

SCIENTIFIC COMMITTEE THIRTEENTH REGULAR SESSION

Rarotonga, Cook Islands 9 – 17 August 2017

ANNUAL REPORT TO THE COMMISSION PART 1: INFORMATION ON FISHERIES, RESEARCH, AND STATISTICS

WCPFC-SC13-AR/CNM-30

ECUADOR

The Commission for the Conservation and Management of Highly Migratory Fish Stocks in the Western and Central Pacific Ocean

Scientific Committee Fourth Regular Session

Port Moresby, Papua New Guinea 11–22 August 2008

ANNUAL REPORT TO THE COMMISSION PART 1: INFORMATION ON FISHERIES, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

Purpose: To provide relevant information to the Commission on fishing activities of CCMs and cooperating non-CCMs, including management and compliance issues. The report should include all fishing activities for highly migratory species being undertaken within the Convention Area as required by the Convention and decisions by the Commission.

PART 1. INFORMATION ON FISHERIES, RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

During 2016, only 2 purse seiners vessels fished in the area of the WCPFC:

- Guayatuna Uno
- Guayatuna Dos

The fishing zones of Ecuadorian vessels fluctuated between 00° 19´ N and 00o 49´ S of Latitude, and 80°1´W and 158° 40´ W of Longitude, according to the information provided by the vessels and verified by the Department of Satellite Monitoring System of the Undersecretary of Fisheries Resources.

Part 1 of the Annual Report is due one-month prior to the annual regular session of the Scientific Committee.

Part 1 of the Annual Report shall include the following, completed box at the front of the report.

Scientific data was provided to the Commission			
in accordance with the decision relating to the	[YES]		
provision of scientific data to the Commission by			
30 April 2xxx			
If no, please indicate the reason(s) and intended actions:			

ANNUAL FISHERIES INFORMATION

Essential information

Libertui mornation				
	Annual catch and effort by primary	Annual catch 2016: 3.932 MT (Purse		
I	species and gear in the WCPFC	Seiners)		
	Convention Area	Annual catch 2015: 11.378 MT (Purse		
		Seiners)		
		Annual catch 2014: 17.216 MT (Purse		
		Seiners)		
		Annual catch 2013: 21.442 MT (Purse		
		Seiners)		

		Annual catch 2012: 23.145 MT (Purse Seiners)
II	Number of vessels by gear type and size (fleet structure)	2016: 7 purse seiners vessels 1500+ 2015: 7 purse seiners vessels 1500+ 2014: 11 purse seiners vessels 1500+
III	Fishing patterns (catch by time/area)	2013: 11 purse seiners vessels 1500+ The fishing zones of Ecuadorian vessels fluctuated between 00° 19′ N and 00o 49′ S of Latitude, and 80°1′ W and 158° 40′ W of Longitude.
IV	Estimated total catches of non-target, associated and dependent species (if available)	About 6 tons of non-target species

Useful information

V	Ecuadorian Trends are given by buying more fishing days to the coastal countries, perhaps			
'	for 2017 will be increase the activity of the Ecuadorian fleet at WCPFC Area. No			
	transshipments were reported during 2016.			
VI	Activity in the WCPFC will be given by fishing days, if the Ecuadorian vessels buy more			
	days the total catches will increase.			
VII	Ecuadorian target is fresh fish, in order to put them at the wells and freeze them. The fish is			
	used and sell it at foreign markets and also for local consumptions.			
VIII	Ecuador has fishing facilities, which allow adequate control and monitoring of fishing			
	vessels discharges. Also has many processing industries that allow to produce around			
	500.000 tons			
IX	Ecuador wants to be a Member of the Commission in order to fully cooperate, and fish in			
	high seas, to increase our participation in the Convention Area.			

RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

X	Summary of observer and port sampling programmes (scientific data)			
XI	Research activities (tunas, other species, species of special interest, oceanographic			
	influences, etc.)			
XII	Statistical data collection systems in use (describe)			
XIII	Data coverage of catch, effort and size data for all species			
	THESE 4 ITEMS ARE IN THE LOGSHEETS GIVEN BY THE VESSELS			
	(ATTACHED)			

Annex 1. Suggested layout for PART 1 of the Annual Report to the Commission

Section	Sections in Annual Report	
1*	ABSTRACT/SUMMARY	
	Ecuador participate in fishing activities during 2016 with 2 purse seiners vessels, they	
	were:	
	- Guayatuna Uno	
	- Guayatuna Dos	
	Due to a high costs of fishing days at coastal countries, the participation of Ecuadorian	
	fleet is decreasing, so the total catches of yellowfin, bigeye and skipjack are decreasing	
	too comparing with previous years.	
2*	Tabular Annual Fisheries Information (see below)	
	ATTACHED THERE ARE THE LOGSHEETS OF FISHING VESSELS WITH	
	DATA OF THE YEAR 2016.	
3	Background	
	for example, a brief historical description of national fisheries in	
	the WCPFC Area	
4*	Flag State Reporting	
	Ecuadorian Trends are given by buying more fishing days to the coastal countries,	
	perhaps for 2017 will be increase the activity of the Ecuadorian fleet at WCPFC Area.	
	No transshipments were reported during 2016. Ecuadorian target is fresh fish	
	(yellowfin, skipjack and bigeye), in order to put them at the wells and freeze them.	
	The fish is used and sell it at foreign markets and also for local consumptions.	
	ATTACHED THERE ARE THE LOGSHEETS OF FISHING VESSELS WITH	
	DATA OF THE YEAR 2016.	
5	Coastal State Reporting	
	describe recent activities by foreign and domestic fleets in the waters of	
	national jurisdiction, including development/trends in each fishery (e.g.	
	changes in fishing patterns, fleet operations, target species, trends in size	
	composition, etc.)	
6	Socio-economic factors	
	Associated socioeconomic factors (which may influence or explain the above	
	trends)	
7	Disposal of catch	
	Disposal of catch (fresh/frozen/other)/market destination (export/domestic)	
8	Onshore developments	
	Onshore developments (processing plants, support facilities etc)	
9	Future Prospects of the fishery	
	Future prospects of the fishery (long-term viability, expansion/contraction,	
	etc.)	
10	Status of tuna fishery data collection systems	
	a. Logsheet data collection and verification	
	b. Observer programme	
	c. Port sampling programme	
	d. Unloading/Transhipment	
	e. Other	
11	Research activities covering target and non-target species	
	for example, biological studies supporting stock assessments; composition	
	of the catch according to length, weight and sex; research on environmental	
	factors, abundance/biomass surveys, oceanographic and ecological studies,	
	etc.	
Essential is		

^{*} Essential information