TOTAL MARKS

# TRAINING COURSE IN MEDICAL CERTIFICATION IN CAUSE OF DEATH Nadi, Fiji

27-28 February 2023

# Pre-Test

27 February 2023

TIME AL	LOWED:	THIRTY	<b>MINUTES</b>

**COUNTRY**:

YOUR NAME:	

A 50-year-old woman was admitted to the hospital vomiting blood and was diagnosed as having bleeding oesophageal varices. Investigation revealed cirrhosis (3 years) & portal hypertension (1 year). The woman had a history of hepatitis B infection (5 years). Three days later, she died.

Complete the below Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD).

Cause of death		Approximate interval between onset and death
Disease or condition directly leading to death*	(a)	
in a death.	due to (or as a consequence of)	
Antecedent causes Morbid conditions, if any, giving rise to the above cause, stating the underlying condition last	(b)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(c)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(d)	
Other significant conditions contributing to the death, but		
not related to the disease or condition causing it		
*This does not mean the mode of dying the trans the disease, injury, or compared to the translation of the t	ng, e.g. heart failure, respiratory failure. lication that caused death.	

A 62-year-old hypertensive patient for the last 20 years was admitted to the surgical casualty ward with severe abdominal pain and vomiting. She was diagnosed as having strangulated femoral hernia with a bowel perforation. She underwent surgery to release the hernia and resect the intestine, with an end-to-end anastomosis. Two days after the surgery she developed signs of peritonitis and she died 2 days later.

Complete the below Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD).

Cause of death		Approximate interval between onset and death
Disease or condition directly leading to death*	(a)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
Antecedent causes Morbid conditions, if any, giving rise to the above cause, stating the underlying condition last	(b)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(c)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(d)	
Other significant conditions contributing to the death, but		
not related to the disease or condition causing it	***************************************	
*This does not mean the mode of dyin It means the disease, injury, or compl	ng, e.g. heart failure, respiratory failure. ication that caused death.	

A 68-year-old man dies from cerebral haemorrhage 2 days after its onset. This resulted from secondary hypertension, which he had for the last six months. The hypertension was secondary to chronic pyelonephritis, which he had for the last 1 year. He also had a prostatic adenoma for the last 6 years.

Complete the below Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD).

Cause of death		Approximate interval between onset and death
Disease or condition directly	(a)	
leading to death*	due to (or as a consequence of)	
Antecedent causes Morbid conditions, if any, giving rise to the above cause, stating the underlying condition last	(b)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(c)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(d)	
Other significant conditions contributing to the death, but		
not related to the disease or condition causing it		
*This does not mean the mode of dyin It means the disease, injury, or compl	ng, e.g. heart failure, respiratory failure. ication that caused death.	

A 55-year-old man presented at a clinic with a long history of haemoptysis and weight loss. The diagnosis was advanced pulmonary tuberculosis, re-activation type with cavitations, approximately of 9 years duration. The patient also suffered from generalized arteriosclerosis, probably of long duration. Immediately after the admission, the patient had an acute and massive pulmonary haemorrhage and died about 2 hours later.

Complete the below Medical Certificate of Cause of Death (MCCD).

Cause of death		Approximate interval between onset and death
Disease or condition directly leading to death*	(a)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
Antecedent causes Morbid conditions, if any, giving rise to the above cause, stating the underlying condition last	(b)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(c)	
	due to (or as a consequence of)	
	(d)	
Other significant conditions contributing to the death, but not related to the disease or		
condition causing it	*******************************	
*This does not mean the mode of dyir It means the disease, injury, or compli	ng, e.g. heart failure, respiratory failure. ication that caused death.	