

# The ASEAN region has been the host of "world class disasters" in the past decades ...



 2004 Indian Ocean Tsunami (affecting Indonesia, Malaysia, Thailand and Myanmar)



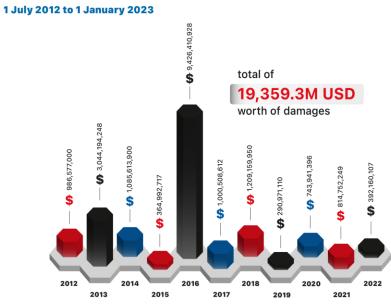
- 2008 Cyclone Nargis in Myanmar
- 2013 Typhoon Haiyan in the Philippines



Combined damage costs from these disasters are estimated at a staggering **USD22.5 billion**, with **278,000** fatalities

### **ANNUAL COST OF DAMAGES**

in the Southeast Asian Region





## The AHA Centre has a strong mandate as the regional operational coordination engine, given through two legally-binding agreements ratified by all the ten ASEAN countries .....



The ASEAN Co-ordinating Centre for Humanitarian Assistance on disaster management (AHA Centre) shall be established for the purpose of facilitating co-operation and co-ordination among the Parties, and with relevant United Nations and international organisations, in promoting regional collaboration.

(Article 20, ASEAN Agreement on Disaster Management & Emergency Response)



ONE **ASEAN** ONE **RESPONSE** 

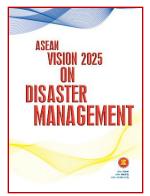


The purpose of the AHA Centre is to facilitate <u>co-operation</u> and <u>co-ordination</u> among the Parties, and with relevant United Nations and international organisations, in promoting regional <u>collaboration in disaster management and emergency</u> response.

(Article 3, Agreement on the Establishment of the AHA Centre)

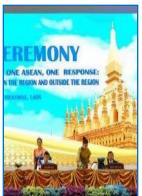


# .... as well as high-level direction from the ASEAN Ministers in charge of Disaster Management, and the ASEAN Leaders (Heads of State/Government) ....



ASEAN is well placed to become a **global leader** given its vast experience, knowledge and expertise in disaster management and emergency response by 2025... However, this current focus of the AHA Centre may need to be expanded in the next ten years ...

(ASEAN Vision 2025 on Disaster Management)



Affirm that the AHA Centre is the **primary ASEAN regional coordinating agency on disaster management and emergency response** 

AHA Centre, at a later stage, to enable ASEAN **to respond to disasters outside the region**, where appropriate, in partnership with regional and international agencies and centres .....



(ASEAN Declaration on One ASEAN One Response)

# The AHA Centre reports directly to the ten National Disaster Management Organisations of ASEAN Member States





The **ASEAN SECRETARIAT** as the Secretariat to the ACDM and ex-oficio member of the Governing Board of the AHA Centre

In the event of large-scale natural disasters, the Secretary-General of ASEAN as ASEAN Humanitarian Assistance Coordinator and the AHA Centre will establish coordination lines



The AHA Centre is the primary ASEAN regional coordinating on disaster management and emergency response. Our office also houses the Emergency Operations Centre (EOC), which serves as the central location in monitoring disasters and coordinating ASEAN's response to disasters











- 9 Flood Cambodia, Oct 2013
- Typhoon Hayan
  Philippines
  Nov-Dec 2013
- Typhoon Rammasun
  Philippines, Viet Nam
  Jul 2014
- Typhoon Hagupit
  Philippines, Dec 2014
- Flood Malaysia, Jan 2015
- Flood Myanmar, Aug 2015
- Typhoon Koppu
  Philippines, Jul 2015
- Typhoon Haima
  Philippines, Oct 2016
- Aceh Earthquake Indonesia, Dec 2016
- Typhoon Melor Philippines, Dec 2016
- 19 Typhoon Nock-ten Philippines, Dec 2016
- Internally-displaced People (IDP) In Marawi

Philippines Jul 2017

Flash Flood And Landslide

Viet Nam, Aug 2017

- Internally-Displaced People
  (IDP) In Rakhine State
  Myanmar, Oct 2017
- Typhoon Damrey
  Viet Nam. Nov 2017
- Landfill Fire, Yangon
  Myanmar, Apr 2018
- 25 Flood
- Flood Myanmar, Aug 2018
- Lombok Earthquake Indonesia, Aug 2018
- Typhoon Mangkhut
  Philippines, Sep 2018
- Central Sulawesi
  Earthquake and Tsunami
  Indonesia, Oct 2018
- Tropical Storm Podul and Tropical Depression Kajiki Lao PDR, Sep 2019
- 31 Internally-Displaced People (IDP) In Rakhine State Myanmar, Dec 2019
- Jakarta Flood Indonesia, Jan 2020

- Covid-19
  Cambodia, Malaysia, The Philippines,
  Thailand, Jan 2020-2021
  - Central Viet Nam Flooding Viet Nam, Oct 2020
- 35 Typhoon Goni Philippines, Nov 2020
- Typhoon Rai Philippines, Dec 2021
- 37 Typhoon Noru Thailand, Sept 2022
- Tropical Cyclone Nalgae
  Philippines, Nov 2022
- 39 Drought Thailand, Jan 2023
- Tropical Cyclone Mocha Myanmar, May 2023
- Combined Effects of The Southwest Monsoon, TC Doksuri And TC Khanun Philippines. Aug 2023
- Flooding In 37 Provinces Thailand, Oct 2023
- Flooding In Southern Thailand Thailand, Jan 2024



# **CORE** FUNCTIONS



- ASEAN Village in Palu the AHA Centre coordinated ASEAN Member States' support into the recovery phase
- Implementation of a Preliminary Needs Assessment (PNA) in Rakhine
- Inaugural Pilot ASEAN Humanitarian Civil-Military Coordination Course
- Drafted and tested the Standard Operating Procedure for Emergency Medical Teams in ASEAN

DMA systems were utilised by ASEAN Member States undertaking their own national responses

Strengthening a new era of disaster early warning and monitoring agencies



01

COORDINATION

AHA GENERAL STATE OF THE STATE

DISASTER INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

& OUTREACH

03

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

0/



- Capacity building 97 ACE graduates in 2019
- Publishing ARMOR bridging science and decision making
- ICT Roadmap on Disaster Management for 2025 and Beyond

- Engaging with 16 
  governments and donors
- Setting up 2 DELSA Satellite 
  Warehouses in the region
- Establishing ERAT 
  In-Country Networks in
  ASEAN Member States



The ASEAN Agreement on Disaster Management and Emergency Response or AADMER lists down 16 functions of the AHA Centre. As the AHA Centre continues to expand its capacity, it becomes more capable to carry out all of its functions. The AHA Centre groups its functions into four major core functions.



## THE WAY AHA CENTRE WORKS WHEN LARGE-SCALE DISASTERS TAKE PLACE IN SOUTHEAST ASIA

### NOTIFICATION OF DISASTER

- analyse the initial report and notify other party/ entity of the disaster
- analyse each Situation Report and immediately notify the other party /entity of the significant developments (a) periodically or (b) by 10:00 am (Jakarta time)

### REQUEST FOR ASSISTANCE

- forward the request to other party/entity
- explore other possible assistance

## OFFER OF

forward the offer to the receiving party

### DEMOBILISATION OF ASSISTANCE AND REPORTING

- receive and update of this development
- received within 2 weeks of departure from the affected country

#### PERFORM MOST OF THE ASPECTS UNDER SASOP

### MOBILISATION **OF ASSETS AND** CAPACITIES

facilitate the processing of exemption for provision of assistance and facilities, transit of personnel and equipment

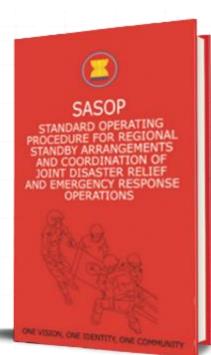
## **ASSESSMENT OF REQUIRED ASSISTANCE**

- facilitate mobilisation of ERAT
- receive updates on any plans and findings of joint assessment
- receive copy of the Contractual Agreement for Assistance



# DISASTER

receive report within 24 to 48 hours of arrival of assistance at disaster site





## **DISASTER INFORMATION MANAGEMENT**



**24/7 Hazard and Disaster Monitoring**for disaster preparedness

for disaster preparedness and response



Risk Assessment and Analysis of Disaster Risk Levels and maintaining communication linkages with national disaster management offices and partner agencies



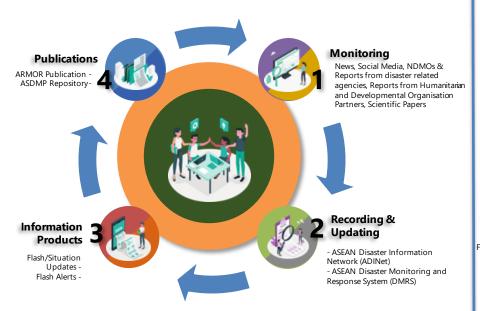
Reports and internal/external updates to support overall emergency response operations



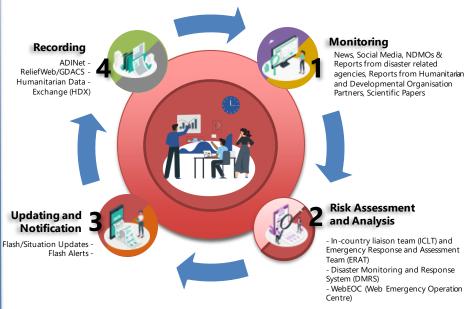
Implementation of Activities to attain objectives in relation to the ASEAN work programmes and AHA Centre work plans



## WORK FLOW DURING PEACETIME OPERATIONS



## WORKFLOW DURING EMERGENCY OPERATIONS





# In times of emergencies, the AHA Centre will establish coordination at three levels:



**Strategic coordination**: Briefing and information sharing for a common operational picture will be organised at the AHA Centre EOC (Jakarta). High level stakeholders: ASEAN Secretary-General, Permanent Missions to ASEAN, Defence Attaches, heads of other ASEAN entities, heads of UN organisations, Red Cross & Red Crescent Movement, civil society, private sector.



**Operational coordination**: Coordination is established at the national level for joint planning with empahasis on the primary role of the affected country's National Disaster Management Organisation (NDMO).



**Field coodination:** The AHA Centre deploys coordination tools e.g. the ASEAN-Emergency Response and Assessment Team (ERAT), and the Joint Operations and Coordination Centre of ASEAN (JOCCA). The JOCCA or the home of ASEAN on the ground, should be co-located with the NDMO of the affected country.

## DELSA Warehouses





DELSA Regional Stockpile

in Subang, Malaysia





DELSA Satelite Warehouse in Chainat, Thailand



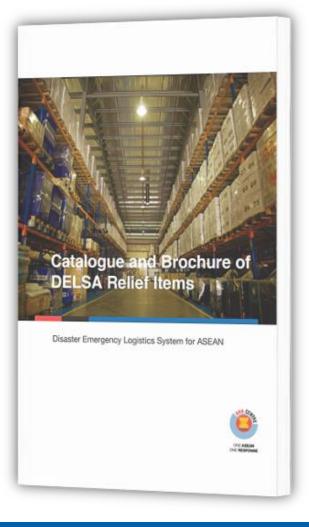
DELSA Satelite Warehouse

in Camp Aguinaldo, Philipines











# The AHA Centre is also managing the ASEAN-ERAT that can be deployed as a regional response team

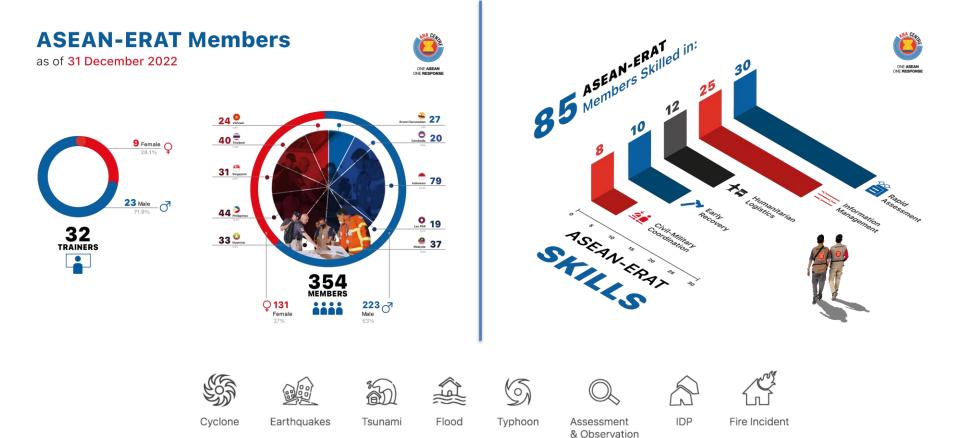






- Regional rapid response team;
- Deployed upon request free of charge;
- In support of the National Disaster Management Organisation;
- Currently over 350 in the roster, and will grow more & go bigger in-country;
- Immediate deployment within 24h arrive in the affected country;
- Fully self-sufficient;
- Set-up a Joint On-Site Operations and Coordination Centre (JOCCA);
- Coordination, rapid assessment, logistic support, early recovery, civil-military coordination;
- Deployed for approximately 10-14 days;





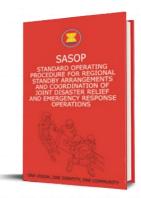
There are 26 times of ASEAN-ERAT deployment during 2012-2022





The **ASEAN Agreement on Disaster Management and Emergency Response** (AADMER) clearly articulates utilisation of military capabilities, such as under Preparedness (Article 8.2.b) and the ASEAN Standby Arrangements for Disaster Relief and Emergency Response (Article 9.1.b)

The ASEAN Standard Operating Procedures for Regional Standby Arrangements and Coordination of Joint Disaster Relief and Emergency Response Operations (**SASOP**) provides the guides, procedures and templates for facilitation and utilisation of civilian and military capabilities for disaster relief and emergency operations





The **ASEAN Declaration on One ASEAN One Response**, signed by the ASEAN Leaders on 6 September 2016 in Vientiane, confirms that ASEAN SASOP as a protocol under AADMER is the main standard operating procedure to be used for mobilisation of both civilian and military capabilities in materialising One ASEAN One Response





One ASEAN One Response is about ASEAN responding to disasters in the region and outside the region as ONE i.e. having as many relevant stakeholders as possible, including military, to achieve the envisioned speed, scale and solidarity

SASOP Chapter VI as well as AMRG on HADR contribute to:

- increasing the speed,
- expanding the scale, and
- enhancing the solidarity

for ASEAN collective response to disasters



## **PRIORITIES OF WORK PLAN 2025**



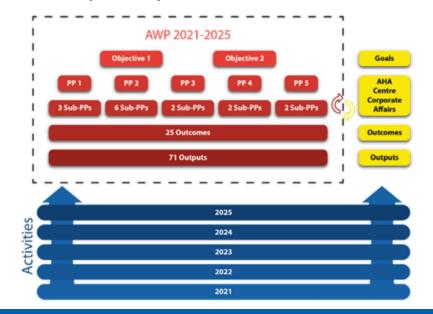
**Priority 1: Risk Assessment and Monitoring** 

Priority 2: Prevention and Mitigation

**Priority 3: Preparedness and Response** 

Priority 4: Resilient Recovery Priority 5: Global Leadership

**Priority 6: Corporate and Governance** 





## **KEY ACTIVITIES**



### 1. Capacity building and training

- ASEAN-ERAT induction and specialisation trainings
- o AHA Centre Executive (ACE) Programme
- ASEAN Senior Executive Programme for Disaster Management (SEPDM)
- ASEAN Standards and Certifications in Disaster Management (ASCEND)

## 2. Disaster information and risk monitoring analysis

- Disaster Monitoring and Response System for ASEAN (DMRS)
- National Disaster Preparedness Baseline Assessment (NDPBA)
- ASEAN Disaster Information Network (ADINet)

## 3. Publications and Knowledge Products

- ASEAN Risk Monitor and Disaster Management Review (ARMOR)
- The Column
- Weekly Disaster Updates

## 4. Knowledge Exchange and Strategic Dialogues

- Strategic Policy Dialogue on Disaster Management (SPDDM)
- ASEAN Joint Disaster Response Plan (AJDRP) Workshops
- o 'One ASEAN, One Response' Roadshows



## **CALENDAR OUTLOOK**

Date	Activity	Venue
22-26 Apr	2 <sup>nd</sup> ASEAN-ERAT Localisation Training in Cambodia	Cambodia
24-25 Apr	Workshop Scoping study for OAOR outside the region	Indonesia
29 Apr – 1 May	OAOR Roadshow Viet Nam	Viet Nam
28 Apr – 3 May	2 <sup>nd</sup> Rollout ASEAN-ERAT Localisation Training in Lao PDR	Lao PDR
27 – 31 May	Multi-Sectoral Coordination Workshop on Disaggregated Data Application on Humanitarian Assistance & Disaster Relief	Indonesia
	Workshop on the Sharing of Inclusive, Adaptable, and Sustained Humanitarian Assistance in Disaster Response	indonesia
June	OAOR Roadshow Thailand	Thailand
17-21 Jun	ASEAN-ERAT Level 2 Course on Humanitarian Logistics	Cambodia
20-21 Jun	Workshop for Development of LMS Curriculum & Instructional Design	Viet Nam
24-28 Jun	ASEAN-ERAT Level 2 Course on Civil-Military Coordination	Cambodia
29 July to 1 August 2024	1 <sup>st</sup> ASCEND Competency Assessment	Indonesia
02-Aug-24	1 <sup>st</sup> ASCEND Competency Assessment After-Action Review Workshop	Indonesia
6-8 August [TBC]	Workshop on ASEAN Training Institute Network	Indonesia [TBC]
29 Jul to 02 Aug [TBC]	AIM-Net Training	Thailand
August	ASEAN Strategic Policy Dialogue on Disaster Management (SPDDM) 2024	Singapore
August	PRIME: Capacity Building Activities on Risk-Scenarios	TBC
August	ASEAN Technical Working Group on Civil-Military Coordination Meeting	TBC
September	Commemoration of the 20th Anniversary of Indian Ocean Tsunami	Indonesia
3 Sep – 25 Oct	Onsite Sessions for ACE LEDMP Executive Level	Indonesia
November	Senior Executive Programme in Disaster Management (SEPDM) 2024	TBC







#### SRF Level 2: High Level Outcome

Integrated adaptation, mitigation and risk reduction to enhance resilience to climate change and disasters. Disaster prepare dness, response and recovery. Multi-hazard early warning systems. Enabling environments for financing, monitoring and innovation.

## SRF Level 3: Pathway output and outcome indicators

- 1. Policy to action
- 2. Data statistics and knowledge
- 3. Innovation and research
- 4. Digitalisation and technology
- 5. Capability and influence

## **OUTPUTS ALIGNMENT**

#### Priority Programme 1: Risk Assessment and Monitoring

Sub-output 1.1.2.3.1. Disaster risk data sharing agreements with relevant regional and national actors and stake holders established

**Sub-output 1.1.3.3.1.** Operational cooperation with relevant ASEAN sectoral bodies, other actors and institutions working on climate information established and strengthened

**Sub-output 1.2.1.4.1.** Regional interoperability of multihazard early warning platforms and the AHA Centre information products enhanced

**Sub-output 1.2.1.5.1.** A regional capacity building programme on the use of Early Warning Systems (EWS) tools for disaster management professionals conducted

#### **Priority Programme 2: Prevention and Mitigation**

Sub-output 2.6.1.3.1. Utilisation of ARMOR as one of the tools for risk-informed and evidence-based policy making and decision-making

#### Priority Programme 4: Resilience Recovery

Sub-output 4.1.2.1.2. Advanced technologies, such as satellite and drone-generated data, utilised to facilitate and enhance post-disaster needs assessment

#### Priority Programme 5: Global Leadership

Sub-output 5.1.1.1. A scoping study on knowledge management (KM) needs of ASEAN stakeholders conducted

Sub-output 5.1.1.6.1. Annual publication of ARMOR as a continued platform to bridge science and decision making produced

Sub-output 5.1.2.1.8. Trainings on a greed identified a reas conducted

Sub-output 5.2.1.1.2. Practical exchange of experts between AMS in areas of preparedness and response facilitated



## OPPORTUNITIES FOR COLLABORATION

- 1. Participation of **ASEAN Strategic Policy on Disaster Management (SPDDM)** in **August 2024**. The theme this year: "It Takes a Village: Localisation and Inclusive Approaches to Enhance Disaster Resilience". The dialogue aims to invoke discussion and emphasis on the importance of tapping on the local community to enhance disaster resilience in the region.
- 2. Participation of Senior Executive Programme in Disaster Management (SEPDM) in November 2024. The SEPDM 2024 will comprise of the following distinct anchor themes: (i) Disaster and Crisis Leadership, (ii) Research, Technology, and Innovation for Disaster Management, and (iii) Emerging Trends in Disaster Management.
- 3. Participation of the 5<sup>th</sup> ASEAN Joint Disaster Response Plan (AJDRP) in 2025. This plan is intended to elucidate the working arrangements of all ASEAN mechanisms in anticipating a disaster situation and to strengthen engagement with other sectors and stakeholders as part of the overall response of ASEAN to a large-scale disaster in the region.



























**THANK YOU** 

