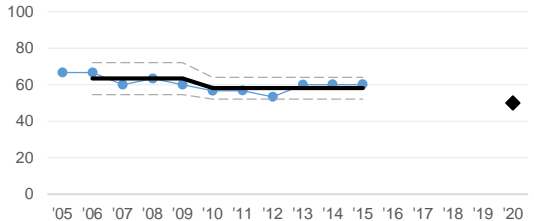

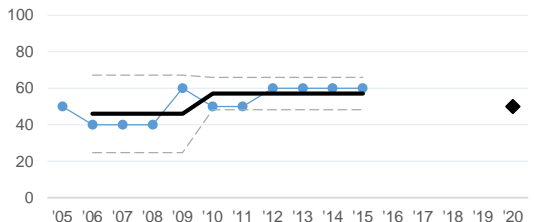

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Samoa

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment																																		
👍	Overall Total	<div><div>No change. Above target.</div><table><tr><th>Year</th><th>Score</th></tr><tr><td>'05</td><td>56</td></tr><tr><td>'06</td><td>53</td></tr><tr><td>'07</td><td>51</td></tr><tr><td>'08</td><td>51</td></tr><tr><td>'09</td><td>52</td></tr><tr><td>'10</td><td>50</td></tr><tr><td>'11</td><td>49</td></tr><tr><td>'12</td><td>51</td></tr><tr><td>'13</td><td>54</td></tr><tr><td>'14</td><td>53</td></tr><tr><td>'15</td><td>53</td></tr><tr><td>'16</td><td>53</td></tr><tr><td>'17</td><td>53</td></tr><tr><td>'18</td><td>53</td></tr><tr><td>'19</td><td>53</td></tr><tr><td>'20</td><td>53.3</td></tr></table></div>	Year	Score	'05	56	'06	53	'07	51	'08	51	'09	52	'10	50	'11	49	'12	51	'13	54	'14	53	'15	53	'16	53	'17	53	'18	53	'19	53	'20	53.3	53.3 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 70 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Currently above PSSC targetCentral line at 52.4 pointsSignal stable
		Year	Score																																				
'05	56																																						
'06	53																																						
'07	51																																						
'08	51																																						
'09	52																																						
'10	50																																						
'11	49																																						
'12	51																																						
'13	54																																						
'14	53																																						
'15	53																																						
'16	53																																						
'17	53																																						
'18	53																																						
'19	53																																						
'20	53.3																																						

	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>↓ Down 5.7 points. Above target.</p> 	60 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 70 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 58.1 points Signal shows slight deterioration
	Methodology	<p>↑ Up 11.1 points. Above target.</p> 	60 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 70 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 57.1 points Signal shows slight improvement
	Source Data	<p>↓ Down 8 points. Below target.</p> 	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC Target Central line at 40 points Signal shows slight deterioration <p>Note: have been on 40 points for the last 5 years – action required.</p>

👍 = great work, 📢 = take notice; 🛠 = action required; ♦ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Solomon Islands

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
👉	Overall Total	<p>⬆️ Up 13 points. Below target.</p>	48.9 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 80 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC Target Central line at 44.3 points Signal shows improvement of 13 points on previous central line (31.3 points). <p>Note: Short run emerging as from 2013. Good result, but still just below the target of 50 points.</p>
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>No change. Above target.</p>	56.7 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC Target Central line at 53.7 points Signal stable <p>Note: positive data points in 2001, 2012, and again in 2014, 2015</p>
	Methodology	<p>⬆️ Up 29.4 points. Above target.</p>	60 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 70 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC Target Central line at 51.4 points Signal shows improvement of 29.4 point – fantastic! <p>Note: short run emerging as from 2013 onwards</p>
	Source Data	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC Target Central line at 20 points Signal stable <p>Note: short positive run as from 2013 onwards, but still well below the target - action required.</p>

👍 = great work, 👉 = take notice; 🚨 = action required; ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Tonga

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
👉	Overall Total	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	47.8 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 51.6 points Signal stable <p>Note: negative short run as from 2013.</p>
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>No change. Above target.</p>	63.3 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 59.3 points Signal stable
	Methodology	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 48 points Signal stable
	Source Data	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 70 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 54.7 Signal stable <p>Note: Short positive run between 2010 to 2012, but then a short negative run from 2013 to 2015. Even though the central line is above the target (that's great), action is required regarding the source data.</p>

👍 = great work, 👉 = take notice; 🛠 = action required; ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment																		
R	Overall Total	<div><div>No signal. Below target.</div><table><caption>Overall Total Score Data</caption><thead><tr><th>Year</th><th>Score</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>'13</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>'14</td><td>35</td></tr><tr><td>'15</td><td>40</td></tr><tr><td>'16</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>'17</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>'18</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>'19</td><td>-</td></tr><tr><td>'20</td><td>-</td></tr></tbody></table></div>	Year	Score	'13	30	'14	35	'15	40	'16	-	'17	-	'18	-	'19	-	'20	-	37.8 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Currently below PSSC targetCentral line will be calculated following the 2017 assessmentNo signal yetNote: Currently below 40 points – action required.
		Year	Score																				
'13	30																						
'14	35																						
'15	40																						
'16	-																						
'17	-																						
'18	-																						
'19	-																						
'20	-																						

	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>No signal. Above target.</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Year</th><th>Score</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>'13</td><td>50</td></tr><tr><td>'14</td><td>50</td></tr><tr><td>'15</td><td>53.3</td></tr><tr><td>'20</td><td>50 (Target)</td></tr></tbody></table>	Year	Score	'13	50	'14	50	'15	53.3	'20	50 (Target)	53.3 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Currently above PSSC targetCentral line will be calculated following the 2017 assessmentNo signal yet
Year	Score														
'13	50														
'14	50														
'15	53.3														
'20	50 (Target)														
	Methodology	<p>No signal. Below target.</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Year</th><th>Score</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>'13</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>'14</td><td>30</td></tr><tr><td>'15</td><td>40</td></tr><tr><td>'20</td><td>50 (Target)</td></tr></tbody></table>	Year	Score	'13	20	'14	30	'15	40	'20	50 (Target)	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Currently below PSSC targetCentral line will be calculated following the 2017 assessmentNo signal yet <p>Note: even though low scores at present the current positive rate of improvement (if continued) is promising.</p>
Year	Score														
'13	20														
'14	30														
'15	40														
'20	50 (Target)														
	Source Data	<p>No signal. Below target.</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Year</th><th>Score</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>'13</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>'14</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>'15</td><td>20</td></tr><tr><td>'20</td><td>50 (Target)</td></tr></tbody></table>	Year	Score	'13	20	'14	20	'15	20	'20	50 (Target)	20 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Currently below PSSC targetCentral line will be calculated following the 2017 assessmentNo signal yet <p>Note: well below 40 points - action required</p>
Year	Score														
'13	20														
'14	20														
'15	20														
'20	50 (Target)														

👍 = great work, 👉 = take notice; 🔴 = action required; ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Vanuatu

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
<div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	Overall Total	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	45.6 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 52 points Signal stable <p>Note: Short negative run from 2012 to 2015.</p>
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>↓ Down 6.1 points. Above target.</p>	56.7 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 70 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 61.1 points Signal shows deterioration in the period 2006 to 2008, but then stable from 2009 onward
	Methodology	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	30 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 54 points Signal stable, but with high variability (moving range) <p>Note: Short negative run as from 2012 to 2015 – action required</p>
	Source Data	<p>↑ 9.75 points. On target.</p>	50 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently on PSSC target Central line at 43.7 points Signal shows improvement, and then stable as from 2010 <p>Note: Continued improvement required to bring central line above target</p>

🍏 = great work, 🍏 = take notice; 🚩 = action required; ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Marshall Islands

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
👎	Overall Total	<p>⬆️ Up 8.5 points. Below target.</p> <p>100 80 60 40 20 0</p> <p>'05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20</p>	37.8 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 45.1 points Signal shows improvement, but the 2015 point is below 40 – action required
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>No change. Above target.</p> <p>100 80 60 40 20 0</p> <p>'05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20</p>	53.3 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 60 points Signal stable
	Methodology	<p>⬆️ Up 26 points. Below target.</p> <p>100 80 60 40 20 0</p> <p>'05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20</p>	20 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 36 points Signal shows improvement <p>Note: high variability from 2011 to 2015 with scores of 50 points in 2012 and 2013, then a sharp deterioration in 2014 and 2015 – action required.</p>
	Source Data	<p>⬆️ Up 7.5 points. Below target.</p> <p>100 80 60 40 20 0</p> <p>'05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20</p>	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 47.5 points Signal shows improvement <p>Note: potential short negative run forming as from 2014</p>

👍 = great work, 🙌 = take notice; 📉 = action required; ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Federated States of Micronesia

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
<div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> <div></div> </div>	Overall Total	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	61.3 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 32.2 points Signal stable <p>Note: short positive run from 2012 onward, but still below 40 points – action required</p>
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	46.7 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 54.4 points Signal stable <p>Note: Potentially a short negative run developing from 2014</p>
	Methodology	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 24 points Signal stable <p>Note: Short positive run as from 2012, but still a long way below the target – action required</p>
	Source Data	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	20 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 50 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 20 points Signal stable <p>Note: No variation (or improvement) as from 2005 – action required</p>

👍 = great work, 🙋 = take notice; 🛠 = action required; ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
R	Overall Total	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	42.2 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 35.5 points Signal stable <p>Note: Well below the target – action required</p>
	Periodicity and timeliness	<p>No change. Above target.</p>	56.7 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently above PSSC target Central line at 52.7 points Signal stable
	Methodology	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	30 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 14 points Signal stable <p>Note: potential improvement showing from 2014, but still very low score – action required</p>
	Source Data	<p>No change. Below target.</p>	40 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020) 60 (by 2030)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Currently below PSSC target Central line at 40 points Signal stable <p>Note: no variation or improvement since 2005 – action required</p>

👍 = great work,
 👉 = take notice;
 R = action required;
 ◆ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Cook Islands

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
	Overall Total	No data available			

👍 = great work, 🙋 = take notice; 🛠 = action required; ♦ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4	Yes Partially No
OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	PARTIALLY
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	PARTIALLY

Key risk / issue (current):

Economic Statistics - GFS/Banking/National Accounts/BOP statistics, given the retirement of the National Accounts compiler and the sudden loss of critical staff due to medical reasons.

Most useful TA support provided includes

Attachments to TA providers for example

- the Pacific Annual attachment programme to StatsNZ;
- UN SIAP/JICA Increasing capability for producing statistics relating to MDG;
- CRVS with SPC;
- National Accounts/BoP from PFTAC;
- South-South Cooperation Census2011 processing;

Attachments from TA providers from SPC for example Demographic/Gender/Youth/Labour Force Profile

Key priority / opportunity (current):

Additional notes:

Note relating to expertise within the NSO (Other Degrees):

- 1 Economic Statistics/Management;
- 1 Economics;
- 1 Business Studies;
- 1 Official Statistics;
- 1 Management/Psychology;
- 1 Public Health Administration

Nauru

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
	Overall Total	No data available			

👍 = great work, 🙋 = take notice; 🚧 = action required; ♦ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4	Yes Partially No
OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Key risk / issue (current):

Key priority / opportunity (current):

Niue

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
	Overall Total	No data available			

👍 = great work, 🙋 = take notice; 🚧 = action required; ♦ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4	Yes Partially No
OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Key risk / issue (current):

Key priority / opportunity (current):

Tokelau

Statistical Capacity Indicator Score (out of 100)			Actual	Target	Comment
	Overall Total	No data available			

👍 = great work, 🙋 = take notice; 🛠 = action required; ♦ = PSSC target 2020

Are you meeting TYPSS Objectives 1-4

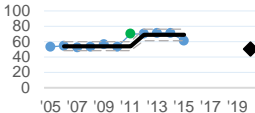
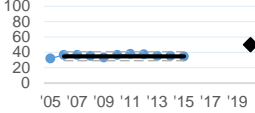
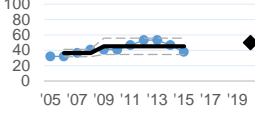
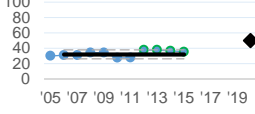
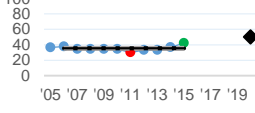
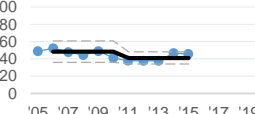
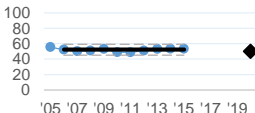
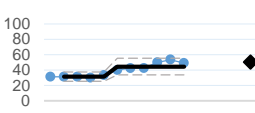
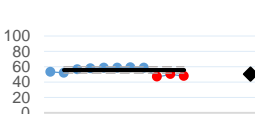
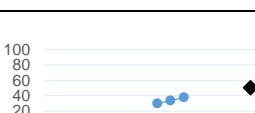
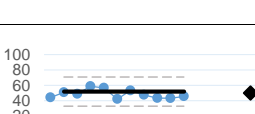
Yes | Partially | No

OBJ 1: NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 2: NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 3: NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	YES PARTIALLY NO
OBJ 4: Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.	YES PARTIALLY NO

Key risk / issue (current):

Key priority / opportunity (current):

SUMMARY RESPONSE SHEET – for PSSC completion

PICT	SCI Overall Total	2015 actual	2020 target	PSSC response (decisions, actions, guidance, etc)
Fiji		61 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Kiribati		34 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Marshall Islands		38 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
FSM		36 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Palau		42 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Papua New Guinea		48 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Samoa		52 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Solomon Islands		44 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Tonga		48 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Tuvalu		37.8 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Vanuatu		46 (in 2015)	50 (by 2020)	To be inserted following PSSC-12
Not available	Cook Islands, Nauru, Niue, Tokelau			To be inserted following PSSC-12

Ten Year Pacific Statistics Strategy: Phase II

Indicator Specifications

01 June 2016

TYPSS Coordination Unit

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DRAFT

INTRODUCTION

Purpose

The purpose of this document is to provide technical specifications for each indicator used in the TYPSS Phase II Monitoring Framework.

Indicator Technical Information

This document provides detailed information related to each indicator which includes:

Description of the indicator:	short name and detailed definition
Intent of the indicator:	what it is intended to monitor
Where it fits:	its alignment to objectives
How it is calculated:	units it is measured in, and any calculation required
How it's data should be presented:	what format presentation could take
Data Response:	what signal are we seeking to see
Performance Owners:	who has the ability to influence the results, who takes ownership of the data
Additional Notes:	any additional information that may be useful to better understand the intent, calculations, and expected response

Results Matrix Subcommittee

The intention is for the TYPSS Coordination Unit to take ownership of the monitoring framework as part of a wider organisational learning environment. This includes updating the framework on a continuous basis as new information comes to hand, requesting information at appropriate times and reporting on progress annually.

Further development of the monitoring framework, in particular the indicator specifications, should be owned by a results working group such as the current subcommittee. Members of the results working group should have input into the technical specifications. They should also have sufficient knowledge of the indicator set and how they fit within the monitoring framework. The working group members should have an opportunity to provide insights into the annual performance report.

Alignment to the Monitoring Framework

This document should not be read in isolation. It is a supplement to the TYPSS Phase 2 Monitoring Framework and should therefore be read in that context. These specifications form the basis for ongoing monitoring of the Ten Year Statistics Strategy. It is essential that these indicators be revisited over time, their suitability and feasibility reassessed, and that this technical information be updated as the monitoring framework matures.

GOAL INDICATORS

G1 # of PICTs with SCI 'overall total' over 50 points		
Description	The number of TYPSS PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator 'overall total' scores of at least 50 points	
Intent	<p>To assess the statistical capacity of the region using the World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator 'overall total' score of 50 points as a benchmark.</p> <p>The countries included are: Fiji, Marshall Islands, FSM, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Tonga, Vanuatu, Solomon Islands, Kiribati. Tuvalu has assessment scores available as from 2013 and has been included from that point in time.</p> <p>See the following link for more detailed information on the SCI: http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators </p>	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	Goal
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	Strengthened national and regional statistical capacity.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	An upgraded and extended country and regional statistics information system and database across all sectors
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of PICTs with an SCI 'overall total' score of at least 50 points.
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS (as more PICTs are assessed by the World Bank they can be included)
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Line Chart
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of PICTs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>PSSC will need to determine the benchmark and target for this indicator. Currently the benchmark is set at SCI 'overall total' score of 50 points or higher.</p> <p>If it is feasible that all PICTs have the potential to achieve the 50 point benchmark then the targets can be set as per the results matrix. For this indicator we have pushed the target dates out to 2030 which indicates the length time that may be required to create this change.</p>	

G1a # of PICTs with SCI 'periodicity and timeliness' over 50 points

Description	The number of TYPSS PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator 'periodicity and timeliness' scores of at least 50 points	
Intent	<p>To assess the statistical capacity of the region using the World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator 'periodicity and timeliness' score of 50 points as a benchmark.</p> <p>The countries included are: Fiji, Marshall Islands, FSM, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Tonga, Vanuatu, Solomon Islands, Kiribati. Tuvalu has assessment scores available as from 2013 and has been included from that point in time.</p> <p>See the following link for more detailed information on the SCI: http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators</p>	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	Goal
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	Strengthened national and regional statistical capacity.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	An upgraded end extended country and regional statistics information system and database across all sectors
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of PICTs with an SCI 'periodicity and timeliness' score of at least 50 points.
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS (as more PICTs are assessed by the World Bank they can be included)
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Line Chart
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of PICTs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>PSSC will need to determine the benchmark and target for this indicator. Currently the benchmark is set at SCI 'periodicity and timeliness' score of 50 points or higher.</p> <p>If it is feasible that all PICTs have the potential to achieve the 50 point benchmark then the targets can be set as per the results matrix. For this indicator we have pushed the target dates out to 2030 which indicates the length time that may be required to create this change.</p>	

G1b # of PICTs with SCI 'methodology' over 50 points

Description	The number of TYPSS PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator 'methodology' scores of at least 50 points	
Intent	<p>To assess the statistical capacity of the region using the World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator 'methodology' score of 50 points as a benchmark.</p> <p>The countries included are: Fiji, Marshall Islands, FSM, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Tonga, Vanuatu, Solomon Islands, Kiribati. Tuvalu has assessment scores available as from 2013 and has been included from that point in time.</p> <p>See the following link for more detailed information on the SCI: http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators</p>	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	Goal
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	Strengthened national and regional statistical capacity.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	An upgraded end extended country and regional statistics information system and database across all sectors
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of PICTs with an SCI 'methodology' score of at least 50 points.
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS (as more PICTs are assessed by the World Bank they can be included)
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Line Chart
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of PICTs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>PSSC will need to determine the benchmark and target for this indicator. Currently the benchmark is set at SCI 'methodology' score of 50 points or higher.</p> <p>If it is feasible that all PICTs have the potential to achieve the 50 point benchmark then the targets can be set as per the results matrix. For this indicator we have pushed the target dates out to 2030 which indicates the length time that may be required to create this change.</p>	

G1c # of PICTs with SCI 'source data' over 50 points

Description	The number of TYPSS PICTs with Statistical Capacity Indicator 'source data' scores of at least 50 points	
Intent	<p>To assess the statistical capacity of the region using the World Bank Statistical Capacity Indicator 'source data' score of 50 points as a benchmark.</p> <p>The countries included are: Fiji, Marshall Islands, FSM, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Tonga, Vanuatu, Solomon Islands, Kiribati. Tuvalu has assessment scores available as from 2013 and has been included from that point in time.</p> <p>See the following link for more detailed information on the SCI: http://databank.worldbank.org/data/reports.aspx?source=Statistical-capacity-indicators</p>	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	Goal
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	Strengthened national and regional statistical capacity.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	An upgraded end extended country and regional statistics information system and database across all sectors
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of PICTs with an SCI 'source data' score of at least 50 points.
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS (as more PICTs are assessed by the World Bank they can be included)
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Line Chart
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of PICTs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>PSSC will need to determine the benchmark and target for this indicator. Currently the benchmark is set at SCI 'source data' score of 50 points or higher.</p> <p>If it is feasible that all PICTs have the potential to achieve the 50 point benchmark then the targets can be set as per the results matrix. For this indicator we have pushed the target dates out to 2030 which indicates the length time that may be required to create this change.</p>	

OBJECTIVE 1 INDICATORS

OBJ 1a: # of NSOs with sufficient technical capacity – all core collections		
Description	The number of NSOs who have the technical capacity to undertake and report on all core statistical collections.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices are fit for purpose in terms of their ability to undertake core statistical collections. Technical capacity means an overall view of staffing numbers, staff expertise and budget availability to undertake core collections.	
Where it fits	Objective #	One
	Objective description – short	NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections
	Objective description – full	Pacific island countries and territories have the technical capacity and capability (either in-house capacity or through timely accessible technical support), to manage and implement all core statistical collections, including key administrative databases, as required by their national development plans, including their national strategy for the development of statistics (NSDS).
Calculation	Formula	Count of NSOs
	Frequency	Every 5 years
	Scope	All PICTs under the TYPPS
Presentation	Comparison type	Time series
	Presentation method	Table
	Frequency	Every 5 years
Response	What do we expect to see	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	Performance owner	NSO Government Statistician
	Definition owner	PSSC
	Data owner	TYPPS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs – but this might realistically not ever be achievable. PSSC will need to determine which NSOs have the potential to meet the description of this measure.	

OBJ 1b: # of NSOs with optimal staffing

Description	The number of NSOs meeting their optimal staffing requirements.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices (Government Statisticians) are satisfied they have sufficient staff numbers available to undertake all core statistical collections at the required times. .	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	One
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories have the technical capacity and capability (either in-house capacity or through timely accessible technical support), to manage and implement all core statistical collections, including key administrative databases, as required by their national development plans, including their national strategy for the development of statistics (NSDS).
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs – but this might realistically not ever be achievable. PSSC will need to determine which NSOs have the potential to meet the description of this measure.	

OBJ 1c: # of NSOs with optimal staff expertise

Description	The number of NSOs meeting their optimal expertise requirements.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices (Government Statisticians) are satisfied they have sufficient staff expertise available to undertake all core statistical collections at the required times. This includes the right 'mix' of expertise at all levels of the NSO. Expertise in this sense means a staff member having a suitable statistics qualification (Degree, Diploma, Certificate, accredited short courses, etc) to undertake the requirements of their role.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	One
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories have the technical capacity and capability (either in-house capacity or through timely accessible technical support), to manage and implement all core statistical collections, including key administrative databases, as required by their national development plans, including their national strategy for the development of statistics (NSDS).
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs – but this might realistically not ever be achievable. PSSC will need to determine which NSOs have the potential to meet the description of this measure.	

OBJ 1d: # of NSOs with average staff experience of 10 years +

Description	The number of NSOs who have an average staff experience of 10 years or more in a NSO.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices (Government Statisticians) have experienced staff available to undertake all core statistical collections at the required times. A benchmark indicating an average NSO staff experience of 10 years signals an optimal timeframe for staff to be considered experienced (hands-on) in the variety of statistical functions undertaken by an NSO.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	One
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	NSOs have technical capacity to undertake all core statistical collections
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories have the technical capacity and capability (either in-house capacity or through timely accessible technical support), to manage and implement all core statistical collections, including key administrative databases, as required by their national development plans, including their national strategy for the development of statistics (NSDS).
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs – but this might realistically not ever be achievable. PSSC will need to determine which NSOs have the potential to meet the description of this measure.	

OBJ 1: Activity Indicators

1.1.1 # of NSOs trained in Population Census

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Population Census	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake a Population Census.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.1
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver core collections
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	NSO staff from Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise core collections.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake a Population Census at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.1.2 # of NSOs trained in CRVS

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS)	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake CRVS.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.1
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver core collections
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	NSO staff from Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise core collections.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake a CRVS at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	
	All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.	

1.1.3 # of NSOs trained in DHS

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Demographic and Health Surveys (DHS)	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake DHS.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.1
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver core collections
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	NSO staff from Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise core collections.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake a DHS at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.1.4 # of NSOs trained in Agricultural Surveys

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Agricultural Surveys	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Agricultural Surveys.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.1
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver core collections
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	NSO staff from Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise core collections.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Agricultural Surveys at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	
	All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.	

1.2.1 # of NSOs trained in National Accounts

Description	The number of NSOs trained in National Accounts	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake National Accounts.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake National Accounts at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.2 # of NSOs trained in Prices

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Prices	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Prices.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Prices at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.3 # of NSOs trained in External Sector Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in External Sector Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake External Sector Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake External Sector Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.4 # of NSOs trained in Merchandise Trade Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Merchandise Trade Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Merchandise Trade Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Merchandise Trade Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.5 # of NSOs trained in Government Finance Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Government Finance Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Government Finance Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Government Finance Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.6 # of NSOs trained in Economic Data Dissemination

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Economic Data Dissemination	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Economic Data Dissemination.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Economic Data Dissemination at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.7 # of NSOs trained in Strategic Planning for Economic Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Strategic Planning for Economic Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Strategic Planning for Economic Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Strategic Planning for Economic Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.8 # of NSOs trained in Environmental Economic Accounting

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Environmental Economic Accounting	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Environmental Economic Accounting.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Environmental Economic Accounting at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.9 # of NSOs trained in Classification and Standards

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Classification and Standards	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Classification and Standards.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Classification and Standards at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.2.10 # of NSOs trained in Tourism Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Tourism Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Tourism Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver administrative statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and support the integration, quality and increased use of administrative statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Tourism Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.3.1 # of NSOs trained in Education Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Education Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Education Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.3
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver and utilise social statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise social statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Education Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.3.2 # of NSOs trained in Health Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Health Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Health Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.3
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver and utilise social statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise social statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Health Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.3.3 # of NSOs trained in Climate Change Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Climate Change Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Climate Change Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.3
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver and utilise social statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise social statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Climate Change Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.3.4 # of NSOs trained in Cultural Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Cultural Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Cultural Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.3
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver and utilise social statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise social statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Cultural Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.3.5 # of NSOs trained in Gender Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Gender Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Gender Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.3
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver and utilise social statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise social statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Gender Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

1.3.6 # of NSOs trained in Disability Statistics

Description	The number of NSOs trained in Disability Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Office staff have been trained to undertake Disability Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	1.3
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Training to deliver and utilise social statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries have been trained to deliver and utilise social statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs to the point where all NSO are sufficiently trained to undertake the activity.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO trained to undertake Disability Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

OBJECTIVE 2 INDICATORS

OBJ 2a # of NSOs producing their core set of statistics		
Description	The number of NSOs who are producing their core set of statistics as planned.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices are implementing their plans. It is also an indication of the impact of the knowledge gained – ie putting into practice the skills developed through capacity building activities such as training provided.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	2
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics..
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories are producing the agreed core set of statistics across key, as required by their national plans and agreed-upon regional and international reporting frameworks as indicated by their national development plans. This includes timely analysis and dissemination of results to national users.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs – but this might realistically not ever be achievable. PSSC will need to determine which NSOs have the potential to meet the description of this indicator.	

OBJ 2b # of NSOs reporting within timeframes

Description	The number of NSOs who are reporting their collections within the timeframes as planned.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices are reporting their collections within the timeframes as planned.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	2
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories are producing the agreed core set of statistics across key, as required by their national plans and agreed-upon regional and international reporting frameworks as indicated by their national development plans. This includes timely analysis and dissemination of results to national users.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>It has been highlighted that reporting should be completed within 18 months of a collection. This timeframe is however dependent on the size and scope of the collection, therefore reporting dates will vary. The intention of this indicator is that reporting is completed as per overall collection plan.</p> <p>The target here should be all NSOs – but this might realistically not ever be achievable. PSSC will need to determine which NSOs have the potential to meet the description of this indicator.</p>	

OBJ 2c NSO Budget to Total Country Budget ratio

Description	The number of NSOs with a NSO Budget to Total Country Budget ratio of more than (TBD)%	
Intent	To assess the extent to which Governments support statistics functions through their National Statistics Office. The intention here is also to determine a benchmark providing an indication of the funding support required for an NSO to deliver its functions satisfactorily.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	2
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	NSOs are producing and reporting their core set of statistics.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories are producing the agreed core set of statistics across key, as required by their national plans and agreed-upon regional and international reporting frameworks as indicated by their national development plans. This includes timely analysis and dissemination of results to national users.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>The formula is: (NSO budget / Total Country Budget) x 100. Figures will differ across countries but it does seem as though 1.5% to 2% is the range. More research will need to be completed to determine the different ranges for small, medium and large countries (by population size), and other factors influencing this ratio. It is unclear at this point if a meaningful benchmark can be established and/or whether this indicator is feasible to monitor.</p> <p>The target here should be all NSOs are funded within a benchmark range – but this might realistically not ever be achievable. PSSC will need to determine which Governments have the potential to fund their NSO sufficiently to meet the description of this indicator.</p>	

OBJ 2: Activity Indicators

2.1.1 # of NSOs supported to undertake collections

Description	The number of NSOs supported to undertake collections	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices or are being supported to undertake collections.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	2.1
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to NSOs to undertake collections.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories are supported via for example mentoring, attachments, South-South cooperation, etc.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO supported to undertake collections at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

2.2.1 # of NSOs supported to analyse and disseminate statistics

Description	The number of NSOs supported to analyse and disseminate statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices or are being supported to analyse and disseminate statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	2.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to NSOs to analyse and disseminate statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories are supported through for example the development of common tools, regional and sub-regional training, methodological support, ICT infrastructure and collaboration tools to analyse and disseminate statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO supported to analyse and disseminate statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>All training activities should record the number of trainees, number of female and male trainees.</p>	

2.3.1 # of NSOs with PDPs for each staff member

Description	The number of NSOs with completed Statistics Professional Development Plans for all their permanent staff.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which permanent staff within National Statistics Offices have current Professional Development Plans.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	2.3
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to develop Statistics Professional Development Plans
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	NSOs are supported to develop statistics professional development plans for each permanent staff member, including management and leadership development as appropriate.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO supported to develop statistics professional development plans for each permanent staff member at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

OBJECTIVE 3 INDICATORS

OBJ 3a # of NSOs who have a current NSDS		
Description	The number of NSOs who have a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs have developed a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	3
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	All NSOS have in place a current national strategy for the development of statistics strategy which considers national priorities, and aligns with international development strategies.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs have developed a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	

OBJ 3b # of NSOs who have NSDS / SDG alignment		
Description	The number of NSOs who have aligned the Sustainable Development Goals and their associated indicators to their National Strategy for the Development of Statistics	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs have aligned the Sustainable Development Goals and their associated indicators to their National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	3
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	NSOs are guided by a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	All NSOS have in place a current national strategy for the development of statistics strategy which considers national priorities, and aligns with international development strategies.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be that all NSOs have aligned the Sustainable Development Goals and their associated indicators to their NSDS.	

OBJ 3: Activity Indicators

3.1.1 # of NSOs supported to develop a NSDS

Description	The number of NSOs supported to develop a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices are being supported to develop a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	3.1
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to NSOs to design and implement a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories are supported to develop a NSDS including for example governance and national legislation development.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO supported to design and implement a National Strategy for the Development of Statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

3.2.1 # of NSOs supported to develop national priorities

Description	The number of NSOs supported to develop national statistics priorities.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which National Statistics Offices are being supported to develop national statistics priorities.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	3.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to NSOs to develop national statistical priorities
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Pacific island countries and territories are supported to develop national statistical priorities as part of the national strategy for the development of statistics.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSO supported to develop national statistical priorities as part of the national strategy for the development of statistics at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

OBJECTIVE 4 INDICATORS

OBJ 4a # of NSOs with high levels of stakeholder utilisation		
Description	The number of NSOs whose national level stakeholders indicate high levels of utilisation of statistics advice and information.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSO statistics stakeholders are utilising statistics advice and information.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	4
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	National level statistics stakeholders are advised on an ongoing basis about emerging statistical tools and systems, processes for effective data analysis, communication and quality assurance. This includes Pacific interaction and proposed responses to international statistical standards. The purpose is to ensure that statistics are utilised in the formulation of new government policies and are also being referenced in major development program progress reports. This could also include ensuring access to data from administrative systems.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>The target here should be all NSOs' statistics stakeholders are indicating high levels of utilisation from the advice and information provided by NSOs.</p> <p>Could develop a very low, low, moderate, high, very high rubric to describe the extent of utilisation with data collected via online questionnaire sent out prior to PSSC May meetings.</p> <p>An alternate option is to complete a reflective / evaluative case study to determine how decision making has been influenced by the analysis and availability of statistical outputs.</p>	

OBJ 4b # of NSOs with sufficient dissemination budget

Description	The number of NSOs with a Dissemination budget higher than 10%, as a proportion of the NSO Statistical Services/Operational Budget.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs are disseminating statistics information.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	4
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	Statistics stakeholders are advised and informed.
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	National level statistics stakeholders are advised on an ongoing basis about emerging statistical tools and systems, processes for effective data analysis, communication and quality assurance. This includes Pacific interaction and proposed responses to international statistical standards. The purpose is to ensure that statistics are utilised in the formulation of new government policies and are also being referenced in major development program progress reports. This could also include ensuring access to data from administrative systems.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>The calculation is: (dissemination budget/operation budget) X 100.</p> <p>At present we are benchmarking this figure to determine the appropriate ratio. A benchmark range for similar size countries could also be appropriate.</p> <p>The target here should be all NSOs budget at least 10% of their operational budgets to dissemination activities.</p>	

OBJ 4: Activity Indicators

4.1.1 Added value - technical

Description	The number of NSOs whose statistics stakeholders are satisfied with the extent to which statistical analyses and reporting add technical value.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSO stakeholders get technical value from statistical analyses and reporting	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	4.1
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Deliver statistical analysis and reporting that adds technical value
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Adding value in reporting through analyses of economic and/or social frameworks, comparative studies, trends, increased access to data systems, and increased range of statistics and indicators.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSOs whose stakeholders are getting satisfactory technical value from statistical analyses and reporting at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

4.2.1 Added value – decision making

Description	The number of NSOs whose statistics stakeholders are satisfied with the extent to which statistical analyses and reporting adds value to their decision making.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSO stakeholders get decision making value from statistical analyses and reporting	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	4.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Deliver statistical analysis and reporting that adds decision making value
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Adding value in reporting through analyses of economic and/or social frameworks, comparative studies, trends, increased access to data systems, and increased range of statistics and indicators.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSOs whose stakeholders are getting satisfactory decision making value from statistical analyses and reporting at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

OBJECTIVE 5 INDICATORS

OBJ 5a # of NSOs with TA workplans aligned to national priorities		
Description	The number of NSOs with current Technical Assistance provider workplans that align to their national priorities.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs have Technical Assistance provider workplans that align to their national priorities.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	5
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	National and regional statistics governance is functioning effectively
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	TYPSS governance structure enables improved coordination of TA activities, advocates on behalf of the region and creates regional capacity building mechanisms for example South-South cooperation, mentoring programme, etc.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs have Technical Assistance provider workplans that align to their national priorities.	

OBJ 5b # of NSOs with TA workplans to 2020

Description	The number of NSOs with Technical Assistance provider workplans through to 2020.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs have Technical Assistance provider workplans through to 2020.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	5
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	National and regional statistics governance is functioning effectively
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	TYPSS governance structure enables improved coordination of TA activities, advocates on behalf of the region and creates regional capacity building mechanisms for example South-South cooperation, mentoring programme, etc.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs have Technical Assistance provider workplans through to 2020.	

OBJ 5c Tech provider cooperation creating efficiencies for NSOs

Description	The number of NSOs who indicate that cooperation between technical providers is demonstrating increased efficiencies for their NSO.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs consider that cooperation between technical providers is demonstrating increased efficiencies for their NSO.	
Where it fits	<i>Objective</i>	5
	<i>Objective description – short</i>	National and regional statistics governance is functioning effectively
	<i>Objective description – full</i>	TYPSS governance structure enables improved coordination of TA activities, advocates on behalf of the region and creates regional capacity building mechanisms for example South-South cooperation, mentoring programme, etc.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	Time series
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Every 5 years
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	The target here should be all NSOs consider that cooperation between technical providers is demonstrating increased efficiencies for their NSO.	

OBJ 5: Activity Indicators

5.1.1 # of NSOs trained to support statistics advocacy

Description	The number of NSOs who have received training to support statistics advocacy.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs have received training to support statistics advocacy	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.1
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided for statistics advocacy.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	The governance structure supports statistics advocacy from the national through to regional level.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSOs receiving training to support statistics advocacy at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

5.2.1 # of NSOs with a mentoring system

Description	The number of NSOs where a national mentoring system is in place.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs have a national mentoring system in place.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.2
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to develop a national statistics mentoring system.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Develop a mentoring system to support statistics capacity building at technical and management / leadership levels.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSOs who have a national mentoring system in place at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

5.3.1 # of NSOs supported through South-South cooperation

Description	The number of NSOs supported through South-South cooperation exchanges.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs have been supported through South-South cooperation exchanges.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.3
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to NSOs in the form of South-South cooperation exchanges.
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Support NSOs by identifying and promoting South-South Cooperation opportunities as a priority over international support provision.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect the number of NSOs who have been supported through South-South cooperation exchanges at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

5.4.1 PSSC member satisfaction with TA scheduling information

Description	PSSC members are satisfied they receive timely information on TA Scheduling from the TYPSS Coordination Unit.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which PSSC members are satisfied they receive timely information on TA Scheduling from the TYPSS Coordination Unit.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.4
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination processes as provided by the TYPSS Coordination Unit within the PSSC mandate.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect high levels of satisfaction at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>Short online survey to be developed and distributed prior to PSSC-13</p>	

5.4.2 PSSC member satisfaction with support of PSSC

Description	PSSC members are satisfied with the TYPSS Coordination Unit's support of PSSC (including TWG meetings)	
Intent	To assess the extent to which PSSC members are satisfied with the TYPSS Coordination Unit's support of PSSC (including TWG meetings)	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.4
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination processes as provided by the TYPSS Coordination Unit within the PSSC mandate.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual 'point in time' indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect high levels of satisfaction at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>Short online survey to be developed and distributed prior to PSSC-13</p>	

5.4.3 NSO satisfaction with TA coordination

Description	NSOs are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit is coordinating the delivery of technical assistance efficiently	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit is coordinating the delivery of technical assistance efficiently.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.4
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination processes as provided by the TYPSS Coordination Unit within the PSSC mandate.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect high levels of satisfaction at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

5.4.4 NSO satisfaction with PSSC recommendations to Pacific Leaders

Description	The number of NSOs who indicate their satisfaction that PSSC has made appropriate recommendations to Pacific leaders about statistical priorities for the region with accompanying recommendations around resources and planning implications.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which NSOs are satisfied that PSSC has made appropriate recommendations to Pacific leaders about statistical priorities for the region with accompanying recommendations around resources and planning implications	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.4
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination processes as provided by the TYPSS Coordination Unit within the PSSC mandate.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect high levels of satisfaction at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)	

5.4.5 TYPSS TA Partner Organisation satisfaction with Coordination Unit

Description	TYPSS TA partner organisations are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit is coordinating the delivery of technical assistance efficiently.	
Intent	To assess the extent to which TYPSS TA partner organisations are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit is coordinating the delivery of technical assistance efficiently.	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.4
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination processes as provided by the TYPSS Coordination Unit within the PSSC mandate.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect high levels of satisfaction at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>Short online survey to be developed and distributed prior to PSSC-13.</p>	

5.4.6 TYPSS Coordination Unit value for money

Description	PSSC members are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit demonstrates value for money	
Intent	To assess the extent to which PSSC members are satisfied that the TYPSS Coordination Unit demonstrates value for money	
Where it fits	<i>Activity</i>	5.4
	<i>Activity description – short</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination
	<i>Activity description – full</i>	Support provided to improve regional coordination processes as provided by the TYPSS Coordination Unit within the PSSC mandate.
Calculation	<i>Formula</i>	Count of NSOs
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
	<i>Scope</i>	All PICTs under the TYPSS
Presentation	<i>Comparison type</i>	No comparison required – this is an annual ‘point in time’ indicator
	<i>Presentation method</i>	Table
	<i>Frequency</i>	Annual
Response	<i>What do we expect to see</i>	An increase in the number of NSOs is expected.
Owners	<i>Performance owner</i>	NSO Government Statistician
	<i>Definition owner</i>	PSSC
	<i>Data owner</i>	TYPSS coordination unit
Notes	<p>Annual targets should be set to ensure progress is monitored via the annual TYPSS PSSC Performance Report. The annual target should reflect high levels of satisfaction at that point in time (to date of the Performance Report)</p> <p>At this time ‘value for money’ is not yet defined – each PSSC member needs to consider the coordination services provided and determine their overall satisfaction and perception of ‘value’ in relation to the activities and costs associated with the coordination unit.</p>	