

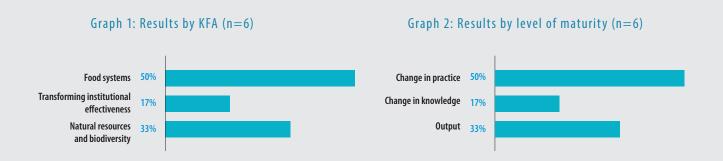


American Samoa Results Summary 2021

Overview

The Pacific Community (SPC) works with members and partners to support sustainable development by applying a people-centred approach to science, research and technology across all Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). Each year, as part of SPC's organisation-wide annual results reporting process, SPC collates the results achieved in each of its member countries and territories, and in the region. The <u>Pacific Community Results Report 2021</u> was guided by the <u>Pacific Community Transition Plan 2021: foundations for a resilient future- response to recovery</u> (Transition Plan 2021). The transition plan covered the 12-month period while SPC developed its new <u>Strategic Plan 2022-2031</u>.

In 2021, 394 results were reported across the 7 Key Focus Areas (KFAs) of the Transition Plan 2021, 6 (1.5%) of these results were reported for American Samoa.



Results highlights

Key results from SPC's contributions and support to American Samoa in 2021:

- 1. Monitoring Alliance for NCD Action (MANA) monitoring and evaluation dashboard was updated, endorsed and used to monitor progress on NCD targets
- 2. Ongoing support to strengthen innovative SMA-scale subsistence and commercial fishing opportunities, with technical advice, training videos and materials relating to fish aggregating devices
- 3. Supported with the drafting of coastal fisheries and aquaculture legislations
- 4. American Samoa's Civil Registration and Vital Statistics system was profiled, documented, centralised and published on the SDD website for the first time.

SPC's contribution to the Sustainable Development Goals

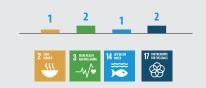
In 2021, SPC continued to play an essential role in bringing the SDGs to life in the Pacific region, working with our members to review and report on progress towards implementing the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. The Transition Plan 2021 reiterated SPC's commitment to continuing progress towards meeting the SDGs and its KFAs were shaped by the analysis of member plans and priorities, COVID-19 assessments, SPC's mandate, capabilities and regional commitments and the SDGs.

In American Samoa, reported results contributed primarily to 4 of the 17 SDGs. Most results supported:

SDG 3 Good health and well-being

SDG 17 Partnerships for the goals

Graph 3: Results by primary SDG (n=6)



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Performance Stories:

Each year in the Pacific Community Results Report, SPC highlights results achieved with members and development partners in performance stories. These are the performance stories related to American Samoa from the 2021 report.

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Performance Story





The adoption of the Pacific Framework for Action on Scaling up Community-based Fisheries Management: 2021—2025

Context

The greatest challenge for coastal fisheries in the region ensuring that widespread sustainable management is practised across the vast coastal fishing areas that are subject to both immediate local and external pressures.

A Regional Roadmap for Sustainable Pacific Fisheries and A new song for coastal fisheries provide the regional context for managing coastal resources in ways that are underpinned by community-based fisheries management (CBFM). Management approaches that are community-driven are inclusive, equitable and consider the whole ecosystem in sustaining livelihoods and ensuring resilient communities. Such approaches have been identified as the most suitable in harnessing the diverse, dispersed and dynamic fishing practices in the Pacific region to ensure consistent and productive coastal fisheries that can sustainably support the well-being, food needs and income of Pacific people.

Due to the continuous decline of coastal fisheries resources and the need to strengthen support and empowerment of coastal communities in the management of their marine resources, especially in the COVID-19 context, SPC members and partners identified scaling up of CBFM as an emerging priority that was discussed at the 12th SPC Heads of Fisheries (HoF12) meeting in May 2020.

At the meeting, it was requested that FAME assist member countries in assessing their CBFM status, and developing and implementing effective scaling-up approaches appropriate to national contexts. This request was supported by fisheries ministers at the first Regional Fisheries Ministers Meeting (RFMM) held in August 2020, acknowledging the importance of sustainable CBFM for the long-term recovery from the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on coastal fisheries and communities.

Change process

The <u>Pacific Framework for Action on Scaling up Community-based Fisheries Management: 2021-2025</u> (the <u>Framework for Action</u>) was developed through an extensive bottom-up consultative process led by FAME and its regional partners. In responding to the HoF12 request, FAME, with the assistance of its regional partners, the Locally-Managed Marine Area Network and the University of Wollongong, facilitated a series of <u>virtual subregional CBFM scaling-up workshops</u> in January–February 2021. Three one-week, subregional workshops were held for



Polynesia, Micronesia and Melanesia, bringing together more than 350 representatives from national and subnational fisheries agencies, community groups (including traditional leaders, youths and women), local civil society organisations (CSOs), NGOs and regional and international organisations as well as CROP partners such as SPREP and USP.

Workshop participants had the opportunity to discuss and assess national CBFM status, approaches, experiences, lessons learned and opportunities in scaling up CBFM.

FAME also facilitated a combined regional workshop that built on the outcome with a view to developing and refining

built on the outcome with a view to developing and refining the *Framework for Action* to acknowledge the diversity of CBFM approaches in the region and avoid a one size fits all approach.

Results and impact

The Framework for Action was approved by members at HoF13 and endorsed at the 2nd RFMM, held in August 2021. In endorsing the framework, honourable ministers stressed the importance of sustainable coastal fisheries management for the Pacific region, essential during the pandemic, and the need to scale up CBFM using approaches appropriate to each member's context as key to the sustainable recovery from the pandemic.

The effective implementation of the *Framework for Action* and support and empowerment of our coastal communities will contribute to achieving our leaders' ambitions on the future of our fisheries.

Lessons learned

- Effective collaboration and coordination among stakeholders are critical for success;
- The adopted subregional approach was found to be appropriate and highly appreciated; and
- There is a need for adequate national investment and commitment (staff and budget) on coastal fisheries management, including CBFM.

Division:	FAME
Donors:	EU, MFAT and DFAT

Performance story



Improving access to credible and relevant COVID-19 data and information

Context

Access to credible and relevant data and information has been crucial in the time of the COVID-19 pandemic for Pacific people and their governments to follow the rapid developments in the region, both from a health as well as a socioeconomic impact perspective.

Since the onset of the pandemic, PHD has been closely monitoring the global and regional situation through its existing <u>epidemic intelligence system (EIS)</u>. As the situation evolved in PICTs, the demand for COVID-19 morbidity, mortality and vaccination data and information increased dramatically — from health professionals, governments, decision-makers in CROP agencies, embassies and the public. PHD responded by gathering more data and producing increased reports in record time, all within its existing team capacity.

Change process

The team immediately expanded its EIS to monitor COVID-19 in real-time. Prior to this, data and information on epidemic-prone diseases were collected from various formal and informal sources, such as official reports released by Pacific governments and ministries on their websites or through media communications. Since the pandemic, PICTs are now also sharing COVID-19 data and communications through the social media platforms. The data and information gathered from these sources is verified with the relevant national authorities to ensure accuracy. Analysis and interpretation of mobility, mortality and vaccination data and information has also been enhanced to better support countries with their assessment work.

To streamline this additional effort and ensure that the data and information are easily accessible in a timely manner, PHD worked closely with SDD, to create the COVID-19: Pacific Community Updates page.

Results and impact

This dashboard, which is updated twice weekly, includes an interactive map containing data and information on COVID-19 by country and through a table and graphs which are directly generated by the PDH.stat indicator database located with the PDH. It is the most visited SPC updates page since 2020 and the COVID-19 vaccination data, which has been gradually included as vaccinations were being rolled out by the PICTs, is the most popular dataflow of the PDH.

Results of a survey on the utility of SPC's EIS work conducted in November 2021 revealed that 94% of Pacific health professionals who responded found that their reports provided relevant information that met their expectations. Respondents were also invited to share ideas and suggestions to improve the reports, which will be taken into consideration.

Lessons learned

The COVID-19 pandemic has demonstrated the relevance and robustness of SPC's EIS to detect and monitor emerging public health threats.

The PDH and the use of innovative technologies, such as the PDH.stat indicator database, were instrumental in creating a dashboard with interactive visuals that facilitated the dissemination of data and information to various audiences in a timely manner. This achievement was made possible through the internal collaboration between the PDH and SDD. Both divisions will continue to work together to provide cutting-edge information services to PICT governments, health professionals and Pacific people on COVID-19 and other emerging diseases.

Divisions: PHD and SDD

Donors: AFD, EU, MFAT and DFAT

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American Samoa Results Table 2021

All 2021 results can be accessed via the <u>Results Explorer</u>, where results can be searched and filtered by Key Focus Area, SPC development objective, Primary SDG contribution, SPC Division and country.

Food systems					
Result information	PICTs benefiting from the result	Result type	Primary SDG contribution		
Ongoing support to strengthen innovative SMA-scale subsistence and commercial fishing opportunities. 7 PICTs were supported with technical advice, training videos and materials relating to fish aggregating devices (FADs).	American Samoa, Cook Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Kiribati, New Caledonia, Tuvalu	Output	2 ZZZO HOWEZ		
5 PICTs used their MANA dashboards for monitoring their progress on their NCD targets. 9 operational research projects were conducted around the region on NCDs, and PICTs committed to address the recommendations and findings.	REGIONAL (all PICTs), American Samoa, Cook Islands, Tokelau, Tonga, Vanuatu	Change in practice	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WILL FERRIG		
3 PICTs (American Samoa, Papua New Guinea, Tokelau) had their Monitoring Alliance for NCD Action (MANA) monitoring and evaluation dashboards updated and endorsed.	REGIONAL (all PICTs), American Samoa, Papua New Guinea, Tokelau	Change in knowledge	3 GOOD MEATH AND WILL-REING		

Natural resources and biodiversity				
Result information	PICTs benefiting from the result	Result type	Primary SDG contribution	
 15 PICTs made progress in strengthening their national policies and legislations on coastal fisheries and aquaculture. 7 PICTs (Cook Islands, French Polynesia, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, New Caledonia, Palau, Tonga) were supported to develop their coastal fisheries and aquaculture legislations resulting in the preparation of legislative drafts and the progressing of 2 pieces of legislations. (ECFM project review, 2021). American Samoa, Nauru, Samoa and Vanuatu were supported with the drafting of their coastal fisheries and aquaculture legislations and Fiji, Federated States of Micronesia, Niue and Papua New Guinea were supported with their scoping work. Stakeholders acknowledged the importance of new legislations in supporting decision-making and the implementation of management plans at the community level. 	American Samoa, Cook Islands, Fiji, French Polynesia, Federated States of Micronesia, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Nauru, New Caledonia, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Tonga, Vanuatu	Change in practice	14 UFF. RECONSTRETE	

Transforming institutional effectiveness					
Result information	PICTs benefiting from the result	Result type	Primary SDG contribution		
20 PICTs now have their Civil Registration and Vital Statistics (CRVS) systems profiled, documented, centralised and published on the SDD website for the first time. Guidelines on the implementation of digital CRVS systems was completed and published.	REGIONAL (all PICTs), American Samoa, Cook Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, French Polynesia, Guam, Kiribati, Marshall Islands, Nauru, New Caledonia, Niue, Northern Mariana Islands, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Solomon Islands, Tokelau, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu	Change in practice	17 PARTNESSHIPS FOR THE GOALS		
13 PICTs were supported to review and release their International Merchandise Trade and Statistics reports.	REGIONAL (all PICTs), American Samoa, Cook Islands, Federated States of Micronesia, Fiji, Guam, Kiribati, Niue, Palau, Papua New Guinea, Samoa, Tonga, Tuvalu, Vanuatu	Output	17 PATINESHIPS FOR THE GEALS		

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