



IŪN NAŌERO - ANOR

Most common reef fish species of Nauru

Habitat: Sandy or muddy areas of lagoons, reef flats and tide pools. 0–20 m.
Max. recorded size: 60 cm.
Food: Omnivorous.



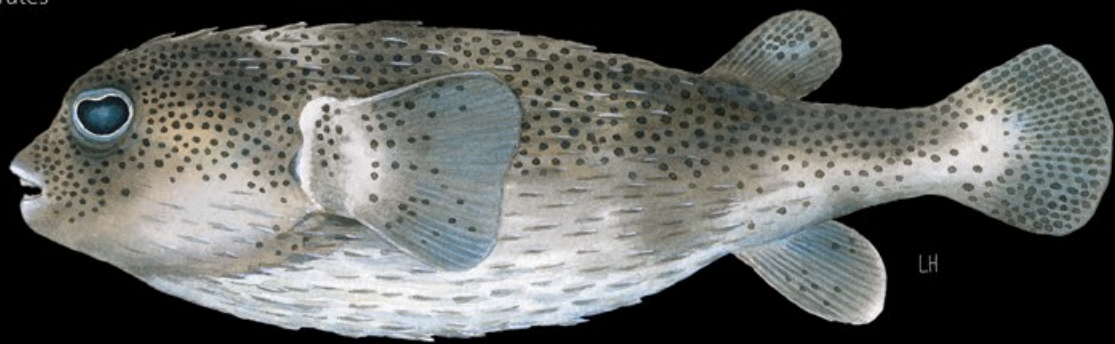
Eaeōr
Crenimugil crenilabris • Fringelip mullet

Habitat: Lagoons, reef flats, and also common along protected sandy shorelines. 0–20 m.
Max. recorded size: 63 cm.
Food: Omnivorous.



Ikiokwō
Ellochelon vaigiensis • Squairetail mullet

Habitat: Lagoon and seaward reefs. 2–50 m.
Max. recorded size: 91 cm.
Food: Hard-shelled invertebrates like sea urchins, gastropods, and hermit crabs.



Dedawid
Diodon hystrix • Spotfin porcupinefish

Habitat: shallow outer reefs subject to surge. 0–20 m.
Max. recorded size: 30 cm.
Food: Algae, detritus, molluscs, crustaceans, worms, echinoderms, fish, sponges, foraminiferans, and eggs.



Ikūmūm
Rhinecanthus rectangulus • Wedgetail triggerfish

Habitat: Seaward reefs, in coral rich areas. 4–60 m.
Max. recorded size: 40 cm.
Food: Mostly algae and detritus.



Ipo
Melichthys vidua • Pinktail triggerfish

Habitat: Reef fronts and rocky shorelines exposed to moderate to strong surge. 0–3 m.
Max. recorded size: 30 cm.
Food: Primarily crabs and other crustaceans, small fish, sea urchins or brittle stars.



Iudud
Cirrhitus pinnulatus • Stocky hawkfish

Habitat: Sandy bottoms of reef flats, lagoons and seaward reefs. 1–110 m.
Max. recorded size: 38 cm.
Food: Small worms and crustaceans.



Dōrañrañ
Mulloidichthys vanicolensis • Yellowfin goatfish

Habitat: Lagoon and outer reefs in shallow areas exposed to mild or moderate surge. 0–3 m.
Max. recorded size: 23 cm.
Food: Algae and small invertebrates.



Dabukbuk
Abudefduf septemfasciatus • Banded sergeant

Habitat: Lagoons and seaward reefs. 1–330 m.
Max. recorded size: 213 cm.
Food: Fish, octopuses, spiny lobsters and crabs. Mostly active at night.



Kumo ebawo
Triaenodon obesus • Whitetip reef shark

Habitat: Varied habitats, from rich coral reefs to weedy and rubble covered areas. 1–35 m.
Max. recorded size: 23 cm.
Food: Feeds mainly by tearing pieces from polychaetes, sea anemones, coral polyps and algae.



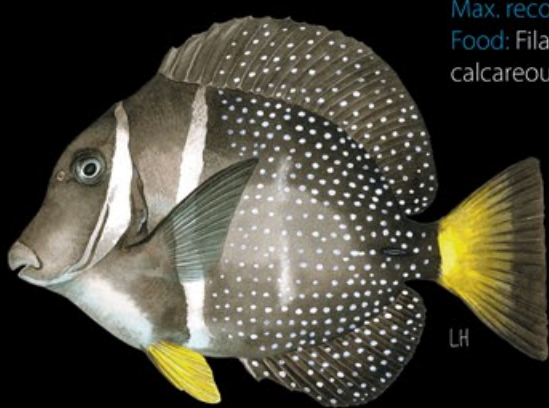
Ikimago
Chaetodon auriga • Threadfin butterflyfish

Habitat: Reef flats and lagoon and seaward reefs. 0–30 m.
Max. recorded size: 26 cm.
Food: Surface film of blue-green algae and diatoms, and small invertebrates.



Iubwiya
Ctenochaetus striatus • Striated surgeonfish

Habitat: Surge zone of clear seaward reefs. 0–6 m.
Max. recorded size: 26 cm.
Food: Filamentous and calcareous algae.



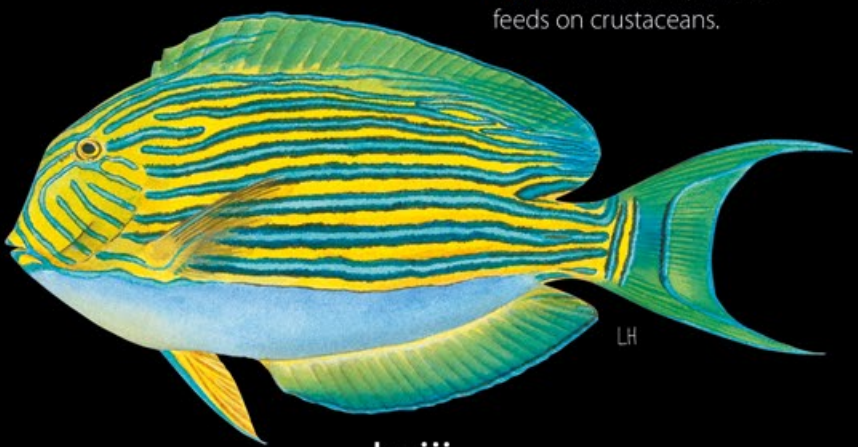
Eabōrbōr
Acanthurus guttatus • Whitespotted surgeonfish

Habitat: Lagoon and seaward reefs with hard substrate. 0–90 m.
Max. recorded size: 27 cm.
Food: Filamentous algae.



Eweo
Acanthurus triostegus • Convict surgeonfish

Habitat: Common in surge zones of exposed seaward reefs.
Max. recorded size: 38 cm.
Food: Herbivorous, but also feeds on crustaceans.



Iwiji
Acanthurus lineatus • Lined surgeonfish

Habitat: Reef margins and outer reef slopes. 1–180 m.
Max. recorded size: 33 cm.
Food: Crustaceans, crustacean larvae, polychaete worms and small fish. Nocturnal feeder.



Ebo (Eretebo)
Sargocentron tiera • Blue lined squirrelfish

Habitat: Lagoon and seaward reefs. 1–24 m.
Max. recorded size: 50 cm.
Food: Seaweed and associated invertebrates.



Ijibawo
Kyphosus cinerascens • Blue sea chub

Habitat: Hides in caves and under ledges of subtidal reef flats, channels and margins to outer reef slopes. 1–50 m.
Max. recorded size: 30 cm.
Food: Mainly plankton such as crab larvae.



Emōn
Myripristis berndti • Blotcheye soldierfish

Habitat: Surge zone of outer reef flats, reef margins, and rocky coastlines. 0–10 m.
Max. recorded size: 46 cm.
Food: Small invertebrates (crabs, sea urchins, brittlestars, molluscs), small fish, echinoids, ophiuroids and polychaetes.



Emwange
Cephalopholis urodeta • Darkfin hind

Habitat: Clear, shallow waters of coral reef areas. 1–60 m.
Max. recorded size: 23 cm.
Food: Fish and crustaceans.



Earemae
Thalassoma purpurum • Surge wrasse

Habitat: Lagoon and semi-protected seaward reefs; prefers sheltered areas. 1–75 m.
Max. recorded size: 40 cm.
Food: Fish, shrimps, crabs, holothurians and cephalopods. Feeds at night.



Iname
Lutjanus fulvus • Blacktail snapper

Habitat: coral reef areas, often close to shelter. 1–60 m.
Max. recorded size: 60 cm.
Food: Small fish and crustaceans, usually crabs.



Ituwabū
Lutjanus monostigma • One-spot snapper

Habitat: Lagoon patch reefs, upper slopes of channels and reef margins. 1–30 m.
Max. recorded size: 35 cm.
Food: Fish and invertebrates.



Iwuro
Epinephelus spilotoceps • Foursaddle grouper

Habitat: Lagoon pinnacles, channels and outer reef slopes, in coral-rich areas with clear waters. 1–60 m.
Max. recorded size: 120 cm.
Food: Fish, crab and cephalopods.



Iwuro
Epinephelus fuscoguttatus • Brown-marbled grouper

Habitat: Rocky areas or coral reefs. 1–37 m.
Max. recorded size: 55 cm.
Food: Fish, crab, shrimp and other invertebrates.



Iwuroro
Epinephelus howlandi • Blacksaddle grouper