In situ spawning observations

In situ spawning observations provide very important information about the biology of the reproduction of the species, for example behaviour, season, initiating factors.

Observation from French Polynesia

C. Jardin , Director SNC PAE *Name of observer:* Site: Rangiroa, northern area

> TAI-PAE UTA Surroundings: sand

Date: 27/01/97 Depth: 5 m

Time: 3 p.m. Species: Bohadschia vitiensis

Number of specimens of this species displaying spawn-Tide: Moon: FM + 4*ing behaviour:* 1 in the middle of several others.

Observation and photograph from the Seychelles

Name of observer: Patrick Durville Depth: 15 m

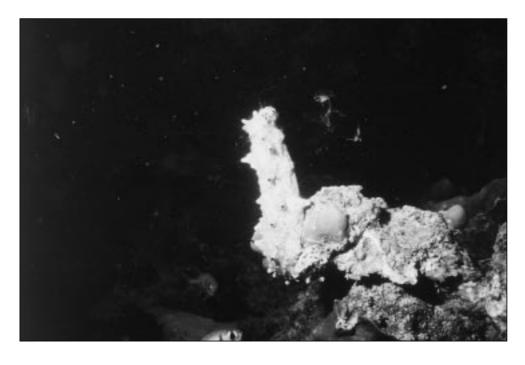
(Marine Ecology Laboratory, Length of observation: 5 min. University of La Reunion) Species: undetermined

Date: 3/11/97 How many specimens of this species displayed spawn-

Time: 5 p.m. ing behaviour? 1 only

Tide: Did other species display this behaviour? No Moon: NM Indicate whether it was possible to determine if the Site: Ile Aride specimens were male or female: male specimen

Surroundings: Coral (sperm clearly visible).



In situ observation of a male spawning